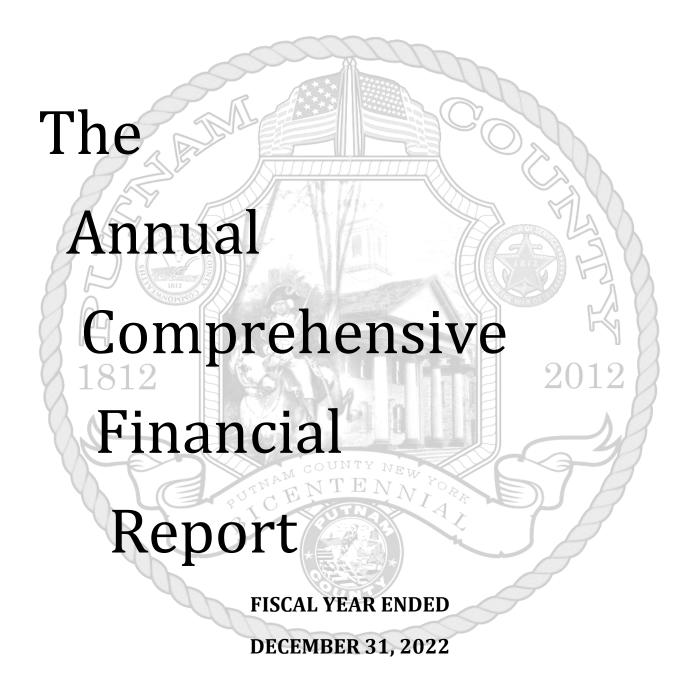


Annual
Comprehensive
Financial
Report



Fiscal Year Ended: December 31, 2022



KEVIN M. BYRNE - County Executive

MICHAEL LEWIS - Commissioner

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

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STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of the County's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information reveals about the County's overall financial health.

This section includes the following schedules

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Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

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FEDERAL AWARDS

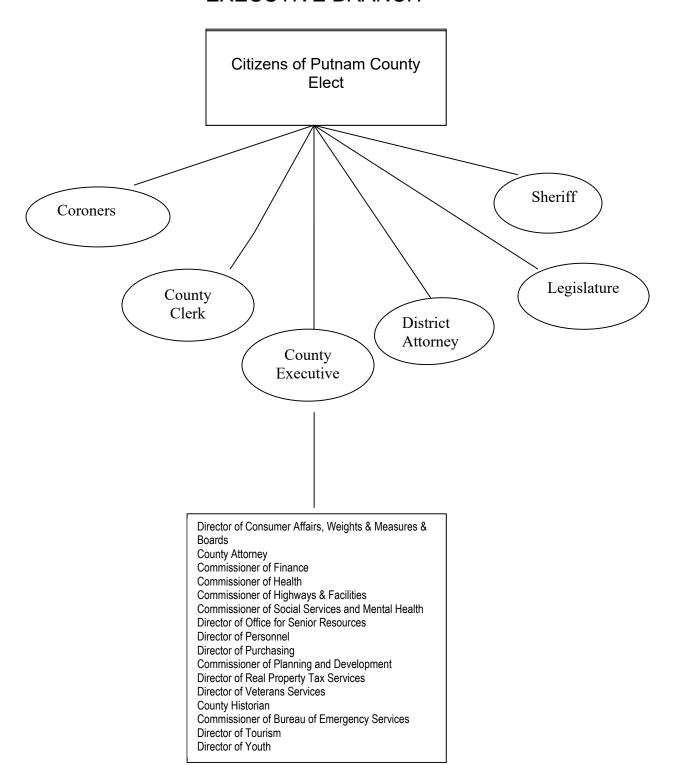
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

COUNTY OF PUTNAM, NEW YORK PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

<u>OFFICE</u>	OFFICE HOLDER	TERM EXPIRES
County Executive	Kevin M. Byrne	12/31/26
County Legislators		
District #1	Nancy Montgomery	12/31/24
District #2	William Gouldman	12/31/23
District #3	Toni E. Addonizio	12/31/23
District #4	Ginny Nacerino	12/31/24
District #5	Greg E. Ellner	12/31/25
District #6	Paul Jonke (Chairperson)	12/31/25
District #7	Joseph Castellano	12/31/24
District #8	Amy Sayegh	12/31/23
District #9	Erin L.Crowley	12/31/25
County Clerk	Michael C. Bartolotti	12/31/26
District Attorney	Robert V. Tendy, ESQ	12/31/23
Sheriff	Kevin McConville	12/31/25
County Attorney	C. Compton Spain, ESQ.	12/31/26
Commissioner of Finance	Michael J. Lewis	12/31/26

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART OF PUTNAM COUNTY EXECUTIVE BRANCH



MICHAEL J. LEWIS Commissioner Of Finance



SHEILA BARRETT Deputy Commissioner Of Finance

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

August 14, 2023

To The Honorable County Executive and County Legislature of the County of Putnam, New York:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR") for the County of Putnam, New York for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, is herewith submitted. New York State requires the County to submit an annual report of the financial records and transactions presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. This ACFR is issued pursuant to that requirement.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the County's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient, reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

40 GLENEIDA AVENUE ~ CARMEL NEW YORK 10512 ~ Tel (845) 808-1075 ~ Fax (845) 808-1910

Management asserts that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The County's financial statements have been audited by PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering unmodified opinions that the County's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

In addition, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") requires the County's management to provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"). This letter of transmittal complements the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A is included in the financial section of this ACFR immediately following the independent auditor's report.

This report has also been prepared and organized to meet the requirements of the Government Finance Officers Association's Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting program. In accordance with its guidelines, the report is presented as four major sections: Introductory Section, Financial Section, Statistical Section and Federal Awards Section.

The independent audit of the basic financial statements of the County was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of Federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the

independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the basic financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of Federal awards. These reports are included in the Federal Awards Section of this ACFR.

PROFILE OF THE COUNTY

Putnam County, established in 1812, is located approximately 56 miles north of New York City and encompasses a land area of 246 square miles. The County is bordered by the County of Dutchess on the north, the County of Westchester on the south, the State of Connecticut on the east and the Hudson River on the west. Within the County are six towns (Carmel, Kent, Patterson, Philipstown, Putnam Valley and Southeast) and three villages (Brewster, Cold Spring and Nelsonville).

Putnam County is principally residential in character and combines suburban and rural settings. A wide range of housing arrangements including country estates, one-family homes, apartment units, condominiums and seasonal dwellings are available in the County. There are 116 lakes and ponds and 8 miles of Hudson River shoreline, which provide recreational activities including boating, swimming, and fishing. Businesses located in Putnam County are primarily mercantile in nature with some light manufacturing.

Putnam County is located 56 miles north of New York City with Metro North trains departing at ½ and 1-hour intervals to Grand Central Station. The County is also located conveniently to several airports – 25 miles to Stewart Airport: 25 miles to Westchester County Airport and 45 miles to LaGuardia Airport.

The County operates under a Charter form of government that provides for separate, independent executive and legislative functions with an elected County Executive and a 9-person County Legislature. This current form of Government was

adopted to the provisions of Local Law No. 1 of 1977 and became effective on January 1, 1979.

The County Executive, elected from the County at large in an even numbered year for a term of four years, not to exceed 2 four-year terms, is the Chief Executive Officer responsible for the administration of all County affairs and also acts as the County's Budget Officer.

The County Legislature is the legislative, appropriating and policy determining body of the County. The nine members represent legislative districts of approximately equal population. Members are elected to serve three-year staggered terms and are term limited to 4 three-year terms. The current membership of the County Legislature is included on the list of Principal Officials. Duties of the Legislature include review and adoption of the County's annual budget; approval of budgetary modifications during the year; and authorization by resolution for the issuance of debt by the County. Legislative committees have been organized to oversee various aspects of County government. These committees are advisory in nature and formal actions must be approved by a vote of the Legislature as a whole.

The Chief Fiscal Officer of the County is the Commissioner of Finance, who is appointed by the County Executive and confirmed by the County Legislature. The Commissioner of Finance is responsible for the administration of the financial affairs of the County. Duties of this position include tax collection, financial accounting and reporting, payroll and accounts payable disbursements functions, cash and investment management, debt management, and preparing financial statements.

Other elected officials include the County Clerk, District Attorney, Sheriff and three County Coroners, who serve four-year terms.

Offices in the Executive Department include the Division of Planning and Development as well the departments of Bureau of Emergency Services, Finance and

Real Property, Health, Highways and Facilities, Historian, Law, Mental Health, Office for Senior Resources, Personnel, Probation, Purchasing, Social Services, Tourism, Weights and Measures and Consumer Affairs, Veterans, and the Youth Bureau. All department heads are appointed by the County Executive, and most are subject to approval by the County Legislature.

The County provides a full range of services to its residents, some of which include:

- Public safety and judiciary services including criminal justice, district attorney, corrections, and probation programs.
- Transportation services, which include maintenance of 116 miles of County roads and the operation of the Putnam Area Rapid Transit ("PART") system.
- Economic Opportunity and Development programs including Social Services programs, Office for Senior Resources, Veterans' assistance, Tourism, Planning and Employment and Training services.
- Health services through the County Health and Mental Health Departments.
- Parks and recreation services including 11.85 miles of bikeways after the completion of .92 miles from Putnam Avenue to North Main in the Village of Brewster; a golf course, parks, and numerous trails.
- The County also provides general administrative support to all departments and is guarantor of towns, villages, and school district taxes

This report includes all the funds of the County. It includes all County organizations and activities for which the County is financially accountable. The County has considered all potential component units based on criteria set forth in the Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 61, including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, the Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation ("PTASC") is included in the financial statements as a blended component unit.

The County also maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual budget approved by the County Legislature. During the month of June, the various County departments are given notice to prepare their budgets. These preliminary budgets are due no later than August 15th or by a date set by the Commissioner of Finance and include the estimated revenues and expenditures for the following fiscal year. Budget meetings are scheduled with each department to occur during the months of August and September.

The County Executive prepares and submits a tentative budget for the ensuing year to the Clerk of the Legislature on or before October 1st of each year. Such budget includes an estimate of the expenditures needed to provide County services as well as the sources of revenue expected to fund these expenditures.

Within five days of submitting the tentative budget, the County Executive and Commissioner of Finance review the budget with the Budget and Finance Committee ("Committee") of the County Legislature. The Committee subsequently holds a public hearing on the tentative budget to obtain comments from the public. The Committee files a report, which includes its recommendations, to the full Legislature on or before October 20th.

A second public hearing before all members of the County Legislature is held no later than October 25th. Taxpayers are given the opportunity to express their views on the proposed budget; however, the County is not required to submit the budget to the taxpayers for their approval. After this hearing and prior to October 28th, the Legislature meets to consider and adopt the budget. According to the County Charter, the County Executive may veto all line items changed by the Legislature except for those items pertaining to the Legislature's own budget. An override of an Executive veto requires 2/3 majority vote of the County Legislature. The budget process is completed, and the final budget adopted by November 15th.

Beginning with the fiscal year ending December 31, 2011, the County was required to implement GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. These financial statements are issued in full compliance with these standards.

For the year ended December 31, 2013, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities". These financial statements are issued in full compliance with these standards.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the County implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions". These financial statements are issued in full compliance with these standards.

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, the County implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 77, "*Tax Abatement Disclosures*." These financial statements are issued in full compliance with these standards.

For fiscal year ending December 31, 2018, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions" ("OPEB"). This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for OPEB by establishing standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and expenses/expenditures. This statement supersedes the provisions of GASB Statement No. 45 "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." As a result, the net position on the government-wide financial statement for the primary government reflected a cumulative effect of change in the accounting principle in the amount of (\$54,005,595). Additional information can be found in Note 3F, in the notes of the financial statements

For fiscal year ending December 31, 2019, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities". The objective of this statement is to improve

guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported.

For fiscal year ending December 31, 2022, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 87 "Leases". The objective of this statement is to establish a single model for lease accounting based on the concept that leases are a financing of a "right-to-use" underlying asset. This statement requires a lessee to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset and a lessor to recognize a receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the County operates.

Local Economy

In 2022 the County's sales tax increased by \$3,706,962 over 2021. Putnam was one of 30 counties that showed a sales tax increase over 2022. Factors driving sales tax growth include inflation, the increase price of motor fuel and an increase in consumption and other sectors such as retail trade which include both in-store and online sales are various reasons for the significant increases.

The County's unemployment rate for December 2022 was 2.4% compared to 5.3% a year ago. New York State ended 2022 with 4.3% unemployment rate as compared to the National rate of 3.5%. Single family home sales decreased from 1,607 in 2021 to 1,227 in 2022. A decrease of 30.9%. The median sale price of a single-family home increased from \$440,000 to \$489,500 an increase of 11.3% Home foreclosure fillings initiated in Putnam County increased from 43 in 2021 to 112 in 2022 due to a moratorium placed on residential foreclosure by New York State legislation

until August 31, 2021. The actual foreclosure judgments issued in 2022 was 45 compared to 27 in 2021.

The County' net taxable assessments increased from \$13,969,988,270 in 2021 to \$13,972,251,311 in 2022, an increase of .0162%.

The New York State Property tax cap law provides that the tax levy increase is capped at 2% or the rate of inflation, whichever is less. In 2022, the County adopted a budget increasing the tax levy by 2.47%, based on the tax cap calculation.

According to the Bureau of Economic Analysis ("BEA") statistics, Putnam County had a per capita personal income ("PCPI") of \$78,754 in 2021. This PCPI ranked 5th in the state and was 102.5% of the state average of \$76,837 and 122.8% of the national average of \$64,143. The 2021 PCPI reflected an increase on 6.2% from 2020.

Putnam County has a median household income of \$111,617 (2021) which is more than the State's median income of \$75,157 (2021) and national median household income of \$69,021 (2021). This is an increase of 4% from 2020 which was \$107,246.

The Census 2022 population was estimated to be 97,936. The County's population for 2021 was 97,936 ranking it 29th in the state.

The following major initiatives were commenced or were in progress during calendar year 2022 by the various departments and agencies of the Putnam County government:

Tax Cap: For the twelfth consecutive year, the County has adopted a budget for the current year (2023) that was within the tax cap limit.

Short Term Borrowing: For the eighth year in a row the County did not issue a Tax Anticipation Note for cash flow purposes.

Shared Services: The County currently deploys 10 School Resource Officers in which are specially trained Sheriff's Deputies in addition to 2 Youth Bureau Sergeants and 12 Special Patrol Officers to our schools. They not only help keep the school secure but provide the students with information and education.

Long-Term Financial Planning

Long-Term Planning and Infrastructure Funding: Through its Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO), New York Metropolitan Transportation Council (NYMTC), the New York State Capital Highway Program (CHIPS) Putnam County actively pursues planning and infrastructure funding from these and all other available resources.

Peekskill Hollow Rd: The ongoing project consists of rehabilitation of pavement and shoulders, with some realignment of Peekskill Hollow Road and related full-depth reconstruction. The 4.0 km long roadway is being rehabilitated using milling and overlay or cold-in-place recycling with two 3.3 m wide travel lanes and 1.2 m wide shoulders. The roadside drainage and guide railing systems are being improved as part of the reconstruction. The bridge carrying Oscawana Lake Road (BIN 3345680) over Peekskill Hollow Creek is being rehabilitated to address structural deficiencies and to accommodate the proposed roadway improvements. The bridge carrying Peekskill Hollow Road (BIN 3345650) over Peekskill Hollow Creek is also being rehabilitated (full deck and superstructure replacement) as part of this project. Additional work includes replacement of the Lover's Lane culvert on Peekskill Hollow Road with a 4-sided precast box structure.

Drewville Rd: The ongoing bridge replacement and intersection improvement project began in May. The new bridge will be both longer and wider than the existing which will allow for a larger opening beneath the bridge to accommodate higher flows. Additional width will accommodate 11' lanes and 4' shoulders, where the previous bridge had 9' lanes and 1' shoulders, bringing the roadway crossing the bridge up to current highway standards and providing a safer driving, cycling, and walking

experience. The profile of the roadway is expected to be raised slightly to help lift the bottom of the new bridge away from the high-water elevation, resulting in the reconstruction of the adjacent intersections with Cherry Hill Road and Seminary Hill Road.

Sprout Brook Rd: The project will replace the existing 27' single span steel multi girder bridge with a new 28' single span 3-sided pre-cast concrete ridged frame structure on the same roadway alignment. The new structure will consist of two 10' wide travel lanes with two 5' shoulders. The proposed structure will be set on a radial alignment to better align with the stream to reduce scour and abrasion potential to the structure.

Capital Improvements: The County maintains a Charter-required six-year Capital Improvement Schedule that serves as a planning document to ensure that its facilities, equipment, and infrastructure are well maintained and operating in peak condition. Under the guidance of the Capital Projects Committee, this process gives the County the ability to plan for its capital needs and allocate short and long-term resources accordingly. Currently, the County is engaged in construction projects such as the Peekskill Hollow Road, Drewville Road Bridge and will soon be awarding a contract for the Sprout Brook Road Bridge reconstruction projects using Federal, State, and County funds.

American Rescue Plan Act: On January 6, 2022, the U.S. Department of Treasury issued its Final Rule, effective April 1, 2022, regarding funds received pursuant to the American Rescue Plan Act ("ARPA"). The County has received year to date, both tranches for a total amount of \$19,097,507. The previous Administration and Legislature fully allocated ARPA funding pursuant to Resolutions #133-135 dated July 5, 2022. Since that time, the County has executed contracts, purchases orders, and expended funds to complete these projects.

Relevant Financial Policies

The County operates under a host of comprehensive financial policies. The County maintains an investment policy which emphasizes a conservative financial approach based upon New York State Law. Available funds are invested in certificates of deposits, money market accounts, savings accounts, U.S. Treasury obligations and municipal cooperative investments authorized under New York State General Municipal Law. Interest increased significantly by \$1,053,524. This was a result of the County taking advantage of the Federal Reserve raising interest rates several times throughout 2022 to keep up with the current inflationary cycle. As of February 1, 2023, the Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) voted to raise the Federal Fund rate to a range of between 4.50% and 4.75%, placing the Federal Reserve's benchmark interest rate at its highest level in over 15 years. This has been a dramatic and aggressive increase to the almost 0% back in March of 2020 when the Coronavirus pandemic started. The County will continue to invest in short- and long-term investments based on the competitive market interest rates.

The County prepares its budgets, capital improvement plans and forecasts with various financials policies in mind and operates in compliance with the policies. The County does not foresee any issues with its ability to comply with the current policies in the implementations of its near- and long-term initiatives.

The County maintains a procurement policy in accordance with New York State General Municipal Law and adopted by the Legislature. This policy outlines all bidding and procurement procedures that County departments must adhere to when purchasing goods and services. The Department of Purchasing is responsible for the administration of this policy.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

GFOA - Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. The County has received this prestigious award thirty of the last thirty-two years. The Certificate of Achievement, a national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements

I would like to thank all the personnel in the Finance Department along with the account clerks and fiscal managers throughout the County. They are a very competent group of professionals dedicated to their work and the long-term fiscal condition of the County. I would like to thank all County departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to compile this report. I want to thank all the accounting staff, as well as our independent auditors PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP, who assisted in its preparation. I would also like to thank the County Executive and the members of the County Legislature

for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the County in a responsible and forward-looking manner.

Respectively Submitted,

Michael J. Lewis,

Commissioner of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Putnam New York

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



FINANCIAL SECTION



Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Legislature of the County of Putnam, New York

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Putnam, New York ("County") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Policy

We draw attention to Note 2D in the notes to financial statements which discloses the effects of the Town's adoption of the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 87, "Leases". Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
 of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules included under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit for the year ended December 31, 2022 was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards for the year ended December 31, 2022 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended

December 31, 2022 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2022.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States the basic financial statements of the County as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated July 28, 2022, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended December 31, 2021 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2021 financial statements. The information was subjected to the audit procedures applied in the audit of the 2021 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 9, 2023 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York August 9, 2023



Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022

Introduction

As management of the County of Putnam, New York ("County"), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights for Fiscal Year 2022

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

- The County's total net position, governmental activities, and business-type activities, (assets and deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources) for fiscal year 2022 was a deficit of \$26,327,152. The net position of the governmental activities was a deficit of \$9,484,637 (including an unrestricted net position deficit of \$101,492,693, and the net position of business-type activities was a deficit of \$16,842,515.
- The total General Fund revenues and other financing sources exceeded general fund expenditures and other financing uses by \$21,879,023.
- Government Activities expenses of \$165,864,832 reported for fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, had an increase of \$2,660,864 (1.63%) from government expenses of \$163,203,968 reported for the year ended December 31, 2021.
- Net program expenses of \$102.9 million were reported for the governmental activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. This compares with \$101.2 million of net program expenses reported for fiscal year ended December 31, 2021.
- The General Fund reported an ending total fund balance of \$112,469,827, which represents an increase of \$21,879,023 from fiscal year 2021. The Capital Projects Fund reported an ending fund balance of \$15,000,387 an increase of \$5,021,812 from fiscal year 2021.
- The County continues to maintain a Aa1 bond rating from Moody's Investors Services.
- The County's total outstanding bonds payable, exclusive of the business-type activities, on December 31, 2022, were \$45,158,000. During fiscal year 2022, the County retired \$5,520,300 of general obligation debt. The County did not issue any general obligation bonds during 2022. The County also has not issued a Tax Anticipation Note for cash flow purposes since 2015.
- For the year ending December 31, 2015, the County implemented the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions". This pronouncement established new accounting and financial reporting requirements associated with the County's participation in the cost sharing multiple employer pension plans administered by the New York State and Local Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS"). Under the new standards, cost sharing employers are required to report in their government-wide financial statements a net

position liability (asset), pension expense and pension-related deferred inflows and outflows of resources based on their proportionate share of the collective amounts for all municipalities and school districts in the plan. On December 31, 2022, the County reported in its Statement of Net Position an asset of \$18,442,994 for its proportionate share of the ERS net pension assets. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2022, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a computation of the actuarially determined indexed present value of future compensation by employer relative to the total of all participating members. On March 31, 2022, the County's proportion was 0.2256138%, which was a decrease of 0.0267093% from its proportion measured as of March 31, 2021.

More detailed information about the County's pension plan reporting in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, including amounts reported as pension expense and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, is presented in the notes to financial statements.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner like private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all the County's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes, earned but unused vacation leave, OPEB and net pension liabilities).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are governmental activities (those principally supported by taxes and revenues from other governments) and functions of the County that are business-type activities (those that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges). The governmental activities of the County include general government support, education, public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and interest. The business-type activities of the County consist entirely of the Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first three pages of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, use fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the governmental-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains seven individual governmental funds: General, Capital Projects, County Road, Road Machinery, Transportation, Special Purpose, and Debt Service Funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General and Capital Projects Funds, both of which are considered major funds. Data for the other five governmental funds, which are considered non-major governmental funds, is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual information on each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining and individual fund schedules and statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts annual budgets for the General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds, and the Debt Service Fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the major fund, the General Fund, within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the respective budgets.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses an enterprise fund to account for the operations of the Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation, a blended component unit. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its self-insured workers' compensation benefits (the Workers' Compensation Benefits Fund), and its casualty reserve set aside to be used for a specific purpose in accordance with Sections 6N and 6J of the General Municipal Law (the Casualty Reserve Fund). These services have been classified as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements because they predominantly benefit governmental, rather than business-type, functions.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide information for the Putnam County Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation, which is a major fund of the County. Both internal service funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining and individual fund schedules and statements elsewhere in this report.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the County. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the activities of the County. The County maintains one type of fiduciary fund known as the Custodial Fund. The Custodial Fund reports resources, not in trust, that are held by the County for other parties outside of the County's reporting entity and, in the case of the County, primarily to account for real property taxes collected for other governments.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements are located following the basic financial statements section of this report.

Other Information

Additional statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to the financial statements. These include the required supplementary information schedules for the County's OPEB and net pension liabilities, the combining statements for the non-major governmental funds and schedules of budget to actual comparisons.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As indicated previously, net position and changes to net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. In the case of the County, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, the County's assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources equaled (\$26,327,152), inclusive of the business-type activities.

The largest component of the County's net position for governmental activities is its investment in capital assets, (e.g., land, buildings and facilities, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding amounted to \$87,425,200. The County uses these assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A summary of the County's government-wide net position on December 31, 2022, and 2021 is as follows:

		Governmental Activities				Busine Acti	, ,		Total			
		2022	_	2021		2022		2021		2022		2021
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$	219,336,345 124,818,718	\$	160,304,668 115,195,806	\$	2,451,934 -	\$	2,382,635	\$	221,788,279 124,818,718	\$	162,687,303 115,195,806
Total Assets		344,155,063	_	275,500,474	_	2,451,934	_	2,382,635		346,606,997		277,883,109
Deferred Outflows of Resources		92,145,935		101,842,567	_	602,372		693,029	_	92,748,307	_	102,535,596
Current Liabilities		34,306,868		27,199,974		65,062		67,146		34,371,930		27,267,120
Long-term Liabilities	_	335,462,345	_	322,224,815	_	19,831,759		19,912,801	_	355,294,104		342,137,616
Total Liabilities		369,769,213		349,424,789		19,896,821		19,979,947		389,666,034	_	369,404,736
Deferred inflows of Resources		76,016,422	_	73,514,246	_	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		76,016,422		73,514,246
NET POSITION Net investment in												
capital assets		87,425,200		69,747,477		-		-		87,425,200		69,747,477
Restricted		4,582,856		6,590,759		-		-		4,582,856		6,590,759
Unrestricted		(101,492,693)	_	(121,934,230)	_	(16,842,515)		(16,904,283)	_	(118,335,208)	_	(138,838,513)
Total Net Position	\$	(9,484,637)	\$	(45,595,994)	\$	(16,842,515)	\$	(16,904,283)	\$	(26,327,152)	\$	(62,500,277)

A portion of the County's net position is restricted net position totaling \$4,582,856 on December 31, 2022. This amount represents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The restrictions are as follows:

Casualty Reserve Benefits	\$ 1,475,035
Workers' Compensation Benefits	651,305
Law Enforcement	558,213
Health	20,308
Driving while intoxicated program	18,771
Grants and Obligations	1,196,035
Debt Service	165,662
Special Revenue Funds - Trust	<u>497,527</u>
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 4.582.856

There was a net decrease of \$2,007,903 in restricted net position reported in connection with the County's governmental activities compared to prior years.

Grants and Obligations decreased by \$2,002,358 mainly due to the spending down of an ELC-Reopening School grant for the Health Department (\$1,829,251). Special Revenue Funds (Trust) decreased by \$23,854 due to use of the Lobdell Funds. Debt Service decreased by \$22,257 due to the refunding of various bonds. This was offset by an increase of \$20,308 in the Sheriff's Drug Enforcement Reserve and \$13,270 in the Casualty Reserve Benefits. These factors combined for most of the change in the County's restricted position.

The remaining portion of net position, unrestricted net position, is a negative \$118,335,208 with a deficit of \$101,492,693 reported in governmental activities and a deficit of \$16,842,515 reported in business-type activities. The governmental activities deficit does not mean that the County does not have resources available to meet its obligations in the ensuing year. Rather, it is partly the result of having long-term commitments, including claims payable (\$4,307,437); compensated absences (\$4,979,404), and other postemployment benefit obligations payable ("OPEB") (\$271,027,438). Additional information on all these long-term liabilities can be found in Note 3G, in the notes to the financial statements.

The activities of the Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization ("PTASC") are reflected as a business-type blended component unit. The County has no obligation for the debt of PTASC. The business-type activity reflected a deficit balance of \$16,842,515. This represents a decrease in the deficit of \$61,768.

Change in Net Position

Operating Grants and 29,971,614 - - 33,357,880 29,971,614 - - 33,357,880 29,971,614 - - 13,844,520 15,008,390 - - 13,844,520 15,008,390 - - 13,844,520 15,008,390 - - 13,844,520 15,008,390 - - - 13,844,520 15,008,390 -	
REVENUES Program Revenues Charges for Services \$ 15,704,509 \$ 16,998,036 \$ 1,294,075 \$ 1,219,723 \$ 16,998,584 \$ 18,200 Operating Grants and Contributions 33,357,880 29,971,614 33,357,880 29,871,614 Capital Grants and Contributions 13,844,520 15,008,390 13,844,520 15,008,390	
REVENUES Program Revenues Charges for Services \$ 15,704,509 \$ 16,998,036 \$ 1,294,075 \$ 1,219,723 \$ 16,998,584 \$ 18,200 Operating Grants and Contributions 33,357,880 29,971,614 33,357,880 29,871,614 Capital Grants and Contributions 13,844,520 15,008,390 13,844,520 15,008,390	
Charges for Services \$ 15,704,509 \$ 16,998,036 \$ 1,294,075 \$ 1,219,723 \$ 16,998,584 \$ 18,500 Operating Grants and Contributions 33,357,880 29,971,614 - - 33,357,880 29,971,614 - - 33,357,880 29,971,614 - - 13,844,520 15,008,390 - - - 13,844,520 15,008,390 - - - 13,844,520 15,008,390 - - - 13,844,520 15,008,390 -	
Charges for Services \$ 15,704,509 \$ 16,998,036 \$ 1,294,075 \$ 1,219,723 \$ 16,998,584 \$ 18,500 Operating Grants and Contributions 33,357,880 29,971,614 - - 33,357,880 29,971,614 - - 33,357,880 29,971,614 - - 13,844,520 15,008,390 - - - 13,844,520 15,008,390 - - - 13,844,520 15,008,390 - - - 13,844,520 15,008,390 -	
Operating Grants and Contributions 33,357,880 29,971,614 - - 33,357,880 29,971,614 Capital Grants and Contributions 13,844,520 15,008,390 - - 13,844,520 15,008,390	17,759
Capital Grants and Contributions 13,844,520 15,008,390 - - 13,844,520 15,008,390	
Contributions 13,844,520 15,008,390 13,844,520 15,008,390	71,614
	08,390
General Revenues	
Real Property Taxes 45,879,692 43,848,387 45,879,692 43,848,387 - 45,879,692 - 4	48,387
Other Tax Items 5,390,190 4,849,033 5,390,190 4,6	49,033
Non-Property Taxes 83,550,054 79,874,243 83,550,054 79,874,243	74,243
Unrestricted Use of	
Money and Property 1,223,652 125,615 19,411 69 1,243,063	25,684
Sale of Property and	
Compensation for loss 189,595 450,993 189,595	50,993
Opiod Settlement 2,005,089 2,005,089	-
Miscellaneous 831,008 1,205,995 831,008 1,	05,995
Total Revenues 201,976,189 192,332,306 1,313,486 1,219,792 203,289,675 193,5	52,098
PROGRAM EXPENSES	
	45,529
	71,247
	03,787
	34,635
	15,999
	07,436
	15,762
	12,947
·	96,626
Putnam Tobacco Asset	
Securitization Corp 1,251,718 1,262,596 1,251,718 1,	62,596
Total Expenses 165,864,832 163,203,968 1,251,718 1,262,596 167,116,550 164,4	66,564
Observation New Providers 20 444 257 20 400 200 24 700 400 200 400 200 400 200	05 504
Change in Net Position 36,111,357 29,128,338 61,768 (42,804) 36,173,125 29,0	85,534
Net Position - Beginning (45,595,994) (74,724,332) (16,904,283) (16,861,479) (62,500,277) (91,500)	85,811)
Net Position - Ending \$ (9,484,637) \$ (45,595,994) \$ (16,842,515) \$ (16,904,283) \$ (26,327,152) \$ (62,432,152) \$	00,277)

Governmental activities

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$201,976,189. Tax revenues of \$134,819,936 comprised of real property taxes, other tax items and non-property taxes, represent the largest revenue source (67%). Program Revenues totaled \$62,906,909 (32%) and other general revenues totaled \$4,249,344 (1.0%). The \$9,643,883 increase in total governmental activities revenues from the prior year is the result of a combination of the following factors:

- Real property taxes had a net increase of \$2,031,305 in 2022, the County used approximately \$1.1 million from the CARES Act monies and \$200,000 of fund balance in lieu of raising property taxes in the Transportation Fund. In 2022, without the CARES Act funding, the county would have had to rely on property taxes. The balance was a result of the 2.47% increase in the property levy over 2021.
- Other tax Items which include interest and penalties on real property taxes; and payments in lieu of taxes increased by \$541,157 mainly due to the Interest and penalties increasing by \$530,587 as more people entered payment plans.
- Non-property taxes which include sales tax; automobile use tax and E911 surcharge increased by \$3,675,811 primarily due to sales tax growth.
- Unrestricted use of money and property and miscellaneous increased by \$1,098,037 mainly due to the Federal Reserve aggressively raising interest rates seven times in 2022, from .25% in March to 4.50% in December.
- Charges for Services decreased by \$1,219,175. The largest decreases were seen in General Government Support, Public Safety and Economic Development and Opportunity.
- Operating Grants and Contributions increased by \$3,386,266 over 2021. Major categories included Economic Opportunity and Development (\$493,944) due to decreases in various program expenditures; Public Safety decreased by (\$419,443) due to unspent Homeland Security grants; General Government Support (\$183,827) due to the one-time receipt of Hurrell Herring Settlement that was not received in 2021; Education (\$121,063) due to an adjusting journal entry for GASB 34; Health (\$64,606) mainly due to a decrease in Public Health Emergency Preparedness (PHEP) funds for COVID-19; Culture and Recreation (\$15,350). This was offset by increases in Transportation of \$820,251 due to an additional \$627,512 received in Federal CARES ACT funds and \$97,977 received in clean up funds for STOA (State Operating Assistance) and an increase in Home and Community Services of \$22,596.
- Capital Grants and Contributions decreased by \$1,163,870. Decreases were noted in the following categories: Transportation (\$5,199,635) due to several consolidated highway projects including Culvert replacement of Fairfield Drive and Route 6 Farrington Road Improvement Project. Public Safety (\$908,227) due to continued work on the county wide communication system; Economic Opportunity and Development (\$718,969) due to a Community Capital Assistance Grant for the Construction of the Cold Spring (Butterfield) Senior Center and OSR Campus Renovations with a NYS SAM Grant; Culture and Recreation (\$659,267) due to an increase in events held at both the Golf Course and Tilly's Table over 2020 due to COVID-19 and Home and Community Services (\$85,506). These were offset by a decrease in interest of \$20,400.

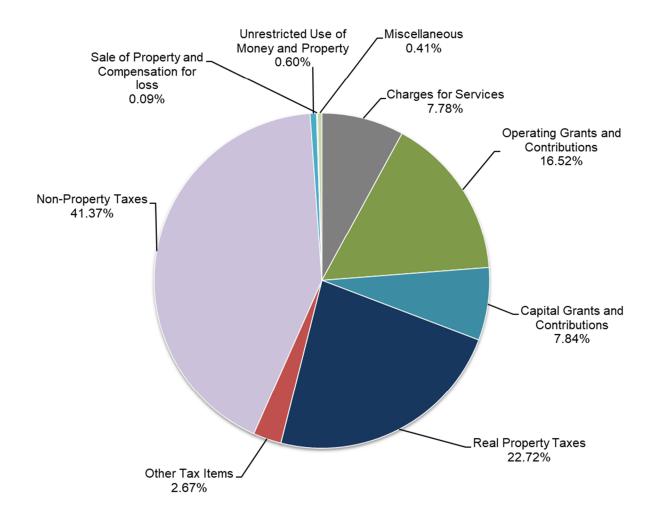
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, expenses from governmental activities totaled \$165,864,832 an increase of \$2,660,864 over 2021 or 1.63%. The largest components of governmental activities included Public Safety \$43,918,619 (26.48%); Economic Opportunity \$33,289,812 (20.08%) and General Government Support \$30,954,017 (18.66%). Expenses increased primarily because of a combination of the following factors:

- Transportation which includes County Road, Road Maintenance and Transportation had a net increase of \$1,653,276 due to GASB Statements Nos. 34 and 68 adjusting entries. Prior to these entries, the County Road, Road Machinery, and the Transportation funds had an increase of \$269,368. Due to an active winter season in 2022, the County's snow and ice removal overtime was up as well as the use of calcium chloride compared to the 2021 snow season. Total overtime hours in 2022 were 3,681 compared to 3.373 in 2021. In 2022, the County ordered 11,974 tons of chloride compared to 8,486 tons in 2021. In addition, during 2022, the price per ton went up from \$66/ton to \$74/ton.
- Economic Opportunity increased by \$1,282,376 mainly due to GASB Statements Nos 34 and 68 adjusting entries. In addition, the major increase was the Medicaid Local Share with an increase of \$246,925 as weekly shares went from \$133,052 in 2021 to \$161,226 then to \$142,389 in 2022.
- Culture and Recreation increased by \$763,900 mainly due to increased expenses at the Golf Course (\$241,118) which was offset by an increase in revenues and personnel costs for the Parks Department (\$158,491) due to a reallocation of staff.
- Education which includes the 3-5 Special Needs Program and Community Colleges increased by \$719,509 The Center-based program had an additional eight (8) children in 2022 which increased the total expenses by \$385,745. Itinerant Services increased by \$181,571 due to increases in the rate and more services being provided. Community College Tuition costs went up by \$88,246. This was primarily due to mandated increases based on NYS approved chargeback rates.
- Health which includes Public Health, Mental Health and Early Intervention increased by \$528,828.
 In addition to various GASB entries, \$169,304 was due to the spending down of various grants for PHEP and ELC.
- General Government Support (GGS) are those services provided by the governmental entity for the benefit of the public or the governmental body increased by \$208,488 due to GASB adjusting entries. Prior to the entries, GGS had a net decrease of \$542,632 mainly due to savings in various personnel lines due to vacancies and related fringe costs.
- These were offset by decreases in:
 - Public Safety (\$2,085,168) mainly due to adjusting journal entries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34 and GASB Statement No. 68 as well as savings in various personnel lines, overtime, and fringes.
 - Home and Community Services (\$292,511) due to the recording of GASB Statement No 75
 OPEB payables to record OPEB Payable
 - Debt Service Interest Expenses (\$117,024) due to a GASB Statement No. 34 entry to record the adjustment for accrued interest on bonds.

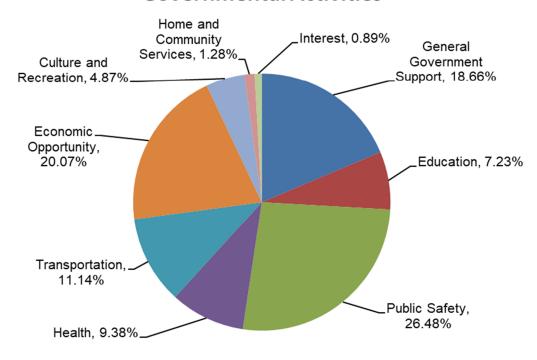
Business-type activities

Business-type activities net position increased the County's total net position by \$61,768 mainly due to an increase in Tobacco Settlement revenues and interest earnings due to economic conditions.

Revenues Governmental Activities



Expenditures Governmental Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Unassigned *fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as it represents the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the County itself, or an individual that has been delegated the authority to assign resources for use for purposes by the County Legislature.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$135.3 million, an increase of \$29.1 million in comparison with the prior year. Of the total fund balance amount, \$6.2 million is in non-spendable form (prepaid items, leases and long-term receivables). The remaining \$129.0 million of fund balance is in spendable form as follows: \$17.5 million is restricted to specific uses by laws or regulations, debt covenants, grantors, contributors and/or enabling legislation; \$40.2 million has been assigned by the Legislature or Finance for purchases on orders, subsequent year's expenditures, retirement future capital projects, tax stabilization, 6N insurance, postemployment state aid, leaving \$71.4 million unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion.

The **General Fund** is the County's primary operating fund, and the majority of the County's programs and activities are supported by this fund.

At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance of the General Fund was \$112.5 million, an increase of \$22 million (24.15%) from the prior fiscal year. This increase is due, in part, to an increase in Sales Tax of \$3.7 million from the prior year, Interest earnings increased from the prior year by \$1.1 million, Educational State Aid increased by \$2.7 million and General Federal Aid increased by \$1.7 million from American Rescue Plan Act ("ARPA") funds. Of the \$112.5 million total fund balance, \$6 million is in non-spendable form (prepaid items, leases and long-term receivables). The remaining \$106.5 million of fund balance is allocated as follows: \$1.8 million is restricted and includes reserves for DWI, Public Safety, Health and grants and obligations. \$33.1 million has been assigned and includes \$2.3 million assigned by the Legislature for subsequent year's expenditures as part of the 2023 adopted budget; \$5.8 million assigned for Insurance; \$2.7 million for retirement; \$5.0 million for tax stabilization; \$1.6 million for encumbrances, \$5.0 million for postemployment, \$5.0 million for State aid and \$5.7 million for capital projects. The remaining \$71 million represents unassigned fund balance.

The general fund's unassigned fund balance of \$71,541,790 represents 63% of the total General Fund balance of \$112,585,767. Two useful measures of liquidity are the percentage of unassigned fund balance to total expenditures and total fund balance to total expenditures. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund showed a healthy 49% unassigned fund balance as compared to total expenditures and other financing uses, while total fund balance represents 77% of that same amount.

When the fiscal 2022 budget was adopted, it anticipated the use of \$2.9 million of general fund balance. However, actual results of operations resulted in an increase of \$21,879,023 to fund balance. After accounting for specific reserves and \$2.3 million of fund balance appropriated to balance the 2023 budget, the unassigned general fund balance increased from \$65.6 million in 2021 to \$71 million in 2022.

The **County Road Fund's** total fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year was \$2,767,638, an increase of \$792,094 from the previous year.

The **Road Machinery Fund's** total fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year was \$760,537, an increase of \$154,477 from 2021.

The **Capital Projects Fund** is used to account for capital project activity throughout the County. The Capital Projects Fund ending fund balance was \$15,000,387 for fiscal year 2022. This represents an increase of \$5,021,812 due to the revenue recognition of American Rescue Plan Act monies set forth by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The **Transportation Fund** reported a fund balance of \$3,595,550 an increase of \$1,301,054 over 2021. This was mainly due to CARES ACT funds received from the Federal government for COVID-19.

The **Debt Service Fund** reported a fund balance of \$165,662 on December 31, 2022, a decrease of \$22,257 resulting from a planned use of fund balance.

The **Causality Reserve Benefits Fund** reported a fund balance of \$1,475,035 an increase of \$13,270. This increase is due to interest earned for 2022.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund had an original budget for revenues and other financing sources of \$146,609,303 and a final budget of \$156,780,988 a difference of \$10,171,685 primarily because of the following factors:

- Federal Aid increased by \$6,236,378 mainly due to the following factors:
 - \$284,329 in various Social Services programs Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF - \$130,266)) and Home Energy Assistance Program (HEAP- \$1,434,017); \$435,161 in Emergency Management Assistance and various other programs; \$460,000 in various

Transportation Grants; \$655,423 in various Homeland Security Grants. Major variances in Federal Aid were \$1,690,641 for the American Rescue Plan Act (offset by an increase in expenses) and \$2,625,748 in Public Health, of which, \$2,121,238 was for the Emergency Preparedness grant which enables school districts in the County to establish COVID-19 screen testing programs to support and maintain in-person learning (including public, private, BOCES, and charter schools as applicable) and the balance was for various grants received (Fellowship and Vaccine Response grants).

- State Aid was up by \$1,677,320 mainly due to increases in Veteran's for a Peer 2 Peer grant (\$443,679); Social Services Administration (\$375,616): various Mental Health programs (\$298,511) (\$317,343) for a Criminal Justice Grant and various other programs; a grant for Environmental Conservation (\$100,000); and Public Health (\$84,361);
- Use of Money and Property increased by \$965,487 due to the Federal Reserve aggressively raising interest rates in 2022.
- An increase of \$802,201 was due to Miscellaneous revenues including Refund of Prior Years Expenditures; Gifts and Donations; Other; and Retiree Health Insurance.

The difference between the original budget (\$150,573,710) for expenditures and other financing uses and the final budget (\$168,159,256) was \$17,585,546.

- Other Financing Uses increased by \$9,244,807. This included \$8,754,992 for the Capital Projects fund; \$210,00 for Transportation; \$163,315 for Debt Service and \$116,500 for Road Machinery.
- Health had an overall increase of \$3,476,001 mainly due to funding received for the Public Health Emergency Preparedness Program (PHEP) for COVID-19 related expenses. This was offset by an increase in revenues.
- Public Safety increased by \$1,673,023. In the Sheriff's Department, \$209,804 was due to Homeland Security Grants; and \$237,965 was due to encumbrance and grant rollovers from 2021. The Bureau of Emergency Services increased by \$891,702. This included \$436,206 for 2021 encumbrances and grant rollovers and \$310,000 in Homeland Security grants. A total of \$249,415 was from contingency of which \$131,000 was for the purchase of tasers and cameras for the Sheriff's Department and \$118,415 was for overtime expenses for the Bureau of Emergency Services.
- Economic Opportunity and Development increased by \$1,336,389. Of this amount, \$263,210 was in DSS admin and included \$105,993 in rollover grants and encumbrances from 2021; \$100,000 for NYS Rental Supplemental Program; and various other one-time allocations. \$384,413nwas for various DSS programs. The Veterans Department received \$370,000 in funding for the Peer 2 Peer program and had a \$119,928 grant rollover from 2021.
- Culture and Recreation saw an increase of \$727,072. The Golf Course and Tilly's Table increased by \$578,125 and was offset by an increase in revenues due to increased events held at both the golf course and Tilly's Table. Youth Bureau increased by \$130,806 which included funding for the Putnam County Teen and Safe Driving program \$99,161 and \$19,116 for additional funding from the Office of Children and Family Services.
- Home and Community Services increased by \$508,397 mainly due to additional funding of \$460,000 received by the Planning Department for UPWP

- General Government Support increased by \$385,090. This included \$195,000 for Special Services
 for the DA's office and \$164,000 for Court Appointed Legal Defense of Indigents 18B due to an
 increase in cases and the complexity of those cases.
- Employee Benefits increased by \$179,891 mainly due to an increase in the number of retirees.
- Transportation increased by \$102,767 due to an increase in the CPI of 6.789% for the Railroad Station Maintenance costs.

The actual total revenues and other financing sources for December 31, 2022, was \$167,217,173 which was \$10,436,185 more than the final budget due to the following:

- Non-Property Taxes which include sales tax had a positive variance of \$17,405,054 due to record levels of additional sales tax received.
- Miscellaneous (\$158,704); Use of Money (\$114,357); Sale of Property (\$109,891); Licenses and Permits (\$94,900); Fines and Forfeitures (\$31,095); and Other Tax Items (\$1,390) all had positive variances.

These positive variances were offset by decreases in revenue in the following areas:

- Federal Aid had a total negative variance of \$3,299,182. Health had a variance of \$1,817,989 due to not spending the entire PHEP funding for 2022. Economics, Opportunity, and Development had a variance of \$372,411 due to the unspent TANF funds (\$244,718) and CARES ACT funding (\$148,376). Transportation (\$493,328) due to not spending the entire UPWP grant; Public Safety's (\$367,511) variance was due to not spending down the Homeland Security grants and \$342,304 for various grants including Emergency Management Assistance for \$211,200. These variances were offset by positive variances in Miscellaneous (\$158,704) and Home and Community Services (\$155,962).
- State Aid had a total negative variance of \$2,225,866. Of this amount, \$1,065,469 was in Economics, Opportunity, and Development due to underspending in the following Social Services programs -Daycare (\$507,233); Social Services Admin (\$495,954); TANF (\$214,581); Safety Net (\$142,525). The Veteran's Service Agency's variance of \$213,069 was due to not spending the entire Peer 2 Peer grant. Health, which includes Public Health, Mental Health and Early Intervention had a variance totaling \$538,462. Mental Health Services had a variance of \$747,955 due to a decrease in services while Public Health had a positive variance of \$205,861 due to an increase in services. Early Intervention had a minor positive variance of \$3,632. The Preschool 3-5 Program for Special Needs had a variance of \$251,014 due to a decrease in services. General Government Support had a total variance of \$197,291 due to underspending in the following arears: Criminal Justice Grant (\$33,154); Legal Aid (\$37,5420); Records Management (\$49,650); and Miscellaneous (\$76,945). Public Safety had a variance of \$121,238 mainly due to the underspending of various grants (\$101,162). Home and Community Services had variances in Planning of \$20,000 and Environmental Conservation \$60,000.
- Departmental Revenues had a negative variance of \$968,178 mainly due to Contributions from Schools – DSS (479,189); Motor Vehicle Fees (\$254,432); and STOP DWI Contributions (\$245,596).
- Real Property Taxes variance was \$985,980 due to property tax levy increase of 2.47% over the 2021 fiscal year.

Actual General Fund expenditures and Other Financing Uses was \$145,338,150, which was \$22,821,106 less than the final budget of \$168,159,256.

The major areas where spending was less than final budget was Economic Opportunity and Development (\$8.61 million); Public Safety (\$5.34 million); General Government Support (\$3.42 million); Health (\$3.31 million); Home and Community Services (1.06 million); Culture and Recreation (\$887 thousand); Education (\$146 thousand); and Employee Benefits – undistributed (\$32 thousand). Areas where expenditures were less than budgeted included:

- \$7,005,570 in various Social Services programs including County's Medicaid Local Share (\$1,548,823); Aid to Dependent children (\$1,285,287); Social Services Administration (\$1,190,372); Child Care (\$1,138,226); Safety Net (\$568,338); Purchase of Services (\$560,560); and Day Care (\$468,016). These programs also had decreases in revenues.
- \$1,207,579 in various Office for Senior Resources programs including Nutrition (\$373,637); Title III (\$314,120); In-Home Service Program (\$209,299); SNAP (\$135,653); Community Service for Elderly (\$134,484); and RSYP (\$40,386). These programs also had decreases in revenues.
- Veterans had a variance of \$261,132 due to underspending the Peer 2 Peer grant in 2022.
- The Sheriff and Jail along with the Bureau of Emergency services under Public Safety, had a combined decrease over final budget of \$5,340,297. Included in this decrease was \$1,816,598 for personnel and fringes due to vacancies and retirements and \$1,260,649 for the underspending of various accounts for the Sheriff. The Bureau of Emergency Service underspent their budget by \$951,632 which included \$368,141 for unspent Homeland Security grant funds; \$181,292 for personnel related costs due to vacancies and retirements; and \$127,964 for radio communications.
- Major variances in General Government Support (\$3,420,180) included Personnel and fringe related costs (\$1,358,164) resulting from various vacant positions; \$840,158 due to the underspending of various expense accounts; General Contingencies (\$295,251); Taxes and Assessments on County Owned Property (\$266,167). \$132,671 in various equipment lines. The remaining variances were from a multitude of accounts across the board as the economy was slow to reopen, thus creating these savings.
- The variances in Health included \$2,226,931 in Public Health; \$967,838 in Mental Health and \$120,572 in Early Intervention. The variance in Public Health included unspent grants for Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity (ELC) COVID-19 Grant Funding for school districts and various other COVID-19 related grants. Various programs within Mental Health including Elliot House (\$403,582); MH LGU-SPOA (\$153,339); Mental Health Administration (\$152,800); and Clinic (\$91,027) all had negative variances due to a decrease in usage. The Early Intervention Programs variance of \$120,572 was also a result of less usage.
- Home and Community Services showed a total variance \$1,065,696. Planning had a decrease of \$881,493 due mainly to unspent UPWP grants in 2022. Soil and Water had a variance of \$87,178, of which \$60,000 was for an unspent Performance Measure Mini Grant and the balance was for the underspending of various contractual lines. The remainder of the variance was in SPCA (\$50,120) and Recycling (\$46,905).
- Culture and Recreation showed a variance of \$887,316 for 2022. Variances included Parks and Recreation Admin (\$278,127) which was due to unspent contract funds; Highway Parks and Recreations (\$262,233) due to vacant positions and related fringe costs; Youth Bureau (\$163,342) mainly from vacant positions; and Recreation for the Elderly (\$119,205) due to unsent contract funds because of COVID-19.

• Education which includes the 3-5 Program for Special needs had a decrease of \$129,980 over final budget due to a decrease in Itinerant Services provide (\$86,449) and Chargeback Gasoline (10,944).

The County typically realizes various expenditure savings throughout the year due to its very conservative budgeting practices and its use of a vacancy control account to monitor and control personnel costs.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2022, amounts to \$115,195,806 (net of accumulated depreciation), an increase of \$7,272,000. This reflects the County's investment in all its capital assets including land, building and improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction-in-progress.

Capital Assets

	 (Net of De (in thou Governmen	epreciation) ousands) ental Activities			
	 2022	2021			
Land	\$ 6,618	\$	6,618		
Buildings and Improvements	38,332		38,073		
Machinery and Equipment	6,214		5,741		
Infrastructure	43,037		33,815		
Right-to-use Buildings and Improvements	852		901		
Right-to-use Machinery and Equipment	319		395		
Right-to-use Infrastructure	963		1,054		
Construction-in-Progress	28,483		30,949		
Total (Net of Depreciation)	\$ 124,818	\$	117,546		

Major capital activities during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The purchase of various vehicles and equipment totaling \$2,412,369.
- Various Construction in Progress works totaling \$10,485,759.
- Numerous projects for infrastructure including bikeways were completed this year for a total cost of \$14,985,177.
- Improvement of several County facilities at a cost of \$3,163,975.
- Depreciation expense of \$5,762,235 charged against infrastructure.
- Depreciation expense of \$2,905,007 charged against buildings and improvements.
- Depreciation expense of \$1,939,480 charged against machinery and equipment.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 3D of this report.

Long-Term debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total debt outstanding of \$66,778,424 inclusive of the Tobacco Securitization Corporation. As required by New York State Law, all bonds issued by the County are general obligation bonds backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

Outstanding Debt General Obligations Bonds (in thousands)

	G	Governmental Activities				
		2022		2021		
Tatal managed ablimation bounds	Φ.	45.450	Φ.	F0 070		
Total general obligation bonds	\$	45,158	\$	50,678		

Through sound financial management and manageable debt levels, the County has been successful in maintaining its high-grade rating for its general obligation bonds. The County had enjoyed a very favorable bond rating of Aa2 for over ten years. In 2007 the County was downgraded to Aa3 by Moody's "based upon deterioration of the County's cash position and fund balance following two consecutive years of operating deficits". However, in April 2010, the County was upgraded to Aa2 because of Moody's recalibration of all municipal ratings and was upgraded to Aa1 in September 2020.

The State Constitution limits the amount of indebtedness, both long-term and short-term, which the County may incur. The State Constitution provides that the County may not contract indebtedness in an amount greater than seven percent of the average full value of taxable real property in the County for the most recent five years. Certain indebtedness is excluded in ascertaining the County's authority to contract indebtedness within the constitutional limits; accordingly, debt of this kind, commonly referred to as "excluded debt," may be issued without regard to the constitutional limits and without affecting the County's authority to issue debt subject to the limit. On December 31, 2022, the County of Putnam had used \$49,082,100 or 4.82% of the constitutional debt limit leaving \$969,364,891 remaining to be used.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 3F of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

According to the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics, the unemployment rate for Putnam County in April 2022 was 2.2%, down from 2.7% in April 2021. The County's unemployment rate compared favorably to the State-wide rate of 3.9%.

Labor Department data also indicated that the number of people employed in the County increased by than 2% from 48,961 in 2021 to 50,033 in 2022.

Data compiled by the U.S. Census Bureau shows that the wealth indicators for County residents generally compare favorably to State and national indicators.

The County's estimated median household income for 2021 was \$111,617 an increase of 4.08% from \$107,246 in 2020. New York State's median household income was \$75,157. The median income for the nation was \$69,021.

The net taxable assessed value of real property in Putnam County increased from \$13,969,988,270 in 2021 to \$13,972,251,311 in 2022, an increase of 3.0%.

The median sales price of a single-family home increased from \$440,000 in 2021 to \$489,500 in 2022 a 11.3% increase. The number of Single-family houses sold in 2022 was 1,277 compared to 1,607 units sold in 2021, a decrease of 20.5%. Home foreclosure filings initiated in Putnam County increased from 43

in 2021 to 112 in 2022 due to a moratorium placed on residential foreclosure by New York State legislation until August 31, 2021. The actual foreclosure judgments issued in 2022 was 45 compared to 27 in 2021.

Rising Medicaid costs because of the phase out removal of enhanced Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (e-FMAP), Early Intervention/Preschool Programs, health insurance costs, sharp increases in pension costs, and State budget cutbacks will all continue to have a profound effect on the County's future budgets.

The budget will adhere to the requirements of the Property Tax Levy Limit ("Tax Cap") law enacted in 2011.

All these factors were taken into consideration in developing the fiscal 2023 budget.

The County has appropriated \$2,283,691 of the fund balance of the general fund for spending in the 2023 fiscal year. The 2022 County budget increased the real property tax levy by \$1,126,369 for a total tax levy of \$46,687,781 or 2.47% keeping within the real property tax cap authorized by the State of New York.

Additional information on this law can be found in Note 2B in the notes to financial statements.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in those finances. Questions and comments concerning any of the information provided in this report should be addressed to Michael J. Lewis, Commissioner of Finance, Putnam County 40 Gleneida Avenue, Carmel, New York 10512, telephone (845) 808-1075, or visit the County's web site at www.putnamcountyny.gov.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 59,324,191	\$ 69,348	\$ 59,393,539
Restricted cash	729,681	Ψ 05,540	729,681
Investments	67,957,457	-	67,957,457
Receivables			
Taxes, net	19,809,032	-	19,809,032
Accounts State and Federal aid	12,425,070	1,160,000	13,585,070
Due from other governments	24,923,222 1,157,291	-	24,923,222 1,157,291
Leases	1,772,247	-	1,772,247
Prepaid expenses	2,104,363	8,173	2,112,536
Restricted cash and equivalents	, , , <u>-</u>	975	975
Restricted investments	-	1,213,438	1,213,438
Due from fiduciary fund	10,690,797	-	10,690,797
Net pension asset	18,442,994	-	18,442,994
Capital assets	35,100,363		35,100,363
Not being depreciated Being depreciated, net	89,718,355		89,718,355
Total Assets	344,155,063	2,451,934	346,606,997
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred charge on refunding bonds	1,735,740	602,372	2,338,112
Pension related OPEB related	39,149,788 51,260,407	-	39,149,788 51,260,407
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	92,145,935	602,372	92,748,307
LIABILITIES	0.000.007		0.000.007
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	6,338,667	- 65.062	6,338,667
Unearned revenues	1,797,254 25,137,682	65,062	1,862,316 25,137,682
Accrued interest payable	487,810	-	487,810
Deposits payable	364,000	_	364,000
Employee tax deductions	181,455	-	181,455
Non-current liabilities			
Due within one year	8,023,479	300,000	8,323,479
Due in more than one year	327,438,866	19,531,759	346,970,625
Total Liabilities	369,769,213	19,896,821	389,666,034
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4.050.005		4 050 005
Lease related	1,656,307	-	1,656,307
Pension related OPEB related	63,966,304 10,393,811	-	63,966,304 10,393,811
		<u></u>	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources NET POSITION	76,016,422	<u>-</u> _	76,016,422
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for	87,425,200	-	87,425,200
Casualty reserve benefits	1,475,035	-	1,475,035
Workers' compensation benefits	651,305	-	651,305
Law enforcement	558,213	-	558,213
Health	20,308	-	20,308
Driving while intoxicated program Grants and obligations	18,771 1,196,035	-	18,771 1,196,035
Debt service	165,662	-	165,662
Special Revenue Funds	,502		,
Trusts			
Health	412,867	-	412,867
Public safety Transportation	69,977	-	69,977
Transportation Unrestricted	14,683 (101,492,693)	(16,842,515)	14,683 (118,335,208)
Total Net Position	\$ (9,484,637)	\$ (16,842,515)	\$ (26,327,152)

Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2022

				Pro	gram Revenues	;	
					Operating		Capital
		(Charges for		Grants and		Grants and
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services	(Contributions	(Contributions
Governmental activities	_		_		_		_
General government support	\$ 30,954,017	\$	5,757,977	\$	3,228,056	\$	-
Education	11,990,756		-		4,224,847		-
Public safety	43,918,619		3,612,088		1,138,550		3,168,214
Health	15,563,463		760,318		8,346,478		-
Transportation	18,469,275		1,056,241		2,457,269		8,741,817
Economic opportunity and							
development	33,289,812		1,419,639		13,115,206		-
Culture and recreation	8,078,852		3,048,461		325,058		1,410,020
Home and community services	2,120,436		49,785		522,416		273,835
Interest	 1,479,602						250,634
Total Governmental							
Activities	165,864,832		15,704,509		33,357,880		13,844,520
Business-type activities							
Putnam Tobacco Asset							
Securitization Corporation	 1,251,718		1,294,075				-
Total	\$ 167,116,550	\$	16,998,584	\$	33,357,880	\$	13,844,520

General revenues

Real property taxes

Other tax items

Interest and penalties on real property taxes

Payments in lieu of taxes

Non-property taxes

Sales taxes

Automobile use tax

Emergency telephone system surcharge

Unrestricted use of money and property

Sale of property and compensation for loss

Opioid Settlement

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

NET POSITION

Beginning

Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental Business-type Activities Activities Total \$ (21,967,984) \$ \$ (21,967,984)(7,765,909)(7,765,909)(35,999,767)(35,999,767)(6,456,667)(6,456,667)(6,213,948)(6,213,948)(18,754,967)(18,754,967)(3,295,313)(3,295,313)(1,274,400)(1,274,400)(1,228,968)(1,228,968)(102,957,923)(102,957,923)42,357 42,357 (102,957,923)42,357 (102,915,566)45,879,692 45,879,692 5,326,305 5,326,305 63,885 63,885 82,377,329 82,377,329 698,295 698,295 474,430 474,430 1,223,652 19,411 1,243,063 189,595 189,595 2,005,089 2,005,089 831,008 831,008 139,069,280 19,411 139,088,691 36,111,357 61,768 36,173,125 (45,595,994)(16,904,283)(62,500,277)

\$

(9,484,637)

(26,327,152)

\$

(16,842,515)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

	General		Capital Projects	Non-Major overnmental	(Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 47,113,916	\$	6,340,543	\$ 497,827	\$	53,952,286
Restricted cash	 		729,681	 		729,681
Investments	 67,957,457	_		 	_	67,957,457
Taxes receivable, net	 19,809,032	_		 	_	19,809,032
Other receivables Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other governments Due from other funds Due from fiduciary fund Leases	12,404,198 15,981,113 1,157,291 - 10,690,797 1,772,247		20,854 7,775,762 - 4,002,052	18 1,166,347 - 6,608,552 -	_	12,425,070 24,923,222 1,157,291 10,610,604 10,690,797 1,772,247
	 42,005,646		11,798,668	 7,774,917		61,579,231
Prepaid expenditures	 2,011,851			 92,512		2,104,363
Total Assets	\$ 178,897,902	\$	18,868,892	\$ 8,365,256	\$	206,132,050
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 4,850,827 1,734,700	\$	972,052 -	\$ 515,788 62,554	\$	6,338,667 1,797,254
Unearned revenues Due to other funds Deposits payable Employee tax deductions	 22,290,801 11,622,904 364,000 181,455		2,846,881 49,572 - -	 - - - -		25,137,682 11,672,476 364,000 181,455
Total Liabilities	41,044,687		3,868,505	578,342		45,491,534
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred tax revenues Unavailable revenues Lease related Opioid related	18,862,819 2,859,173 1,656,307 2,005,089		- - -	 - - -	_	18,862,819 2,859,173 1,656,307 2,005,089
Total Deferred inflow of resources	25,383,388			 		25,383,388
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	 66,428,075		3,868,505	 578,342		70,874,922
Fund balances Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	 6,127,791 1,793,327 33,122,859 71,425,850		15,000,387 - -	 92,512 663,189 7,031,213		6,220,303 17,456,903 40,154,072 71,425,850
Total Fund Balances	 112,469,827	_	15,000,387	7,786,914	_	135,257,128
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 178,897,902	\$	18,868,892	\$ 8,365,256	\$	206,132,050

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities December 31, 2022

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because	
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 135,257,128
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	
Capital assets - non-depreciable	35,100,363
Capital assets - depreciable/amortizable	258,598,999
Accumulated depreciation/amortization	(168,880,644)
Difference is the control of the con	124,818,718
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes and net differences between projected and actual earnings and contributions	
subsequent to the measurement date for the postretirement benefits (pension	
and OPEB) are recognized as deferred outflows of resources and deferred	
inflows of resources on the statement of net position.	
Deferred outflows - pension related	39,149,788
Deferred outflows - OPEB related	51,260,407
Deferred inflows - pension related	(63,966,304)
Deferred inflows - OPEB related	(10,393,811)
	16,050,080
Other long-term assets that are not available to pay for current period expenditures	
and, therefore, are either deferred or not reported in the funds.	
Net pension asset	18,442,994
Real property taxes	18,862,819
Unavailable revenues	2,859,173
Opioid related	2,005,089
	42,170,075
Internal service funds are used by management to charge	
insurance and dental benefits to individual funds.	
The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included	
in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	2,126,340
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current	
period and are not reported in the funds.	
Accrued interest payable	(487,810)
General obligation bonds payable	(45,158,000)
Energy performance contract payable	(3,811,873)
Installment purchase debt payable Leases payable	(816,998)
Compensated absences	(2,169,848) (4,979,404)
Total OPEB liability	(271,027,438)
Postclosure care costs	(1,018,421)
	(1,010,421)
Covernmental funds report the effect of promiting discounts and refundings and	(329,469,792)
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and refundings and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and	
amortized in the statement of activities.	
Deferred amount on refunding	1,735,740
Premium on general obligation bonds	(2,172,926)
	(437,186)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (9,484,637)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2022

	General	Capital Projects	Non-Major Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Non-property taxes Departmental income Intergovernmental charges Use of money and property Licenses and permits	\$ 30,620,334 5,390,190 83,550,054 12,098,187 - 1,780,232 999,600	\$ - - - - -	\$ 15,081,467 - 158,679 898,920 250,634	\$ 45,701,801 5,390,190 83,550,054 12,256,866 898,920 2,030,866 999,600
Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and compensation for loss	125,420 189,595	-	-	125,420 189,595
Interfund revenues State aid Federal aid Miscellaneous	20,221,644 10,346,931 1,894,986	6,569,003 6,751,048 273,835	634,764 1,089,593 1,023,938 13,324	634,764 27,880,240 18,121,917 2,182,145
Total Revenues	167,217,173	13,593,886	19,151,319	199,962,378
EXPENDITURES Current				
General government support Education Public safety Health Transportation Economic opportunity and development Culture and recreation Home and community services	26,549,089 11,891,287 36,971,819 13,905,530 1,543,043 30,521,966 6,475,356 1,847,333	- - - - - -	147 28,208 9,889,546 -	26,549,089 11,891,287 36,971,966 13,933,738 11,432,589 30,521,966 6,475,356 1,847,333
Employee benefits Undistributed Debt service Principal	6,007,920	-	- 5,907,109	6,007,920 5,907,109
Interest Capital outlay	-	- 18,688,830	1,664,182 -	1,664,182 18,688,830
Total Expenditures	135,713,343	18,688,830	17,489,192	171,891,365
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	31,503,830	(5,094,944)	1,662,127	28,071,013
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Financed Purchase Debt Issued Leases Issued Transfers in Transfers out	- (9,624,807)	868,086 163,250 9,134,992 (49,572)	- - 539,387 	868,086 163,250 9,674,379 (9,674,379)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(9,624,807)	10,116,756	539,387	1,031,336
Net Change in Fund Balances	21,879,023	5,021,812	2,201,514	29,102,349
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year	90,590,804	9,978,575	5,585,400	106,154,779
End of Year	\$ 112,469,827	\$ 15,000,387	\$ 7,786,914	\$ 135,257,128

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2022

Teal Elided December 31, 2022	
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because	
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 29,102,349
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense.	
Capital outlay expenditures	18,258,496
Depreciation/amortization expense	(10,986,243)
Depreciation/amortization expense	 (10,960,243)
	7,272,253
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	,,
Real property taxes	177,891
State and Federal aid	429,980
Opioid related	2,005,089
Opiola related	 2,003,009
	2,612,960
Proceeds from the issuance of bonds and leases provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized on the statement of activities.	, , , , , ,
	(000,000)
Installment purchase debt issued	(868,086)
Leases issued	(163,250)
Principal paid on general obligation bonds	5,520,300
Principal paid on energy performance contract	186,897
Principal paid on installment purchase debt	199,912
Principal paid on leases	 344,061
	 5,219,834
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Accrued interest	44,560
Changes in pension liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	6,601,558
Compensated absences	826,820
Changes in OPEB liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	(15,748,384)
Postclosure care costs	2,313
Amortization of loss on refunding bonds and issuance premium	163,824
Amortization of 1000 on fordinging boride and 100danos promium	 100,021
	(8,109,309)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk to	
individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds are reported within	
governmental activities.	13,270
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 36,111,357

General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Non-property taxes Departmental income Use of money and property Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and	\$ 31,606,314 5,263,800 66,145,000 12,736,270 700,388 904,700 94,325	\$ 31,606,314 5,388,800 66,145,000 13,066,365 1,665,875 904,700 94,325	\$ 30,620,334 5,390,190 83,550,054 12,098,187 1,780,232 999,600 125,420	\$ (985,980) 1,390 17,405,054 (968,178) 114,357 94,900 31,095
compensation for loss State aid Federal aid Miscellaneous	44,500 20,770,190 7,409,735 934,081	79,704 22,447,510 13,646,113 1,736,282	189,595 20,221,644 10,346,931 1,894,986	109,891 (2,225,866) (3,299,182) 158,704
Total Revenues	146,609,303	156,780,988	167,217,173	10,436,185
EXPENDITURES Current General government support Education Public safety Health Transportation Economic opportunity and development Culture and recreation Home and community services Employee benefits Undistributed	29,584,179 12,085,422 40,639,093 13,747,114 1,440,276 37,796,683 6,635,600 2,404,632 5,860,711	29,969,269 12,037,531 42,312,116 17,223,115 1,543,043 39,133,072 7,362,672 2,913,029 6,040,602	26,549,089 11,891,287 36,971,819 13,905,530 1,543,043 30,521,966 6,475,356 1,847,333 6,007,920	3,420,180 146,244 5,340,297 3,317,585 - 8,611,106 887,316 1,065,696
Total Expenditures	150,193,710	158,534,449	135,713,343	22,821,106
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(3,584,407)	(1,753,461)	31,503,830	33,257,291
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	_	_	_	_
Transfers out	(380,000)	(9,624,807)	(9,624,807)	
Total Other Financing Uses	(380,000)	(9,624,807)	(9,624,807)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,964,407)	(11,378,268)	21,879,023	33,257,291
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	3,964,407	11,378,268	90,590,804	79,212,536
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 112,469,827	\$ 112,469,827

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2022

	Business -type Activities Enterprise Fund Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation	
ASSETS Current assets Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Due from other funds	\$ 69,348 1,160,000 8,173	\$ 5,371,905 - - 1,061,872
Total Current Assets	1,237,521	6,433,777
Noncurrent assets Restricted cash and equivalents Restricted investments	975 1,213,438	
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,214,413	
Total Assets	2,451,934	6,433,777
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred loss on refunding bonds	602,372	
Current liabilities Accrued liabilities Current portion of claims payable Current maturities of bonds payable	65,062 - 300,000	431,000
Total Current Liabilities	365,062	431,000
Noncurrent liabilities Claims payable, less current portion Bonds payable, less current maturities	- 19,531,759	3,876,437
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	19,531,759	3,876,437
Total Liabilities	19,896,821	4,307,437
NET POSITION Restricted for Workers' compensation benefits Casualty reserve benefits Unrestricted	(16,842,515)	651,305 1,475,035
Total Net Position	\$ (16,842,515)	\$ 2,126,340

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Business -type Activities Enterprise Fund			0		
	Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation		Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds			
OPERATING REVENUES Tobacco settlement revenues Charges for services	\$	1,294,075 -	\$	- 971,158		
Total Operating Revenues		1,294,075		971,158		
OPERATING EXPENSES Administration Professional fees Insurance Administrative charges Employee benefits		11,071 7,866 32,000		325,142 - - - - 668,361		
Total Operating Expenses		50,937		993,503		
Income (Loss) from Operations		1,243,138		(22,345)		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest income Interest expense		19,411 (1,200,781)		35,615 -		
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		(1,181,370)		35,615		
Change in Net Position		61,768		13,270		
NET POSITION Beginning of Year		(16,904,283)		2,113,070		
End of Year	\$	(16,842,515)	\$	2,126,340		

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2022

		usiness-type Activities erprise Fund	
	Asse	nam Tobacco t Securitization Corporation	overnmental Activities ernal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from interfund services provided Cash received from miscellaneous	\$	-	\$ 1,734,236 24,645
Cash received from tobacco settlement revenues Cash payments to insurance carriers and claimants Cash payments to vendors		1,191,695 - (51,244)	 (616,018) (325,142)
Net Cash From Operating Activities		1,140,451	 817,721
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Earnings on investments		13,912	35,615
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of bonds Interest paid		(400,000) (793,250)	 - -
Net Cash From Non-Capital Financing Activities		(1,193,250)	
Net Change in Cash and Equivalents		(38,887)	853,336
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS Beginning of Year		109,210	 4,518,569
End of Year	\$	70,323	\$ 5,371,905
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION			
Cash and equivalents Restricted cash and equivalents and investments	\$	69,348 975	\$ 5,371,905 <u>-</u>
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	70,323	\$ 5,371,905
Income (loss) from operations Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to net cash from operating activities	\$	1,243,138	\$ (22,345)
Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses		(102,380) (307)	24,645
Due from other funds Claims payable		- -	 763,078 52,343
Net Cash From Operating Activities	\$	1,140,451	\$ 817,721
NONCASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES Increase in bonds payable from amortization of original issue discount	\$	25,564	\$ -
Increase in bonds payable from accreted interest on Series 2005 capital appreciation bonds		293,394	-
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources from amortization of loss on refunding bonds		90,657	-

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2022

	Custodial Fund	
ASSETS		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 2,141,386	
Real property taxes receivable for other governments	 23,187,110	
Total Assets	\$ 25,328,496	
LIABILITIES		
Deposits	\$ 1,001,084	
Due to other governments	13,636,615	
Due to other funds	 10,690,797	
Total Liabilities	\$ 25,328,496	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Custodial Fund	
ADDITIONS Real property taxes collected for other governments	\$	23,451,090
DEDUCTIONS Payments of real property taxes to other governments		23,451,090
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position		-
NET POSITION Beginning of Year		
End of Year	\$	



Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The County of Putnam, New York ("County") was established pursuant to an act of the New York State Legislature on June 12, 1812. The County operates under a Legislature/County Executive form of government in accordance with its Charter approved by the voters on November 8, 1977. The County Legislature is the legislative body responsible for overall operation. The County Executive serves as the chief executive officer and the Commissioner of Finance serves as the chief financial officer. The County provides the following services to its residents: education, public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and general and administrative support.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The County's significant accounting policies are described below:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, which is the County, b) organizations for which the County is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the County, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the County's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, the following entity is included in the financial statements as a blended component unit.

The Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation ("PTASC") is a not-for-profit local development corporation organized pursuant to Section 1411 of the Not-For-Profit Corporation Law of the State of New York. The sole member of the PTASC is the County Executive of Putnam County, New York. That member shall appoint the Board of Directors of the PTASC. The Board of Directors have complete responsibility for management of the PTASC and accountability for fiscal matters. The County is not liable for any deficits or PTASC bonds or notes. Based on the guidance provided by Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Technical Bulletin No. 2004-1, "Tobacco Settlement Recognition and Financial Reporting Entity Issues", as amended and/or superseded by GASB Statement No. 48, "Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues", the PTASC is reported as a blended component unit of the County in its financial statements. The guidance provided for prospective, rather than retrospective treatment, of the intra-entity sale of future revenues. The original sale of the PTASC's future revenue stream was consummated several years prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 48, and no additional sale of future revenues has occurred since that time. The revenue from the sale was recognized at that time based on existing guidance. Therefore, there is no deferred inflow of resources to be reported for this purpose on the County's financial statements or a deferred outflow of resources to be reported on the PTASC financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used. Governmental activities, which are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the County at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the County's enterprise fund. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the Enterprise Fund is tobacco settlement revenues and the principal operating expenses are professional fees and insurance. The principal operating revenues of the Internal Service Funds are charges to customers for services and operating expenses include administrative expenses and employee benefits. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the County are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances/net position, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The County maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Proprietary and Fiduciary funds are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explain the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation. The County's resources are reflected in the financial statements in three broad fund categories in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Fund Categories

a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the County's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the County in that it includes all revenues and expenditures not required by law to be accounted for in other funds.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is utilized to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned for expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The County also reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The non-major special revenue funds of the County are as follows:

County Road Fund - The County Road Fund is used to account for the maintenance and repair of County roads and bridges and snow removal costs, as defined in New York State Highway Law.

Road Machinery Fund - The Road Machinery Fund is used to account for the purchase, repair and maintenance of highway machinery, tools and equipment and for the construction, purchase and maintenance of buildings for the storage and repair of highway machinery and equipment.

Transportation Fund - The Transportation Fund is used to account for the activities of a County-wide bus system, which is funded in part under the auspices of the Urban Mass Transportation Administration and the New York State Department of Transportation.

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the County in accordance with terms of a trust agreement.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is provided to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest and for financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

- b. Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds include enterprise and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private enterprises or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability. Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that provide services to the public. Internal service funds account for operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The operations of the Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation are recorded as a major enterprise fund. The County has established its Workers' Compensation Benefits and Casualty Reserve Benefits funds as internal service funds.
- c. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> (Not included in Government-Wide Financial Statements) The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the County on behalf of others. The Custodial Fund is used to account for real property taxes collected for other governments.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the Proprietary and Fiduciary funds. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are recognized as revenues when the expenditure is made and the amounts are expected to be collected within one year of the fiscal year end. A ninety day availability period is generally used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, net pension liability, certain pension costs and claims, other postemployment benefit liability and postclosure care costs, are recognized later based on specific accounting rules applicable to each, generally when payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

Cash and Equivalents, Investments and Risk Disclosure

Cash and Equivalents - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

The County's deposits and investment policies are governed by State statutes. The County has adopted its own written investment policy which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The County is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The County has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

Investments - Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions.

The County follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application", which defines fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy organized into three levels based upon the input assumptions used in pricing assets. Level 1 inputs have the highest reliability and are related to assets with unadjusted quoted prices in active markets. Level 2 inputs relate to assets with other than quoted prices in active markets which may include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or other inputs which can be corroborated by observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are used to the extent that observable inputs do not exist.

The County participates in the Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System ("CLASS"), a cooperative investment pool, established pursuant to Articles 3A and 5G of General Municipal Law of the State of New York. CLASS has designated Public Trust Advisors, LLC as its registered investment advisor. Public Trust Advisors, LLC is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is subject to all of the rules and regulations of an investment advisor handling public funds. As such, the SEC provides regulatory oversight of CLASS.

The pool is authorized to invest in various securities issued by the United States and its agencies, obligations of the State of New York and repurchase agreements. These investments are reported at fair value. CLASS issues separately available audited financial statements with a year end of June 30th.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The County's position in the pool, \$23,491,252 is equal to the value of the pool shares. The maximum maturity for any specific investment in the portfolio is 397 days. CLASS is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's Financial Services. Local government investment cooperatives in this rating category meet the highest standards for credit quality, conservative investment policies and safety of principle. The cooperative invests in a high quality portfolio of investments legally permissible for municipalities and school districts in the State.

Additional information concerning the cooperative is presented in the annual report of CLASS, which may be obtained from Public Trust Advisors, LLC, 717 17th Street, Suite1850, Denver, CO 80202.

The County, also, participates in a joint municipal cooperative investment pool established pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 3-A that meets the definition of a 2a7-like pool as defined by GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools". The sponsoring agency of the pool is another governmental unit which, acting through its chief fiscal officer, is primarily responsible for executing the provisions of the cooperative agreement. This pool is authorized to invest in various securities issued by the United States and its agencies. The amount reported represents the amortized cost of the cooperative shares and is considered to approximate fair value. The County's position in the cooperative, \$10,854,903, is equal to the value of the pool shares. Additional information concerning the cooperative investment pool is presented in the annual report of the New York Liquid Asset Fund ("NYLAF"), which may be obtained from Bankers Trust Company, N.A., 453 7th Street, P.O. Box 897, Des Moines, IA 50304.

NYLAF is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's Financial Services. Local government investment cooperatives in this rating category meet the highest standards for credit quality, conservative investment policies and safety of principal. The cooperative invests in a high quality portfolio of investments legally permissible for municipalities and school districts pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law.

Risk Disclosure

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the government will incur losses in fair value caused by changing interest rates. The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates. Generally, the County does not invest in any long-term investment obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures- an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3", directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the County's name. The County's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at December 31, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its specific obligation even without the entity's complete failure. The County does not have a formal credit risk policy other than restrictions to obligations allowable under General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. The County's investment policy limits the amount on deposit at each of its banking institutions.

Restricted Cash - Restricted cash in the Capital Projects Fund consist of unspent proceeds held by an escrow agent from the County's Energy Performance Contract.

Taxes Receivable - The County levies property taxes for both the County and towns on January 1st, based on an enforceable lien date established November 1st. These taxes are due in March and/or July depending upon the taxpayer's election. These taxes are collected initially by the various towns, and the uncollected taxes are returned to the County on April 1st and/or August 1st depending upon the taxpayer's election to make payment either in full or in two installments. School districts taxes are levied by the school districts, with all uncollected taxes returned to the County on November 1st. Village taxes are levied by the Villages, with all uncollected taxes returned to the County on February 1st. The County guarantees the collection of town, school districts and village taxes and assumes responsibility for the ultimate collection of these receivables. Taxes receivable are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. Thus the County's fiduciary responsibility is from the date of the levy until the due date of the respective tax warrant at which time the County must satisfy its obligations regardless of the amounts collected. School districts taxes collected prior to the satisfaction of the respective warrants are considered a fiduciary activity under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities", and therefore have been accounted for within the Custodial Fund.

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the County. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures/expenses are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Leases Receivable - The County is a lessor for a noncancellable leases of real property. The County District recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and General Fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the County initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commence date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgements include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, 2) lease-term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require measurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Due From/To Other Funds and Due From/To Fiduciary Fund - During the course of its operations, the County has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of December 31, 2022, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

Inventory - There are no inventory values presented in the balance sheets of the respective funds of the County. Purchases of inventoriable items at various locations are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and year-end balances at these locations are not material.

Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method in both the government wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid expenses/expenditures consist of employee retirement and other costs which have been satisfied prior to the end of the fiscal year, but represent items which have been provided for in the subsequent year's budget and/or will benefit such periods. Reported amounts in governmental funds are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the fund financial statements, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Restricted Cash and Equivalents - The terms of the bond indenture of the Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation provide for the establishment of a liquidity reserve. The reserve has been established at the maximum annual debt service requirements in the current and any future fiscal year, assuming principal is paid in accordance with the requirements of the indenture.

The terms of the bond indenture also provide for the establishment of a trapping account. Following the occurrence of a trapping event, amounts that otherwise would have been paid on the residual certificate to the County will be deposited in the trapping account and will be restricted to pay interest, required planned structured principal payments and turbo redemption payments, in such order, to the extent collections or other available amounts are insufficient for such purposes.

Capital Assets - Capital assets are tangible and intangible assets, which include property, plant, equipment, construction-in-progress and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) and are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets (except intangible right-to-use lease assets, which are discussed in Note 3E) are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of donation. Intangible assets follow the same capitalization policies as tangible assets and are reported with tangible assets in the appropriate capital asset class.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the County chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The County was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

assets through backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and used an appropriate price level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year).

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible property, plant, equipment and infrastructure and right-to-use leased assets of the County are depreciated/amortized using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

	Life
Class	in Years
Buildings and improvements	20-50
Machinery and equipment	5-10
Infrastructure	30-50
Right-to-use Buildings and Improvements	2-10
Right-to-use Machinery and Equipment	2-7
Right-to-use Infrastructure	4-14

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental funds balance sheet.

Unearned Revenues - Unearned revenues arise, when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria has been satisfied. In the government-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of amounts received in advance and/or revenue from grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.

Unearned revenues in fund financial statements are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The County has reported unearned revenues of \$17,406,866 in American Rescue Plan Act funds received in advance in the General Fund has reported unearned revenues of \$4,883,935 for State aid and other items received in advance in the General Fund. The County has also reported unearned revenues of \$2,846,881 for water shed aid received in advance in the Capital Projects Fund. Such amounts have been deemed to be measurable but not "available" pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The County reported deferred inflows of resources of \$18,862,819 for real property taxes, unavailable revenues of \$2,859,173 and lease related of \$1,656,307 in the General Fund. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow in the period that the amounts become available.

The County reported deferred amounts on refunding bonds resulting from the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is being deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

The County has also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in relation to its pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities in the government-wide financial statement for governmental activities. These amounts are detailed in the discussion of the County's pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities in Note 3G.

Long-Term Liabilities - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Debt Service or Capital Projects funds expenditures.

Leases - The County is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment. The County recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset ("lease asset") in the government-wide financial statements. The County recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$10,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the County initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

The County uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the County generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are comprised of fixed payments and purchase option price that the County is reasonably certain to exercise. The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.

Compensated Absences - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated vacation and sick leave upon separation from service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the government-wide Statement of Net Position as current and long-term liabilities. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

Net Pension Liability (Asset) - The net pension liability (asset) represents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68".

Other Postemployment Benefit Liability ("OPEB") – In addition to providing pension benefits, the County provides health care benefits for certain retired employees and their survivors. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions".

Net Position - represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either through enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Restricted net position of the County includes restricted for casualty reserve benefits, workers' compensation benefits, law enforcement, health, driving while intoxicated program, grants and obligations, debt service, and special revenue funds.

Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Fund Balance - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables, advances) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification is used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The County Legislature is the highest level of decision making authority for the County that can, by the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the County removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the County Legislature.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts constrained either by policies of the County Legislature for amounts assigned for balancing the subsequent year's budget or the County Commissioner of Finance for amounts assigned for encumbrances. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily, in that additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all funds except the General Fund includes all remaining amounts, except for negative balances, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, any deficit fund balance is reported as unassigned.

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the County's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the County's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General,

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

County Road, Transportation and Road Machinery funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are generally reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is August 9, 2023.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The County generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) On or before October 1st, the County Executive submits to the County Legislature a tentative operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1st. The tentative budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing.
- b) The County Executive and Commissioner of Finance meet with the Budget and Finance Committee of the Legislature within five days after transmittal of the tentative budget to review the budget document.
- c) The Committee conducts a public hearing on the tentative budget to obtain taxpayer comments.
- d) A report of the Committee must be filed by October 20th, which includes the Committee's recommendations.
- e) On or before October 25th, the Legislature conducts a public hearing on the tentative budget.
- f) After the public hearing and prior to October 28th, the Legislature meets to consider and adopt the budget.
- g) All line item changes with the exception of the Legislature's own budget are subject to Executive veto and such vetoes require two thirds majority by the Legislature to override. This process is completed and the final budget is adopted by November 15th.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

- h) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for General, County Road, Road Machinery, Transportation and Debt Service funds.
- i) Budgets for General, County Road, Road Machinery, Transportation and Debt Service funds are legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. Annual budgets are not legally adopted for the Proprietary or Special Purpose funds since other means control the use of these resources (e.g., grant awards) and sometimes span a period of more than one fiscal year.
- j) The County Legislature has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. The County Auditor, who must approve all expenditures from General, County Road, Road Machinery, Transportation and Capital Projects funds, may not authorize the disbursement of funds by the Commissioner of Finance unless the necessary funds have been appropriated. All functional transfers shall be subject to the following authorization:
 - (1) Transfers less than \$5,000 may be authorized by the Commissioner of Finance.
 - (2) Transfers between \$5,000 and \$10,000 may be authorized by the County Executive.
 - (3) Transfers less than \$10,000 must be approved by the Chairperson of Audit or his/her designee.
 - (4) Transfers between \$10,000 and \$25,000 must be approved by the Audit and Administrative Committee.
 - (5) Transfers over \$25,000 shall require approval of the Legislature for transfers between functions of a fund. Management may transfer the budgeted amounts within a function of a fund without a dollar limitation.
 - (6) Amendments which increase total fund appropriations require approval by the Legislature.
- k) Appropriations in the General, County Road, Road Machinery, Transportation and Debt Service funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

B. Property Tax Limitation

The County is permitted by the Constitution of the State of New York to levy taxes for purposes other than debt service up to 1-1/2% of the five-year average full valuation of taxable real estate located within the County. In accordance with this provision, the maximum amount of the tax levy for 2022 was \$217,702,043, which exceeded the actual levy by \$171,014,262.

Chapter 97 of the New York State Laws of 2011, as amended ('Tax Levy Limitation Law") modified previous law by imposing a limit on the amount of real property taxes a local government may levy. The following is a brief summary of certain relevant provisions of the Tax Levy Limitation Law. The summary is not complete and the full text of the Tax Levy Limitation Law should be read in order to understand the details and implementations thereof.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law imposes a limitation on increases in the real property tax levy, subject to certain exceptions. The Tax Levy Limitation Law permits the County to increase its overall real property tax levy over the tax levy of the prior year by no more than the "Allowable Levy Growth Factor," which is the lesser of one and two-one hundredths or the sum of one plus the Inflation Factor; provided, however that in no case shall the levy growth factor be less than one. The "Inflation Factor" is the quotient of: (i) the average of the 20 National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

of the coming fiscal year minus the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the prior fiscal year, divided by (ii) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States with the result expressed as a decimal to four places. The County is required to calculate its tax levy limit for the upcoming year in accordance with the provision above and provide all relevant information to the New York State Comptroller prior to adopting its budget. The Tax Levy Limitation Law sets forth certain exclusions to the real property tax levy limitation of the County, including exclusions for certain portions of the expenditures for retirement system contributions and tort judgments payable by the County. The County Legislature may adopt a budget that exceeds the tax levy limit for the coming fiscal year, only if the County Legislature, a local law to override such limit for such coming fiscal year.

C. Fund Deficit

The Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation Enterprise Fund reflects a deficit at December 31, 2022 of \$16,842,515. This deficit will be reduced annually with the receipt of tobacco revenues.

D. Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle

The County implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases," for the year ended December 31, 2022, which established a single model for lease accounting based on the concept that leases are a financing of a "right-to-use" underlying asset. This statement requires a lessee to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset. As a result, the County has reported a cumulative effect of change in accounting principle of \$2,350,659 for the right-to-use leased assets and a (\$2,350,659) liability for leases payable for a net cumulative effect of \$0 to the December 31, 2021 net position of governmental activities.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Restricted Cash and Equivalents and Investments – Proprietary Fund

Restricted cash and equivalents, Enterprise Fund, at December 31, 2022 consisted of the following-

US Treasury Money Market	\$ 975
US Treasury Bills due June 2023, interest at .0454%	 1,213,438
	\$ 1,214,413

B. Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable at December 31, 2022 consisted of the following:

Returned school and village taxes	\$ 453,763	j
Tax liens	23,668,207	•
Taxes receivable - Pending	3,607,125	,
Property acquired for taxes	2,597,538	j
Allowance for uncollectible taxes	30,326,633 (10,517,601	
	\$ 19,809,032	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Returned school and village taxes have been relevied in the subsequent year as County taxes. Taxes receivable are also partially offset by deferred tax revenues of \$18,862,819, which represents an estimate of the receivable which will not be collected within the first sixty days of the subsequent year.

C. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The composition of due from/to other funds at December 31, 2022 were as follows:

Fund	Due From	Due To
General Capital Projects Non-Major Governmental Internal Service	\$ - 4,002,052 6,608,552 1,061,872	\$ 11,622,904 49,572 - -
	\$ 11,672,476	\$ 11,672,476

The composition of due from/to the fiduciary fund at December 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Due	;	Due
Fund	Fron	<u>n</u>	То
General Fiduciary	\$ 10,690	0,797 \$	- 10,690,797
	\$ 10,690	0,797 \$	10,690,797

The outstanding balances between funds results mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made. The amounts due from other funds within the Non-Major Governmental Funds is the result of these funds not having bank accounts.

D. Leases Receivable

The County leases real property. The leases range from twenty-three to one hundred eighty months and the County will receive monthly payments ranging from \$800 to \$12,500. The County recognized \$358,828 in lease revenue and \$14,919 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to these leases. As of December 31, 2022, the County's receivable for lease payments was \$1,772,247. Also, the County has a deferred inflow of resources associated with these leases that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of December 31, 2022, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$1,656,307.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

E. Capital Assets

Changes in the County's capital assets are as follows:

		Balance						
		January 1,						Balance
		2022						ecember 31,
		as restated*		Additions		Deletions		2022
Capital Assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$	6,617,653	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,617,653
Construction-in-Progress	_	30,949,005		10,485,759		12,952,054		28,482,710
Total Capital Assets, not								
being Depreciated	\$	37,566,658	\$	10,485,759	\$	12,952,054	\$	35,100,363
<u>9</u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		÷		Ť	
Capital Assets, being depreciated/amortized:								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	111,360,594	\$	3,163,975	\$	-	\$	114,524,569
Machinery and Equipment		31,922,179		2,412,389		640,408		33,694,160
Infrastructure		92,881,184		14,985,177		-		107,866,361
Right-to-use Buildings and Improvements		900,623		88,558		-		989,181
Right-to-use Machinery and Equipment		395,730		74,692		-		470,422
Right-to-use Infrastructure		1,054,306						1,054,306
Total Capital Assets, being								
Depreciated/Amortized		238,514,616		20,724,791		640,408		258,598,999
Deprediated/\timortized		200,014,010	_	20,724,731	_	040,400	_	200,000,000
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	for:							
Buildings and Improvements		73,287,601		2,905,007		_		76,192,608
Machinery and Equipment		26,180,822		1,939,480		640,408		27,479,894
Infrastructure		59,066,386		5,762,235		-		64,828,621
Right-to-use Buildings and Improvements		-		137,084		_		137,084
Right-to-use Machinery and Equipment		_		151,090		_		151,090
Right-to-use Infrastructure		_		91,347		_		91,347
•				0.,0		,	_	0.,0
Total Accumulated Depreciation/								
Amortization		158,534,809		10,986,243		640,408	_	168,880,644
Capital Assets, being								
Depreciated/Amortized, net	\$	79,979,807	\$	9,738,548	\$	_	\$	89,718,355
•	÷		÷		_		÷	
Capital Assets, net	\$	117,546,465	\$	20,224,307	\$	12,952,054	\$	124,818,718

^{*}See Note 2D.

Depreciation/Amortization expense was charged to the County's functions and programs as follows:

Governmental Activities		
General Government Support	\$	1,336,078
Education		105,692
Public Safety		1,300,680
Health		109,986
Transportation		6,118,836
Economic Opportunity and Development		602,595
Culture and Recreation		1,387,981
Home and Community Services		24,395
T. (18)	•	10 000 010
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$</u>	<u>10,986,243</u>

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

F. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued Liabilities at December 31, 2022 were as follows:

	 overnmental Activities	usiness - Type Activities	Total		
Payroll and employee benefits Other	\$ 870,481 926,773	\$ - 65,062	\$	870,481 991,835	
Total Accrued Liabilities	\$ 1,797,254	\$ 65,062	\$	1,862,316	

G. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the County's long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2022:

December 61, 2622.	Balance January 1, 2022 as restated*	January 1, New Issues 2022 and/or		Balance December 31, 2022	Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities General Obligation Bonds Payable Plus	\$ 50,678,300	\$ -	\$ 5,520,300	\$ 45,158,000	\$ 6,013,000	
Unamortized premium on bonds	2,503,847		330,921	2,172,926	330,921	
En aven. Danfannaan aa	53,182,147		5,851,221	47,330,926	6,343,921	
Energy Performance Contract Payable	3,998,770		186,897	3,811,873	192,128	
Financed Purchases Payable	148,824	868,086	199,912	816,998	209,669	
Leases payable	2,350,659	163,250	344,061	2,169,848	346,761	
Other Non-current Liabilities						
Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability	5,806,224 198,057	76,566	903,386 198,057	4,979,404	498,000	
Claims Payable Other Postemployment Benefit	4,255,094	668,361	616,018	4,307,437	431,000	
Liability Postclosure Care Costs	253,614,965 1,020,734	22,995,301	5,582,828 2,313	271,027,438 1,018,421	- 2,000	
Total Other Non-Current Liabilities	264,895,074	23,740,228	7,302,602	281,332,700	931,000	
Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 324,575,474	\$ 24,771,564	\$ 13,884,693	\$ 335,462,345	\$ 8,023,479	
Business-Type Activities General Obligation Bonds Payable	\$ 22,020,423	\$ -	\$ 399,999	\$ 21,620,424	\$ 300,000	

^{*}See Note 2D.

Governmental fund liabilities for general obligation bonds and leases are liquidated by the Debt Service Fund, which is funded by other governmental funds and property taxes. The liability for compensated absences, net pension liability, claims payable, other postemployment benefit liability

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

and postclosure care costs are liquidated by the General, County Road, Road Machinery, and Worker Compensation funds.

General Obligation Bonds Payable

General obligation bonds payable at December 31, 2022 are comprised of the following individual issues:

			Original					Amount Outstanding
	Year of		Issue	Final	Interest			December 31,
Purpose	Issue		Amount	Maturity	Rates		at i	2022
Public improvement	2010	\$	4,740,000	November, 2028	6.436 - 7.213 %	<u>_</u>	\$	2,020,000
Refunding	2013	Ψ	19,965,000	January, 2036	3.000 - 4.000	•	Ψ	13,485,000
Public improvement	2014		3,478,274	November, 2031	2.125 - 3.000			2,135,000
Refunding	2015		11,060,000	January, 2031	2.750 - 5.000			7,820,000
Public improvement	2016		2,114,575	June, 2031	2.000 - 2.250			1,435,000
Public improvement	2016		2,100,000	June, 2028	2.000 - 2.500			1,215,000
Public improvement	2017		3,333,350	June, 2028	2.000			2,090,000
Public improvement	2017		800,000	June, 2027	2.750 - 2.875			470.000
Public improvement	2018		2,033,125	June, 2030	3.000			1,540,000
Refunding	2019		3,315,000	November, 2025	2.000 - 5.000			960.000
Public improvement	2020		5,845,300	June, 2033	.7500 - 1.125			5,390,000
Refunding	2020		2,865,000	November, 2026	4.000			1,980,000
Public improvement	2021		3,058,000	June, 2032	.5000 - 2.000			3,058,000
Refunding	2021		2,485,000	November, 2025	4.000			1,560,000
Returning	2021		2,400,000	NOVEITIDEL, ZUZU	4.000		—	1,000,000
							\$	45,158,000

Interest expenditures of \$1,549,382 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the Debt Service Fund. Interest expense of \$1,344,485 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities.

Energy Performance Contract Payable

The County, during 2020, entered into a \$4,184,693 contractual agreement to install energy saving equipment and/or to upgrade existing facilities to enhance performance. The agreement provides for annual payments of \$298,823, including interest at 2.799% through April 2038. The contract further provides that the savings in energy costs resulting from this modernization will equal or exceed the payment terms. Interest expenditures of \$111,926 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the Debt Service Fund. Interest expense of \$108,439 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities. The balance due at December 31, 2022 was \$3,811,873.

Financed Purchases Payable

The County has entered into an agreement to finance the cost of purchasing certain equipment. The leases meets the criteria of a capital lease. The terms of the agreements provide for repayment in annual installments, through February 2026, including interest rates ranging from 1.34% to 2.202%. Interest expenditures of \$2,874 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the Debt Service Fund and in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities. The balance due at December 31, 2022 was \$816,998.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Leases Payable

Leases payable as of December 31, 2022 are comprised of the following individual agreements:

Purpose	Year of Issue	 Original Issue Amount		Final laturity	Amount Outstanding December 31, 2022
Buildings	2022	\$ 88,558		2025	\$ 75,415
Buildings	2016	69,980		2026	54,897
Buildings	2017	25,969		2023	2,000
Buildings	2016	804,674		2031	726,397
Vehicles	2019	117,023	117,023 2023		60,752
Equipment	2022	74,692		2028	68,745
Equipment	2020	278,707		2025	199,604
Infrastructure	2021	994,141		2035	936,475
Infrastructure	2020	60,165		2025	 45,563
					\$ 2,169,848

Interest expense of \$23,804 was recorded in the fund financial statements in the Debt Service Fund and in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities.

Payments to Maturity

The annual requirements to amortize debt outstanding as of December 31, 2022 including interest payments of \$7,772,782 are as follows:

Year Ended	Bonds				Energy Perform	manc	e Contract	Financed Purchases Payable			
December 31,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest
2023	\$	6,013,000	\$	1,331,787	\$	192,128	\$	106,694	\$	209,669 \$	11,566
2024		5,135,000		1,125,251		197,506		101,317		212,405	8,419
2025		5,320,000		952,811		203,034		95,788		215,176	5,230
2026		4,450,000		783,102		208,717		90,106		179,748	2,423
2027		4,050,000		633,311		214,559		84,264			-
2028-2032		15,595,000		1,552,558		1,166,311		327,802		-	_
2033-2037		4,595,000		266,381		1,338,932		155,180		_	_
2038		-		<u>-</u>		290,686	_	8,136		-	
	\$	45,158,000	\$	6,645,201	\$	3,811,873	\$	969,287	\$	816,998 \$	27,638
		Lea	ases			To	otal				
		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest			
2023	\$	346,761	\$	24,633	\$	6,761,558	\$	1,474,680			
2024	Ψ	291.967	Ψ	21,356	Ψ	5,836,878	Ψ	1,256,343			
2025		257.508		18,133		5,995,718		1,071,962			
2026		165.346		15.496		5,003,811		891,127			
2027		166,901		13,272		4,431,460		730,847			
2028-2032		741.973		34.909		17.503.284		1,915,269			
2033-2037		199,392		2,857		6,133,324		424,418			
2038		-	#		#	290,686		8,136			
	\$	2,169,848	\$	130,656	\$	51,956,719	\$	7,772,782			

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The above general obligation bonds are direct borrowings of the County for which its full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property within the County.

Bonds payable of the Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation ("PTASC") at December 31, 2022 are comprised of the following:

	Balance January 1, 2022	Maturities and/or Payments	D	Balance ecember 31, 2022	_	ue Within One Year
Blended Component Unit Bonds Payable	\$ 22,020,423	\$ 399,999	\$	21,620,424	\$	300,000
Less: Unamortized Original Issue						
Discount on Term Bonds	(195,433)	25,564		(169,869)		-
Unaccreted amounts on Turbo Capital Appreciation Bonds	(1,912,189)	293,393		(1,618,796)		
Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 19,912,801	\$ 718,956	\$	19,831,759	\$	300,000

PTASC issued bonds on August 25, 2005 and June 1, 2010 as follows:

\$3,400,000 of Turbo Term Bonds due June 1, 2041 with interest at 6.25% and a projected final Turbo Redemption date of June 1, 2022.* Balance due at December 31, 2022 is \$2,500,000.

\$9,165,000 of Turbo Term Bonds due June 1, 2042 with interest at 5.0% and a projected final Turbo Redemption date of June 1, 2024.* Balance due at December 31, 2022 is \$9,165,000.

\$3,325,000 of Turbo Term Bonds due June 1, 2045 with interest at 5.0% and a projected final Turbo Redemption date of June 1, 2026.* Balance due at December 31, 2022 is \$3,325,000.

\$2,507,632 (net of unaccreted amounts of \$603,363) of Turbo Capital Appreciation Bonds due June 1, 2050 with a yield of 5.875% and a projected final Turbo Redemption date of June 1, 2027.*

\$2,503,996 (net of unaccreted amounts of \$1,015,433) of Turbo Capital Appreciation Bonds due June 1, 2055 with a yield of 6.375% and a projected final Turbo Redemption date of June 1, 2029.*

^{*}Assumes Turbo Redemption payments are made based on the receipt of surplus pledged TSR's in accordance with the Global Insight Base Case Forecast of future tobacco consumption.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

A payment schedule, based upon planned structured principal maturities, is as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 10,755,000 *	\$ 496,250	\$ 11,251,250
2024	1,635,000	170,875	1,805,875
2025	1,720,000	87,000	1,807,000
2026	3,010,233	22,000	3,032,233
2027	1,789,063	-	1,789,063
2028 and thereafter	 2,711,128		2,711,128
	21,620,424	\$ 776,125	\$ 22,396,549
Unamortized Original Issue Discount on Term Bonds	(169,869)		
Unaccreted amounts on Capital			
Appreciation Bonds	(1,618,796)		
	\$ 19,831,759		

^{*} Principal payment assumes "catch up" payment is made June 1, 2023.

The required plan structured principal payments are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Amount
2023	\$ 300,000
2024	300,000
2025	400,000
2026	400,000
2027	400,000
2028 and thereafter	19,820,424
	\$ 21,620,424

Legal Debt Margin

The County is subject to legal limitations on the amount of debt that it may issue. The County's legal debt margin is 7% of the five year average full valuation of taxable real property. At December 31, 2022, the total outstanding debt applicable to the limit was \$49,082,100, which is 4.82% of the total debt limit.

Compensated Absences

County employees who are members of a labor union earn vacation leave based upon the terms of their particular collective bargaining agreement. Vacation leave is accumulated on a monthly basis up to a maximum of forty days and is payable upon termination. The maximum sick leave accumulation is 180 days. Sick leave accumulates on a monthly basis with all union employees earning twelve days per year. Accumulated sick leave lapses when employees leave the service of the County, with the exception of Deputy Sheriff's Benevolent Association employees. These

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

employees, upon retirement from the County, are entitled to a sick leave buyout at daily rates ranging from \$40 to \$100 per day, depending on the number of days accumulated. The value of compensated absences has been reflected in the government-wide financial statements.

Pension Plans

New York State and Local Retirement System

The County participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") ("System"). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund ("Fund"), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The County also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan, which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/about us/financial statements /index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The System is noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 2, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010, who generally contribute between 3% and 6% of their salary for their entire length of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the System's fiscal year ending March 31. The employer contribution rates for the plan's year ending in 2022 are as follows:

Tier/Plan	Rate
1 75l	25.2 %
2 751	23.0
3 553	30.6
3 A14	18.2
4 552	30.1
4 553	30.6
4 89PBE	22.8
4 A15	18.2
5 553	28.3
5 89PBE	19.8
5 A15	15.2
6 553	22.8
6 89PBE	14.4
6 A15	10.6

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

At December 31, 2022, the County reported the following for its proportionate share of the net pension asset for ERS:

Measurement date	March 31, 2022
Net pension asset	\$ 18,442,994
County's proportion of the net pension asset	0.2256138%
Change in proportion since the prior measurement date	(0.0267093%)

The net pension asset was measured as of March 31, 2022 and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a computation of the actuarially determined indexed present future value of future compensation by employer relative to the total of all participating members.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the County recognized its proportionate share of pension expense in the government-wide financial statements of \$800,247 for ERS. Pension expenditures of \$7,401,805 for ERS were recorded in the fund financial statements and were charged to the following funds:

<u>Fund</u>	 Amount
General	\$ 7,056,125
County Road	263,679
Road Machinery	 82,001
	\$ 7.401.805

At December 31, 2022, the County reported its proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ERS:

	_ 0	Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u> </u>	Deferred Inflows If Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	1,396,714 30,779,289	\$	1,811,617 519,367
earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate		-		60,393,079
share of contributions County contributions subsequent to the		2,035,009		1,242,241
measurement date	_	4,938,776		
	\$	39,149,788	\$	63,966,304

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

\$4,938,776 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ERS, resulting from the County's accrued contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the plan's year ended March 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ERS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended March 31,	
2023 2024 2025 2026	\$ (4,725,543) (6,748,248) (15,446,808) (2,834,693)
	\$ (29,755,292)

The total pension liability for the ERS measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation date as noted below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to that measurement date. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were as follows:

Measurement Date	March 31, 2022
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2021
Investment rate of return	5.9% *
Salary scale	4.4%
Inflation rate	2.7%
Cost of living adjustments	1.4%

^{*}Compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.

Annuitant mortality rates are based on the System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized below.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Asset Type	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
Domestic Equity International Equity Private Equity Real Estate Opportunistic / ARS Portfolio Credit Real Assets Fixed Income Cash	32 % 15 10 9 3 4 3 23 1	3.30 5.85 6.50 5.00 4.10 3.78 5.80 0.00 (1.00)	%
	100 %		

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.7%.

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.9%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 5.9%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (4.9%) or 1 percentage point higher (6.9%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(4.90%)	(5.90%)	(6.90%)
County's proportionate share of	_		
the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 47,472,066	\$ (18,442,994)	\$ (73,577,762)

The components of the collective net pension liability (asset) for ERS as of the March 31, 2022 measurement date were as follows:

Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$ 223,874,888,000 232,049,473,000
Employers' net pension liability/(asset)	\$ (8,174,585,000)
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension asset	 103.65%

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Employer contributions to ERS are paid annually and cover the period through the end of the System's fiscal year, which is March 31st. Retirement contributions as of December 31, 2022 represent the employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022 based on prior year ERS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Retirement contributions to ERS for the nine months ended December 31, 2022 were \$4,938,776.

Voluntary Defined Contribution Plan

The County can offer a defined contribution plan to all non-union employees hired on or after July 1, 2013 and earning at the annual full-time salary rate of \$75,000 or more. The employee contribution is between 3% and 6% depending on salary and the County will contribute 8%. Employer contributions vest after 366 days of service. No current employees participated in this program.

Unpaid Claim Liabilities

The Internal Service Funds reflect workers' compensation claim liabilities which are based upon estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported, but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The length of time for which such costs must be estimated varies depending on the coverage involved. Because actual claim costs depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in doctrines of legal liability and damage awards, the process used in computing claim liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claim liabilities are recomputed periodically using a variety of actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claim frequency and other economic and social factors. A provision for inflation in the calculation of estimated future claims costs is implicit in the calculation because reliance is placed both on actual historical data that reflects past inflation and other factors that are considered to be appropriate modifiers of past experience.

An analysis of the activity of unpaid claim liabilities is as follows:

	2022	2021		
Balance - Beginning of Year Provision for Claims and	\$ 4,255,094	\$	3,922,292	
Claims Adjustment Expenses Claims and Claims Adjustment	668,361		1,561,121	
Expenses Paid	(616,018)		(1,228,319)	
Balance - End of Year	\$ 4,307,437	\$	4,255,094	
Due Within One Year	\$ 431,000	\$	426,000	

Other Postemployment Benefit Liability ("OPEB")

In addition to providing pension benefits, the County provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the County may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing postemployment health care benefits is shared between the County and the retired employee as noted below. Substantially all of the County's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the County. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions", so the net OPEB liability is equal to the total OPEB liability. Separate financial statements are not issued for the plan.

At December 31, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	399
Active employees	576
	975

The County's total OPEB liability of \$271,027,438 was measured as of January 1, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022.

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases	2.00%, average, including 2.5% inflation
Discount rate	2.06%
Healthcare cost trend rates	6.0% for 2023, decreasing up to 0.8% per year to an ultimate rate of 4.7% for 2090 and later years
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	Varies from 8% to 50%, depending on applicable retirement year and bargaining unit

The discount rate was based on Bond Buyer Weekly 20-Bond GO Index.

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 Mortality Table for employees and healthy annuitants, sex distinct, with generational mortality adjusted to 2006 using scale MP-2014, and projected forward with scale MP-2021.

The County's change in the total OPEB liability for the year ended December 31, 2022 is as follows:

Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year	\$ 253,614,965
Service cost	8,576,710
Interest	5,499,285
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	4,856,381
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	4,062,925
Benefit payments	(5,582,828)
Total OPEB Liability - End of Year	\$ 271,027,438

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
December 31, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.06%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.06%) than the current discount rate:

	1%		Current		1%
	Decrease		Discount Rate		Increase
	(1.06%)		(2.06%)		(3.06%)
	_				
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 327,971,630	\$	271,027,438	\$	226,929,004

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.0% decreasing to 3.7%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.0% decreasing to 5.7%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
	1%	Cost Trend	1%
	Decrease	Rates	Increase
	(5.0% decreasing	(6.0% decreasing	(7.0% decreasing
	to 3.7%)	to 4.7%)	to 5.7%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 222,903,641	\$ 271,027,438	\$ 335,231,883

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$21,643,059 in the government-wide financial statements. At December 31, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Differences between expected and actual experience County's contributions subsequent to the	\$ 40,601,487 4,764,244	\$ 9,467,694 926,117
measurement date	5,894,676	
	\$ 51,260,407	\$ 10,393,811

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	
2023	\$ 7,567,064
2024	7,612,656
2025	8,616,134
2026	7,657,441
2027	3,053,637
2028 and Thereafter	 464,988
	\$ 34,971,920

Postclosure Care Costs

In 2008, the County recognized a pollution remediation expense amounting to \$650,000 and a corresponding liability was recorded in the statement of net position. The liability related to future remediation activities associated with the removal of materials and soil contamination of a landfill. The expense provision was measured at its current value utilizing the prescribed expected cash flow method. The pollution remediation obligation is an estimate and is subject to revision due to price increases or reductions, change in technology, or change in applicable laws or regulations and estimated recoveries reducing the liability. In 2009, the liability was decreased to \$265,000 based on the County's intention to move the waste and reclaim and sell the land. In 2010, the liability was increased to \$1,200,000 based on the County's revised plan to continue operating the landfill and capping it. In 2012 the landfill was capped. The remaining liability of \$1,018,421 at December 31, 2022 is the estimated postclosure care costs that will be paid in the future for certain maintenance and monitoring costs at the site for the next 30 years. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

H. Significant Commitments - Encumbrances

As discussed in Note 2A, Budgetary Data, encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At December 31, 2022, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year were as follows:

Fund	 Amount
General Non-Major Governmental	\$ 1,607,886 238,171
Total	\$ 1,846,057

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

I. Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without the equivalent flow of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reflected as transfers:

	 Transfers In					
	Capital	Ν	lon-Major			
	Projects	Governmental				
Transfers Out	 Fund	Funds		Total		
General Fund Capital Projects Fund	\$ \$ 9,134,992 -		489,815 49,572	\$	9,624,807 49,572	
	\$ 9,134,992	\$	539,387	\$	9,674,379	

Transfers are used to 1) move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments for Capital Projects Fund expenditures and to move funds from the fund with collection authorization to the funds where additional amounts are needed.

J. Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Casualty Reserve Benefits and Workers' Compensation Benefits - the component of net position that have been established to set aside funds to be used for a specific purpose in accordance with Section 6N and 6J of General Municipal Law.

Restricted for Law Enforcement - the component of net position that represents the unexpended proceeds of seized funds which are restricted by New York State Law for use in law enforcement activities.

Restricted for Health - Adolescent Tobacco Use Prevention Act - the component of net position restricted by state regulations representing 50% of collections of tobacco related infractions to be used to support health education related activities.

Restricted for Driving While Intoxicated Program - the component of net position that represents State revenues that are limited by State directive to be used in accordance with the parameters of the Driving While Intoxicated Program.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Restricted for Grants and Obligations - the component of net position that represents a segregation of fund balance to fund shortfalls of outstanding grants and obligations.

Restricted for Debt Service - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the Debt Service Fund with constraints placed on their use by Local Finance Law.

Restricted for Special Revenue Funds - the component of net position that represents funds restricted for specific purposes under New York State law or by external parties and/or statutes.

Unrestricted - all other amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

K. Fund Balances

	2022				2021			
	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental	Total	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental	Total
Nonspendable		_						
Prepaid expenditures	\$ 2,011,851	\$ -	\$ 92,512	\$ 2,104,363	\$ 2,409,653	\$ -	\$ 125,380	\$ 2,535,033
Leases	115,940	-	-	115,940	0	-	-	4 000 000
Long-term receivables	4,000,000			4,000,000	4,000,000			4,000,000
Total Nonspendable	6,127,791		92,512	6,220,303	6,409,653		125,380	6,535,033
Restricted								
Law enforcement	558,213	_	_	558,213	549,688	_	_	549,688
Health	20,308	_	_	20,308	20,308	_	_	20,308
Driving while intoxicated program	18,771	_	_	18,771	-	_	_	20,000
Grants and obligations	1,196,035	_	_	1,196,035	3,198,393	_	_	3,198,393
Capital projects	1,100,000	15,000,387	_	15,000,387	-	9,978,575	_	9,978,575
Debt service	_	10,000,001	75,662	75,662	_	0,070,070	97,919	97,919
Debt service for subsequent year's			73,002	75,002			37,313	37,313
expenditures			90,000	90,000			90,000	90,000
Trusts	-	-	497,527	497,527	-	-	521,381	521,381
Trusts			491,321	491,321	·		321,301	321,301
Total Restricted	1,793,327	15,000,387	663,189	17,456,903	3,768,389	9,978,575	709,300	14,456,264
Assigned								
Purchases on order								
General government support	308,619	-	-	308,619	257,900	-	-	257,900
Public safety	872,123	-	3,165	875,288	539,669	-	-	539,669
Health	9,266	-	-	9,266	350	-	-	350
Transportation	77,451	-	235,006	312,457	87,145	-	210,251	297,396
Economic opportunity	141,115	-	-	141,115	49,615	-	-	49,615
Culture and recreation	41,736	-	-	41,736	34,282	-	-	34,282
Home and community services	157,576			157,576	78,131			78,131
	1,607,886	-	238.171	1,846,057	1,047,092	_	210,251	1,257,343
For subsequent year's	,,		,	,,	, , , , , , ,		-, -	, . ,
expenditures								
General Fund	2.283.691	-	_	2,283,691	2,917,315	-	_	2,917,315
Retirement	2,693,196	_	_	2.693.196	2.693.196	-	_	2,693,196
Future Capital projects	5,738,086	_	_	5,738,086	738,086	-	_	738,086
Tax stabilization	5,000,000	_	_	5,000,000	3,537,683	-	_	3,537,683
Insurance	5,800,000	_	_	5,800,000	3,800,000	_	_	3,800,000
Post Employment	5,000,000	_	_	5,000,000	-	-	_	-
State Aid	5,000,000	_	_	5,000,000	_	_	_	_
County Road Fund	-,,	_	2,516,884	2,516,884	_	-	1,794,734	1,794,734
Road Machinery Fund	_	-	693,602	693,602	_	-	511,395	511,395
Transportation Fund			3,582,556	3,582,556	<u> </u>		2,234,340	2,234,340
Total Assigned	33,122,859		7,031,213	40,154,072	14,733,372		4,750,720	19,484,092
Unassigned	71,541,790			71,541,790	65,679,390			65,679,390
Total Fund Balances	\$ 112,585,767	\$ 15,000,387	\$ 7,786,914	\$ 135,373,068	\$ 90,590,804	\$ 9,978,575	\$ 5,585,400	\$ 106,154,779

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

L. Fund Balances

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements which are not reflected in the Statement of Net Position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Prepaid Expenditures has been established to account for retirement and health insurance payments made in advance. The amount is classified as nonspendable to indicate that funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

Long-Term Receivables represents funds set aside to indicate that certain receivables will not be collected in sufficient time to use the funds to satisfy liabilities of the period. A reserve has been established to indicate that the funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though the amounts are a component of current assets.

The amounts restricted for trusts have been established to set aside funds in accordance with the terms of the grants.

Purchases on order are assigned and represent the County's intention to honor the contracts in process at year-end. The subsequent year's appropriations will be amended to provide authority to complete the transactions.

Subsequent year's expenditures represent that at December 31, 2022, the County Legislature has assigned the above amounts to be appropriated for the ensuing year's budget.

Assigned for Retirement represents funds set aside for the purpose of financing retirement contributions to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System.

Assigned for Future Capital Projects represents funds set aside for the purpose of financing future capital projects.

Assigned for Tax Stabilization represents funds set aside for an emergency to prevent a large tax increase.

Assigned for Insurance has been established to fund uninsured losses, claims, actions, or judgments that the County is authorized or required to purchase or maintain insurance.

Assigned for Postemployment has been established to fund future increasing postemployment costs.

Assigned for State Aid has been established to fund potential declining state aid reimbursements.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted or assigned.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

A. Litigation

The County receives numerous notices of claims for damages arising generally from personal injury, wrongful death, false arrest, negligence, bodily injury, breach of contract, defamation of character and invasion of privacy. The County currently carries both conventional general liability insurance to cover possible losses arising from these actions. In the opinion of the County Attorney, and apart from matters provided for by applicable insurance coverage, there are two (2) claims or actions pending which, if determined against the County, would have an adverse material effect on the financial condition of the County; (1) This is a claim alleging wrongful conviction. Plaintiff was tried and convicted of arson and spent 9 years in jail before being released. The claims are that the Putnam County Fire Inspectors and members of another police agency fabricated evidence, resulting in the wrongful conviction. A trial is scheduled for October 2023. If plaintiff is successful, damages could approach one million dollars per year of incarceration. The County has an excess insurance policy of ten million dollars. (2) This is a claim of wrongful conviction. Plaintiff was tried and convicted for rape and murder and spent twenty years in jail. The plaintiff was acquitted after a retrial. The County settled a similar case and is expected to quickly resolve this case for similar reasons.

The County is also a defendant in numerous pending tax certiorari proceedings, the results of which cannot be determined at this time. Any future refunds resulting from adverse settlements will be funded in the year in which the payments are made.

B. Contingencies

The County participates in various Federal grant programs, principal of which are programs of the Department of Health and Human Services. These programs are subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Uniform Guidance. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the County anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Significant Contingencies - Putnam County Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation

The enforceability of the rights and remedies of the State (and thus the bondholders) and of the obligations of a participating manufacturer under the MSA are subject to the Bankruptcy Code and the other applicable insolvency, moratorium or similar laws relating to or affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights. Some of the risks include risks of delay in or reduction of amounts of payment or of non- payment under the MSA and the risk that the State (and thus the County and/or PTASC) may be stayed for an extended time from enforcing any rights under the MSA and the Consent Decree or with respect to the payments owed by the bankrupt participating manufacturer or from commencing legal proceedings against the bankrupt participating manufacturer. As a result, if a participating manufacturer becomes a debtor in a bankruptcy case and defaults in making payment, funds available to PTASC to pay bondholders may be reduced or eliminated.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2022

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

The bonds are payable only from the assets of PTASC. The bonds are neither legal nor moral obligations of the County or the State of New York, and no recourse may be had thereto for payment of amounts owing on the bonds. PTASC's only source of funds for payments on the bonds is the collections and amounts on deposit in pledged accounts pursuant to the indenture. PTASC has no taxing power and no significant assets other than the rights to receive tobacco settlement revenues.

D. Risk Management

The County and other villages, counties, towns, cities and district corporations within the State have formed a reciprocal insurance company to be owned by these municipalities. This reciprocal operates under an agreement effective September 1, 1993. The purpose of this reciprocal is to provide local governments with the opportunity to gain control over their insurance programs and bring stability to their insurance costs. The reciprocal provides general liability, automobile, property, umbrella and police and public officials' liability coverage. The reciprocal retains a management company, which is responsible for the overall supervision and management of the reciprocal. The reciprocal is managed by a Board of Governors and an Attorney-in-fact. The Board of Governors is comprised of employees of the subscribers. The subscribers have elected those who sit on the board and each subscriber has a single vote. The Attorney-in-fact derives all of its authority from the Board of Governors and New York State Insurance Laws, and is the entity which enters into contracts on behalf of the reciprocal. The reciprocal is an "assessable" insurance company, in that, the subscribers are severally liable for any financial shortfall of the reciprocal and can be assessed their proportionate share by the State Insurance Department if the funds of the reciprocal are less than what is required to satisfy its liabilities. The subscribers are required to pay premiums as well as a minimal capital contribution.

The County purchases various insurance coverages from the reciprocal to reduce its exposure to loss. The County maintains general liability and automobile liability policies with coverage of \$1 million per occurrence and \$2 million in the aggregate, bodily injury and property damage are subject to a \$250,000 deductible. The County maintains public officials and law enforcement liability policies with coverage of \$1 million per occurrence and \$2 million in the aggregate. The County also maintains an umbrella policy with coverage up to \$10 million per occurrence and \$20 million in the aggregate. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The County is self-insured for workers' compensation. The County purchases a stop loss policy which limits the County's exposure to \$1.5 million per occurrence. The policy is excess workers' compensation over the County's self-insurance subject to a \$1,500,000 Self-Insured Retention. The policy covers over the Self Insured Retention Part One, Workers Compensation for Statutory Limits and Part Two, Employers Liability of \$1,000,000 each accident & each employee. The Employer's Liability portion is "unlimited" in New York. The limit refers to any other state.

Note 5 - Tax Abatements

The County has real property tax abatement agreements exempt under Real Property Tax Law, Section 412-a and General Municipal Law, Section 874. The total tax abatement for the year ended December 31, 2022 was determined not to be material.

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded) December 31, 2022

Note 6 - Recently Issued GASB Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements" provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements ("SBITAs") for government end users. This Statement defines a SBITA and establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset (intangible asset) and a corresponding liability. The Statement also provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA, as well as detailing the requirements for note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

This is not an all-inclusive list of recently issued GASB pronouncements but rather a listing of Statements that the County believes will most impact its financial statements. The County will evaluate the impact this and other pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Changes in the County's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last Ten Fiscal Years (1) (2)

		2022 (5)		2021		2020 (4)		2019		2018
Total OPEB Liability:										
Service cost	\$	8,576,710	\$	7,304,629	\$	4,666,517	\$	6,007,886	\$	5,198,127
Interest		5,499,285		6,128,180		7,310,319		6,619,486		7,158,707
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		1,346,900		-		(4,628,868)
Differences between expected and actual experience		4,856,381		-		(1,743,281)		-		2,614,909
Changes of assumptions or other inputs *		4,062,925		26,313,374		35,934,064		(20,969,154)		(3,796,795)
Benefit payments		(5,582,828)		(4,965,585)		(4,628,212)		(4,258,403)		(4,366,980)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		17,412,473		34,780,598		42,886,307		(12,600,185)		2,179,100
Total OPEB Liability – Beginning of Year		253,614,965		218,834,367		175,948,060		188,548,245		186,369,145 (3)
Total OPEB Liability – End of Year	\$	271,027,438	\$	253,614,965	\$	218,834,367	\$	175,948,060	\$	188,548,245
County's covered-employee payroll	\$	46,230,711	\$	48,489,899	\$	45,054,266	\$	43,699,125	\$	47,001,125
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of										
covered-employee payroll	_	586%	_	523%	_	486%	_	403%	_	401%
* Discount Rate		2.06%	_	2.12%		2.74%	_	4.10%		3.44%

Notes to Schedule:

- (1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2018 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions".
- (2) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of this Statement to pay related benefits.
- $(3) \ Restated \ for \ the \ implementation \ of \ the \ provisions \ of \ GASB \ Statement \ No. \ 75.$
- (4) Additional Changes in assumptions or other inputs. Updated the mortality tables, updated the NYS Retirement System rates for withdrawals and retirements, Healthcare trend rates were updated for 2020.
- (5) Changes in experience include demographic shifts that occurred between 2020 and 2022 as there are 23 fewer full-time employee and 7 more retirees. Changes to assumptions and other inputs include updated mortality tables and a change in the discount rate.

Required Supplementary Information New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	Sched	ule of the County's	Proportionate Share	of the Net Pension L	iability (asset) (2)			
	2022 (4)	2021 (4)	2020 (3)	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.2256138%	0.1989045%	0.2025755%	0.2148007%	0.2163465%	0.2080991%	0.2116106%	0.2035676%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (18,442,994)	\$ 198,057	\$ 53,643,160	\$ 15,219,284	\$ 6,982,464	\$ 19,553,458	\$ 33,964,087	\$ 6,877,010
County's covered payroll	\$ 48,949,590	\$ 51,443,392	\$ 46,299,019	\$ 45,978,543	\$ 46,596,425	\$ 46,735,501	\$ 43,741,198	\$ 42,545,018
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	-37.68%	0.38%	115.86%	33.10%	14.98%	41.84%	77.65%	16.16%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	103.65%	99.95%	86.39%	96.27%	98.20%	94.70%	90.70%	97.90%
Discount Rate	5.90%	5.90%	6.80%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.50%
			Schedule of Con	tributions				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 6,921,091	\$ 9,924,453	\$ 7,705,778	\$ 7,655,574	\$ 7,841,062	\$ 8,573,018	\$ 7,689,383	\$ 8,952,292
contractually required contribution	(6,921,091)	(9,924,453)	(7,705,778)	(7,655,574)	(7,841,062)	(8,573,018)	(7,689,383)	(8,952,292)
Contribution excess	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
County's covered payroll	\$ 48,917,392	\$ 48,929,310	\$ 52,597,729	\$ 46,001,051	\$ 45,824,106	\$ 46,576,602	\$ 44,716,201	\$ 43,768,828
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.15%	20.28%	14.65%	16.64%	17.11%	18.41%	17.20%	20.45%

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

⁽²⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date within the current fiscal year.

⁽³⁾ Increase in proportionate share of the net pension liability mainly attributable to decrease in plan fiduciary net position due to investments losses.

⁽⁴⁾ Decrease in the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) mainly attributable to increase in plan fiduciary net position due to investment gains.

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the County in that it includes all revenues and expenditures not required by law to be accounted for in other funds.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The Capital Projects Fund is utilized to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31,

400570	 2022	 2021
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 47,113,916	\$ 64,414,441
Investments	 67,957,457	 10,794,627
Taxes receivable Returned school and village taxes Tax liens Taxes receivable - Pending Property acquired for taxes	453,763 23,668,207 3,607,125 2,597,538	495,293 23,102,207 3,601,350 2,501,583
Allowance for uncollectible taxes	 30,326,633 (10,517,601)	 29,700,433 (9,653,538)
Other receivables Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other governments Due from other funds Due from fiduciary fund	 19,809,032 12,404,198 15,981,113 1,157,291 	 9,403,606 16,394,190 1,558,117 4,816,295 10,517,417
Leases	 1,772,247 42,005,646	 42,689,625
Prepaid expenditures	 2,011,851	 2,409,653
Total Assets	\$ 178,897,902	\$ 140,355,241
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenues Due to other funds Deposits Employee tax deductions Total Liabilities	\$ 4,850,827 1,734,700 22,290,801 11,622,904 364,000 181,455 41,044,687	\$ 5,107,874 1,877,844 13,773,947 7,444,940 397,736 47,975 28,650,316
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred tax revenues Unavailable revenues Lease related Opioid related Total Deferred inflows of resources Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	 18,862,819 2,859,173 1,656,307 2,005,089 25,383,388 66,428,075	 18,684,928 2,429,193 - - 21,114,121 49,764,437
Fund balance Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	6,127,791 1,793,327 33,122,859 71,425,850	6,409,653 3,768,389 14,733,372 65,679,390
Total Fund Balance	 112,469,827	 90,590,804
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 178,897,902	\$ 140,355,241

General Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Years Ended December 31,

	2022									
	Origina	I		Final			V	ariance with		
	Budget			Budget		Actual	F	inal Budget		
REVENUES								_		
Real property taxes	\$ 31,606		\$	31,606,314	\$	30,620,334	\$	(985,980)		
Other tax items	5,263			5,388,800		5,390,190		1,390		
Non-property taxes	66,145			66,145,000		83,550,054		17,405,054		
Departmental income	12,736			13,066,365		12,098,187		(968,178)		
Use of money and property		,388		1,665,875		1,780,232		114,357		
Licenses and permits		,700		904,700		999,600		94,900		
Fines and forfeitures	94	,325		94,325		125,420		31,095		
Sale of property and										
compensation for loss		,500		79,704		189,595		109,891		
State aid	20,770			22,447,510		20,221,644		(2,225,866)		
Federal aid	7,409			13,646,113		10,346,931		(3,299,182)		
Miscellaneous	934	,081		1,736,282		1,894,986		158,704		
Total Revenues	146,609	,303		156,780,988		167,217,173		10,436,185		
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
General government support	29,584	.179		29,969,269		26,549,089		3,420,180		
Education	12,085			12,037,531		11,891,287		146,244		
Public safety	40,639			42,312,116		36,971,819		5,340,297		
Health	13,747			17,223,115		13,905,530		3,317,585		
Transportation	1,440			1,543,043		1,543,043		-		
Economic opportunity and	.,	,		.,0.0,0.0		.,0.0,0.0				
development	37,796	6.683		39,133,072		30,521,966		8,611,106		
Culture and recreation	6,635			7,362,672		6,475,356		887,316		
Home and community services	2,404			2,913,029		1,847,333		1,065,696		
Employee benefits	_,	.,00_		_,0.0,0_0		.,0 ,000		.,000,000		
Undistributed	5,860),711		6,040,602		6,007,920		32,682		
Total Expenditures	150,193	3.710		158,534,449		135,713,343		22,821,106		
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			-					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over Expenditures	(3,584	<u>,407)</u>		(1,753,461)		31,503,830		33,257,291		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		_		_		_		_		
Transfers out	(380	(000,		(9,624,807)		(9,624,807)		_		
		, ,		_		(=,=,,=,,==,		_		
Total Other Financing Uses	(380),000)		(9,624,807)		(9,624,807)				
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,964	,407)		(11,378,268)		21,879,023		33,257,291		
FUND BALANCE										
Beginning of Year	3,964	,407		11,378,268		90,590,804		79,212,536		
-		-		, -,	-					
End of Year	\$		\$		\$	112,469,827	\$	112,469,827		

	2021										
	Original		Final				ariance with				
	Budget		Budget		Actual		inal Budget				
\$	32,388,942	\$	32,388,942	\$	30,297,937	\$	(2,091,005)				
,	5,263,800	•	4,636,887	·	4,628,143	•	(8,744)				
	60,879,000		62,910,294		79,874,243		16,963,949				
	13,330,047		13,934,342		13,737,802		(196,540)				
	502,665		439,353		520,321		80,968				
	856,990		856,990		951,118		94,128				
	168,500		196,300		173,583		(22,717)				
	36,700		234,439		251,305		16,866				
	20,609,639		21,622,009		15,921,408		(5,700,601)				
	7,498,731		11,535,437		8,891,485		(2,643,952)				
	853,840		2,105,313		2,136,267	30,954					
	142,388,854		150,860,306		157,383,612		6,523,306				
	28,886,529		29,289,450		26,294,133		2,995,317				
	11,776,593		11,918,517		11,214,715		703,802				
	39,013,802		41,358,474		38,530,921		2,827,553				
	13,568,156		17,446,192		13,252,222		4,193,970				
	1,400,726		1,416,877		1,397,413	19,46					
	37,913,906		38,787,848	29,800,621		8,987,22					
	6,514,366		7,036,553		6,081,277		955,276				
	2,454,064		2,578,309		2,290,104	288,20					
	5,336,813		5,355,954		5,325,954		30,000				
-	146,864,955		155,188,174		134,187,360		21,000,814				
	(4,476,101)		(4,327,868)		23,196,252		27,524,120				
	-		58,464		58,464		_				
	(167,400)		(465,967)		(465,967)						
	(167,400)		(407,503)		(407,503)						
	(4,643,501)		(4,735,371)		22,788,749		27,524,120				
	4,643,501		4,735,371		67,802,055		63,066,684				
•	· · · ·	<u> </u>	· · ·	Φ.		Φ.					
\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	90,590,804	\$	90,590,804				

General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget Year Ended December 31, 2022 (With Comparative Actuals for 2021)

	Original Budget	 Final Budget	Actual	riance with nal Budget	2021 Actual
REAL PROPERTY TAXES	\$ 31,606,314	\$ 31,606,314	\$ 30,620,334	\$ (985,980)	\$ 30,297,937
OTHER TAX ITEMS Loss from sale of tax acquired property Interest and penalties on	100,000	-	-	-	(220,890)
real property taxes Payments in lieu of taxes	5,100,000 63,800	5,325,000 63,800	5,326,305 63,885	1,305 85	4,795,718 53,315
•	 ,				
Total Other Tax Items	 5,263,800	 5,388,800	 5,390,190	 1,390	 4,628,143
NON-PROPERTY TAXES Sales taxes	65,000,000	65,000,000	82,377,329	17,377,329	78,670,367
Automobile use tax	670,000	670,000	698,295	28,295	727,555
Emergency telephone system surcharge	 475,000	 475,000	 474,430	 (570)	 476,321
Total Non-Property Taxes	 66,145,000	 66,145,000	 83,550,054	 17,405,054	 79,874,243
DEPARTMENTAL INCOME					
General					
Clerk fees Board of elections	900,500	900,500 398	1,029,101 459	128,601 61	1,397,002
Planning Board fees	100	396 100	459	(100)	747
Motor vehicle fees	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,245,568	(254,432)	1,425,215
Vacancy factor	300,000	-	1,240,000	(204,402)	1,420,210
Real property tax services - Computer	43,000	43,000	45,579	2,579	43,152
Commissioner of Finance fees	8,500	8,500	8,565	65	11,865
County share - Examination fees	20,000	20,000	13,209	(6,791)	40,218
Department fees - Other	47,200	47,200	89,764	42,564	77,158
Charges for tax advertising	80,000	71,500	70,350	(1,150)	71,450
Central services chargebacks	621,830	624,580	480,060	(144,520)	407,376
Mortgage tax fees	 352,019	 352,019	 352,019	 	 352,019
	 3,873,149	3,567,797	3,334,674	(233,123)	3,826,202

Public safety Sheriff fees Prisoner board Restitution surcharge SRO/SPO program Deputy outside services Court protection Child Advocacy Center Grant Stop DWI contributions Other	78,000 1,371,750 25,000 1,542,622 90,000 15,600 25,247 60,450 380,791	78,000 1,371,750 25,000 1,542,622 161,099 15,600 25,247 60,450 396,134	104,190 1,410,375 21,101 1,507,037 192,735 14,349 25,247 59,738 150,538	26,190 38,625 (3,899) (35,585) 31,636 (1,251) - (712) (245,596)	77,387 1,668,606 22,214 1,407,088 203,333 9,549 25,247 124,342 366,987
	3,589,460	3,675,902	3,485,310	(190,592)	3,904,753
Health Public health fees Early Learning fees for service Local conservation grant New York City Department of Environmental Protection Health - Other	254,400 90,200 170,000 190,000 22,700 727,300	254,400 90,200 170,000 190,000 22,700 727,300	265,562 95,969 173,410 205,697 19,680 760,318	11,162 5,769 3,410 15,697 (3,020) 33,018	286,112 99,336 179,189 203,389 36,775 804,801
Economic Opportunity and Development	_				
Medical assistance	200,000	200,000	199,615	(385)	241,438
Aid to dependent children	-	-	451	451	3,405
Child support	36,912	36,912	35,772	(1,140)	140,850
Child care	10,000	10,000	115,945	105,945	55,397
Home relief	75,000	75,000	35,900	(39,100)	51,279
Home Energy Assistance Program	15,817	15,817	49,128	33,311	35,395
Contribution from schools	1,254,067	1,254,067	774,878	(479,189)	1,169,506
Services for recipients	-	-	-	- (0.4.000)	26,539
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	100,000	115,000	33,337	(81,663)	23,457
Juvenile Delinquent Repayments	- 25 000	- 25 000	300	300	- 05 000
Inspection fees Outreach	25,000 50,000	25,000 50,000	24,390 63,228	(610) 13,228	25,680 51,036
Nutrition	97,765	97,765	86,695	(11,070)	89,601
Nutrition .				<u> </u>	
	1,864,561	1,879,561	1,419,639	(459,922)	1,913,583
Culture and Recreation					
Parks and recreation	28,200	28,200	29,753	1,553	586,996
Tree program	23,000	23,000	11,475	(11,525)	22,546
Putnam National	2,605,500	3,110,500	3,007,233	(103,267)	2,630,726
	2,656,700	3,161,700	3,048,461	(113,239)	3,240,268

(Continued)

General Fund
Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2022
(With Comparative Actuals for 2021)

	Original Budget	 Final Budget	Actual	riance with al Budget	2021 Actual
Home and Community Services Waste haulers permit fees Other	\$ 25,000 100	\$ 25,000 29,105	\$ 28,880 20,905	\$ 3,880 (8,200)	\$ 27,945 20,250
	25,100	54,105	 49,785	(4,320)	48,195
Total Departmental Income	 12,736,270	 13,066,365	 12,098,187	 (968,178)	 13,737,802
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY					
Earnings on investments	207,000	1,172,487	1,188,037	15,550	117,783
Rental income - Co-op extension	470,058	470,058	574,621	104,563	382,075
Commissions	 23,330	 23,330	 17,574	 (5,756)	 20,463
Total Use of Money and Property	700,388	 1,665,875	 1,780,232	114,357	 520,321
LICENSES AND PERMITS					
Business and occupational licenses	904,700	 904,700	 999,600	94,900	 951,118
FINES AND FORFEITURES					
Fines and forfeited bail	16,500	16,500	14,212	(2,288)	43,413
Fines and penalties - other	2,500	2,500	6,550	4,050	5,250
Stop DWI fines	 75,325	 75,325	 104,658	 29,333	 124,920
Total Fines and Forfeitures	 94,325	 94,325	 125,420	 31,095	 173,583
SALE OF PROPERTY AND COMPENSATION FOR LOSS					
Minor sales	44,500	46,855	155,158	108,303	213,598
Insurance recoveries	_	32,849	34,437	1,588	37,707
Total Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	44,500	79,704	189,595	109,891	251,305

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Operated					
General		40.000	0.40	(40.050)	
Records management	-	49,998	348	(49,650)	-
Court facilities	220,000	220,000	220,000	-	220,000
District attorney salary	77,934	77,934	77,934	(00.454)	77,934
Criminal justice grant	33,934	166,551	133,397	(33,154)	33,934
Miscellaneous	18,900	153,628	76,683	(76,945)	332,000
Indigent Legal Services	812,098	812,098	774,556	(37,542)	585,513
<u>.</u>	1,162,866	1,480,209	1,282,918	(197,291)	1,249,381
Education					
Education and transportation of handicapped children	4,447,750	4,447,750	4,196,736	(251,014)	1,450,748
Public safety					
Probation services	206,462	206,462	206,462	-	206,462
Prisoner board	-	-	1,600	1,600	41,900
Raise the age	20,000	20,000	-	(20,000)	-
Alternatives to incarceration	12,811	12,811	11,135	(1,676)	14,298
Grants	140,812	118,237	17,075	(101,162)	166,940
Civil defense	294,000	294,000	294,000		294,000
	674,085	651,510	530,272	(121,238)	723,600
Health				(,	
Public health	1,743,673	1,828,034	2,046,097	218,063	1,445,393
Early intervention	474,173	474,173	477,805	3,632	343,616
Mental Health OASIS	256,584	278,062	278,062	-	255,272
Mental health administration	334,137	328,151	277,990	(50,161)	301,328
Mental health Local Governmental Unit SPOA	128,152	128,152	133,342	5,190	127,835
Environmental conservation	54,750	54,750	34,125	(20,625)	59,301
Rabies	25,987	25,987	20,419	(5,568)	19,509
Communicable diseases	35,287	35,287	39,719	4,432	36,808
Mental health services	1,565,753	1,732,611	1,329,029	(403,582)	1,181,298
Mental health - Local Governmental Unit	114,100	114,100	121,964	7,864	113,615
Mental health - Commissioner's performance	1,408,287	1,683,991	1,417,591	(266,400)	1,197,630
Mental Health - CSS Int case management	509,936	365,879	325,013	(40,866)	448,885
Drinking supply	194,244	194,244	203,803	9,559	189,262
Other		22,000	22,000		14,515
	6,845,063	7,265,421	6,726,959	(538,462)	5,734,267
Transportation	0,040,000	1,200,421	0,720,939	(550,402)	5,734,207
Transportation grants	10,400	10,400	12,142	1,742	12,965
					(Continued)

(Continued)

General Fund
Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2022
(With Comparative Actuals for 2021)

Child care 644,793 644,793 744,190 99,397 61 Child advocacy center 150,362 151,225 150,832 (393) 15 Day care 737,272 737,272 230,039 (507,233) 17 Juvenile delinquents 96,010 96,010 331,590 235,580 3 Emergency aid for adults 5,400 5,400 750 (4,650) Petro Octane testing 3,000 3,000 3,147 147 Veterans' service agency 10,000 453,679 240,610 (213,069) 15 Caregiver's grants 19,611 19,611 19,728 117 2 Office for Senior resources 422,567 422,567 384,308 (38,259) 44 TANF 249,018 249,018 34,437 (214,581) 1	ıl
Child care 644,793 644,793 744,190 99,397 61 Child advocacy center 150,362 151,225 150,832 (393) 15 Day care 737,272 737,272 230,039 (507,233) 17 Juvenile delinquents 96,010 96,010 331,590 235,580 3 Emergency aid for adults 5,400 5,400 750 (4,650) Petro Octane testing 3,000 3,000 3,147 147 Veterans' service agency 10,000 453,679 240,610 (213,069) 15 Caregiver's grants 19,611 19,611 19,728 117 2 Office for Senior resources 422,567 422,567 384,308 (38,259) 44 TANF 249,018 249,018 34,437 (214,581) 1	
Child advocacy center 150,362 151,225 150,832 (393) 15 Day care 737,272 737,272 230,039 (507,233) 17 Juvenile delinquents 96,010 96,010 331,590 235,580 3 Emergency aid for adults 5,400 5,400 750 (4,650) Petro Octane testing 3,000 3,000 3,147 147 Veterans' service agency 10,000 453,679 240,610 (213,069) 15 Caregiver's grants 19,611 19,611 19,728 117 2 Office for Senior resources 422,567 422,567 384,308 (38,259) 44 TANF 249,018 249,018 34,437 (214,581) 1	13,956
Day care 737,272 737,272 230,039 (507,233) 17 Juvenile delinquents 96,010 96,010 331,590 235,580 3 Emergency aid for adults 5,400 5,400 750 (4,650) Petro Octane testing 3,000 3,000 3,147 147 Veterans' service agency 10,000 453,679 240,610 (213,069) 15 Caregiver's grants 19,611 19,611 19,728 117 2 Office for Senior resources 422,567 422,567 384,308 (38,259) 44 TANF 249,018 249,018 34,437 (214,581) 1	19,796
Juvenile delinquents 96,010 96,010 331,590 235,580 3 Emergency aid for adults 5,400 5,400 750 (4,650) Petro Octane testing 3,000 3,000 3,147 147 Veterans' service agency 10,000 453,679 240,610 (213,069) 15 Caregiver's grants 19,611 19,611 19,728 117 2 Office for Senior resources 422,567 422,567 384,308 (38,259) 44 TANF 249,018 249,018 34,437 (214,581) 1	54,959
Emergency aid for adults 5,400 5,400 750 (4,650) Petro Octane testing 3,000 3,000 3,147 147 Veterans' service agency 10,000 453,679 240,610 (213,069) 15 Caregiver's grants 19,611 19,611 19,728 117 2 Office for Senior resources 422,567 422,567 384,308 (38,259) 44 TANF 249,018 249,018 34,437 (214,581) 1	70,934
Petro Octane testing 3,000 3,000 3,147 147 Veterans' service agency 10,000 453,679 240,610 (213,069) 15 Caregiver's grants 19,611 19,611 19,728 117 2 Office for Senior resources 422,567 422,567 384,308 (38,259) 44 TANF 249,018 249,018 34,437 (214,581) 1	38,143
Veterans' service agency 10,000 453,679 240,610 (213,069) 15 Caregiver's grants 19,611 19,611 19,728 117 2 Office for Senior resources 422,567 422,567 384,308 (38,259) 44 TANF 249,018 249,018 34,437 (214,581) 1	200
Caregiver's grants 19,611 19,728 117 2 Office for Senior resources 422,567 422,567 384,308 (38,259) 44 TANF 249,018 249,018 34,437 (214,581) 1	3,223
Office for Senior resources 422,567 422,567 384,308 (38,259) 44 TANF 249,018 249,018 34,437 (214,581) 1	53,085
TANF 249,018 249,018 34,437 (214,581) 1	20,629
$^{\prime}$	41,115
RSVP grant	12,902
	6,011
	40,479
	57,812
	28,048
	16,422
	14,697)
	13,257
	00,909
	58,791
	35,974
	48,842
	,
Youth programs119,165150,350150,348(2)13	31,118
<u> </u>	79,960
Home and Community Services	
Soil and water 60,000 66,000 - 6	60,000
County planning 30,000 30,000 10,000 (20,000) 1	10,000
Waste water DEP grant 37,500 49,454 49,454 - 6	64,513
Environmental conservation	
127,500 245,454 165,454 (80,000) 13	34,513
Total State Aid 20,770,190 22,447,510 20,221,644 (2,225,866) 15,92	21,408

FEDERAL AID	JD
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General					
American Rescue Plan Act	-	1,690,641	1,690,641	-	-
Emergency management assistance	-	336,000	124,800	(211,200)	-
Miscellaneous	129,640	228,801	97,697	(131,104)	38,922
	129,640	2,255,442	1,913,138	(342,304)	38,922
Education					
Medicaid 3-5	90,000	90,000	28,399	(61,601)	46,406
Public Safety					
Cares act	-	-	44,977	44,977	25,610
Sheriff	19,000	55,676	28,936	(26,740)	1,598
Homeland security grant	-	555,274	258,539	(296,735)	126,949
Public safety other	110,583	133,983	137,910	3,927	104,639
Grants	2,612	102,761	9,821	(92,940)	2,949
	132,195	847,694	480,183	(367,511)	261,745
Health Public Health Emergency Preparedness grant	145,309	2,771,057	938,974	(1,832,083)	1,008,250
Early intervention	125,000	125,000	131,665	6,665	106,516
Wellness grant	3,229	3,229	3,175	(54)	3,238
Early intervention	82,954	82,954	81,658	(1,296)	87,089
Mental Health - Local Governmental Unit	<u> </u>	25,000	33,779	8,779	31,755
	356,492	3,007,240	1,189,251	(1,817,989)	1,236,848
Transportation					
Transportation grants	351,600	811,600	318,272	(493,328)	419,935
Economic Opportunity and Development					
Cares act	-	-	-	-	344,829
Social Services administration	2,667,237	2,631,364	2,482,988	(148,376)	2,719,296
Food stamp program administration	687,547	687,547	627,805	(59,742)	729,087
Services for recipients	34,076	34,076	106,463	72,387	(73,647)
Child care	71,000	71,000	87,492	16,492	93,998
Safety net	-	404.000	2,858	2,858	4,448
Nutrition	194,293	194,293	195,749	1,456	197,517
Fuel crisis - Home Energy Assistance Program	-	134,017	106,305	(27,712)	57,322
Community service elderly Workforce Investment Act	33,999 157,847	33,999	33,637 224,372	(362)	33,617
	1,237,609	157,847 1,237,609	1,280,426	66,525 42,817	217,850 1,261,939
Incentive program Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	606,272	736,538	491,820	42,817 (244,718)	1,261,939 503,235
Caregiver grant	212,962	212,962	165,809	(47,153)	248,779
	•	•	, -	, ,	, , ,

(Continued)



General Fund
Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2022
(With Comparative Actuals for 2021)

	Original Budget			Final Budget	 Actual	-	ariance with Final Budget	2021 Actual	
Economic Opportunity and Development (Continued) OSR - MIPPA Medical assistance Crime victims Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Retired Senior Volunteer Program	\$	13,198 (79,000) 290,255 21,513	\$	13,198 (79,000) 346,174 21,513	\$ 16,097 (90,026) 304,301 24,630	\$	2,899 (11,026) (41,873) 3,117	\$	15,591 (103,697) 346,620 21,047 17,125
		6,148,808		6,433,137	6,060,726		(372,411)		6,634,956
Home and Community Services Planning		201,000		201,000	 356,962		155,962		252,673
Total Federal Aid		7,409,735		13,646,113	10,346,931		(3,299,182)		8,891,485
MISCELLANEOUS Refund of prior year's expenditures Gift and donations Other OTB distributed earnings Retiree health contribution Proceeds of seized property		43,670 34,000 - 798,611 57,800		273,235 65,148 483,088 5,700 827,811 81,300	 474,099 72,375 382,393 6,516 831,508 128,095		200,864 7,227 (100,695) 816 3,697 46,795		398,446 45,920 771,944 67,605 736,330 116,022
Total Miscellaneous		934,081		1,736,282	 1,894,986		158,704		2,136,267
TOTAL REVENUES		146,609,303		156,780,988	 167,217,173		10,436,185		157,383,612
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in County Road Fund		<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u> _	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u> _		58,464
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	\$	146,609,303	\$	156,780,988	\$ 167,217,173	\$	10,436,185	\$	157,442,076

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget Year Ended December 31, 2022 (With Comparative Actuals for 2021)

	Original Budget		Final Budget				Actual	Variance with Final Budget		2021 Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT										
County Legislature	\$ 1,244,135	\$	1,277,814	\$	1,179,938	\$	97,876	\$ 1,146,841		
County share of judicial expenditures	303,657		383,398		345,385		38,013	321,590		
District Attorney	2,489,475		2,725,645		2,460,037		265,608	2,374,583		
Legal Aid Society	1,428,657		1,428,657		1,428,657		-	1,337,315		
Audit	532,835		549,936		543,336		6,600	518,964		
Court appointed legal defense of indigents	450,000		614,000		613,243		757	440,709		
Justice of the Peace and Constables	4,000		4,000		3,080		920	2,370		
Coroners	410,222		454,796		421,587		33,209	312,116		
County Executive	845,775		805,643		623,152		182,491	692,136		
Department of Finance	2,274,696		2,274,696		2,147,285		127,411	2,586,393		
Division of Purchasing - Central services	410,359		421,359		336,756		84,603	349,251		
Real property tax services	329,507		334,580		320,603		13,977	316,794		
Tax advertising and expense	80,000		75,067		63,524		11,543	55,808		
Expenditures on property acquired for taxes	395,000		220,000		95,718		124,282	108,668		
County Clerk as Registrar	1,564,894		1,564,894		1,455,373		109,521	1,487,765		
County Clerk as Motor Vehicles Commissioner	1,445,194		1,392,324		1,080,869		311,455	1,318,170		
Department of Law	1,690,833		1,634,458		1,511,632		122,826	1,638,689		
Personnel Department	1,253,590		1,307,636		1,255,442		52,194	1,194,852		
Highway Engineering	251,758		249,858		191,616		58,242	· · ·		
Board of Elections	2,133,265		2,190,880		2,033,304		157,576	1,794,804		
Records Management	374,024		425,603		365,706		59,897	363,223		
Department of Highway and Facilities	4,658,473		4,860,742		4,333,121		527,621	4,529,184		
Central services administration	437,406		571,831		363,527		208,304	354,067		
Insurance	803,700		849,306		848,571		735	795,512		
Dues	33.070		33,070		32,858		212	27,375		
Taxes on County property	173,000		173,000		154,268		18,732	155,855		
Judgments and claims	200,000		462,700		444.020		18,680	233,973		
Metropolitan Commuter Transportation Mobility Tax	203,089		203,089		175,193		27,896	175,614		
Information Technology and GIS	2,060,830		2,138,586		1,690,556		448,030	1,616,729		
Office for Disabled	46,600		46,450		30,732		15,718	44,783		
Contingency fund	1,056,135		295,251		-		295,251	 		
Total General Government Support	29,584,179		29,969,269		26,549,089		3,420,180	26,294,133		

EDUCATION					
Community college tuition	3,350,000	3,383,820	3,367,556	16,264	3,279,310
Education of handicapped children	8,735,422	8,653,711	8,523,731	129,980	7,935,405
Total Education	12,085,422	12,037,531	11,891,287	146,244	11,214,715
PUBLIC SAFETY					
Bureau of Emergency Services	5,714,523	6,606,225	5,654,593	951,632	5,215,931
Sheriff	20,959,451	21,534,097	18,339,140	3,194,957	19,938,888
Probation Department	2,552,438	2,586,166	2,243,343	342,823	2,370,845
Jail	11,319,124	11,282,446	10,555,057	727,389	10,763,723
Stop DWI	92,825	92,825	89,442	3,383	178,922
Homeland Security Grant	732	210,357	90,244	120,113	62,612
Total Public Safety	40,639,093	42,312,116	36,971,819	5,340,297	38,530,921
HEALTH					
Public health	6,012,186	8,755,197	6,528,266	2,226,931	6,285,045
Early Intervention Program	1,931,322	2,020,860	1,900,288	120,572	1,720,639
Communicable disease treatment	17,500	14,076	12,877	1,199	3,847
Substance abuse	339,482	339,482	339,482	-	339,482
Alcoholism	181,004	186,594	186,594	_	144,662
Mental health administration	664,378	634,398	481,598	152,800	325,558
Mental health - Clinic	706,069	550,436	459,409	91,027	601,797
Mental health - Eliot House	1,292,076	1,458,934	1,055,352	403,582	907,621
Family Support Services	581,387	792,861	711,340	81,521	550,104
Mental health - Reinvestment	728,319	790,580	734,540	56,040	702,611
Mental health - County Contribution	443,480	443,480	413,951	29,529	440,365
Mental health - LGU Services	402,043	423,521	423,521	-	400,731
Mental health - LGU SPOA	375,868	740,696	587,357	153,339	768,530
Litter program	72,000	72,000	70,955	1,045	61,230
Total Health	13,747,114	17,223,115	13,905,530	3,317,585	13,252,222
TRANSPORTATION					
Metropolitan Transportation Authority subsidy	380,276	380,276	380,276	_	361,262
Metropolitan Transportation Authority station maintenance	1,060,000	1,162,767	1,162,767	<u> </u>	1,036,151
Total Transportation	1,440,276	1,543,043	1,543,043	<u> </u>	1,397,413

(Continued)

General Fund
Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2022
(With Comparative Actuals for 2021)

	 Original Budget			Actual		Variance with Final Budget		2021 Actual
ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY AND DEVELOPMENT								
Social services administration	\$ 10,179,698	\$	10,442,908	\$ 9,252,536	\$	1,190,372	\$	9,294,559
County Contribution	9,020,692		9,020,692	7,471,869		1,548,823		7,224,977
Purchase of services	1,400,000		1,400,000	839,440		560,560		785,648
Medical assistance	42,000		42,000	18,564		23,436		29,159
Aid to dependent children	2,225,000		1,967,600	682,313		1,285,287		709,208
Child care	3,510,000		3,527,124	2,388,898		1,138,226		2,934,070
Juvenile delinquents	199,855		445,455	386,587		58,868		57,321
Safety net	802,500		814,355	246,017		568,338		269,679
State fuel assistance	8,626		138,391	132,084		6,307		76,901
Emergency aid for adults	20,000		20,000	3,800		16,200		7,005
Grants	110,858		494,102	360,974		133,128		144,624
Child advocacy center	186,866		201,722	193,713		8,009		182,565
Day care	800,000		800,000	331,984		468,016		246,642
Putnam Industrial Development Agency	40,000		40,000	40,000		-		50,000
Putnam workforce partnership	220,824		229,004	223,713		5,291		217,851
Putnam tourism promotional agency	438,977		424,271	416,017		8,254		371,975
SNAP program	612,691		616,241	480,588		135,653		438,868
Veterans' Service Agency	217,365		660,939	399,807		261,132		347,939
Veterans' Home	50,265		50,908	35,974		14,934		35,897
Consumer affairs and weights and measures	574,599		575,934	562,986		12,948		515,779
Office for Senior Resources - Title III	2,063,845		2,051,895	1,737,775		314,120		1,738,986
Office for Senior Resources - RSVP	313,775		315,433	275,047		40,386		332,222
Nutrition for the elderly	2,992,502		3,022,183	2,648,546		373,637		2,311,771
In-Home Service Program	355,066		355,066	145,767		209,299		208,046
Workforce Partnership	700		700	688		12		687
Community services for the elderly	1,086,909		1,102,609	968,125		134,484		980,492
Victim of crimes	310,590		361,060	265,674		95,386		275,731
Child fatality review	-		-	=		-		19
Community Action Program Cap	 12,480		12,480	 12,480				12,000
Total Economic Opportunity and								
Development	 37,796,683		39,133,072	 30,521,966		8,611,106		29,800,621

CULTURE AND RECREATION Parks and recreation administration Youth Bureau Library board	2,970,107 806,616 462,198	3,548,232 937,422 462,198	3,270,105 774,080 462,198	278,127 163,342	3,291,694 663,005 444,421
County Historian Arts Council	160,223 66,560	161,178 66,560	96,769 66,560	64,409	91,978 64,000
County Museum	55,162	55,162	55,162	-	53,040
Constitution Island Association	10,000	10,000	10,000	-	33,040
Southeast Museum	34,986	34,986	34,986	_	33,640
Recreation for the elderly	323,657	319,857	200,652	119,205	132,633
Department of Highway Parks and Recreation	1,746,091	1,767,077	1,504,844	262,233	1,306,866
Total Culture and Recreation	6,635,600	7,362,672	6,475,356	887,316	6,081,277
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES					
Planning	1,547,073	1,961,181	1,079,688	881,493	1,343,684
Soil and water	124,547	172,616	85,438	87,178	241,566
Recycling	120,684	116,904	69,999	46,905	127,069
Humane Society	149,488	149,488	149,488	-	143,738
Fish and game	23,347	23,347	23,347	-	17,862
Extension	350,053	350,053	350,053	-	330,185
SPCA	89,440	139,440	89,320	50,120	86,000
Total Home and Community Services	2,404,632	2,913,029	1,847,333	1,065,696	2,290,104
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS - UNDISTRIBUTED					
	30,000	30,000	14,633	15,367	
Unemployment benefits	5,830,711	6,010,602	5,993,287	17,315	- 5 225 054
Disability, accident and health insurance					5,325,954
Total Employee Benefits - Undistributed	5,860,711	6,040,602	6,007,920	32,682	5,325,954
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	150,193,710	158,534,449	135,713,343	22,821,106	134,187,360
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out					
Capital Projects Fund	380,000	9,134,992	9,134,992	_	452,767
County Road Fund	-	-	-	_	13,200
Road Machinery Fund	_	116,500	116,500	_	
Transportation Fund	_	210,000	210,000	_	_
Debt Service Fund		163,315	163,315		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	380,000	9,624,807	9,624,807		465,967
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER					
FINANCING USES	\$ 150,573,710	\$ 168,159,256	\$ 145,338,150	\$ 22,821,106	\$ 134,653,327

See independent auditors' report.

Capital Projects Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31,

	 2022	 2021			
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 6,340,543	\$ 7,499,969			
Restricted cash	 729,681	 1,569,951			
Receivables Accounts State and Federal aid receivable	 20,854 7,775,762	 - 10,334,451			
	 7,796,616	 10,334,451			
Due from other funds	4,002,052				
Total Assets	\$ 18,868,892	\$ 19,404,371			
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities					
Accounts payable Unearned revenues Due to other funds	\$ 972,052 2,846,881 49,572	\$ 1,767,804 2,841,697 4,816,295			
Total Liabilities	 3,868,505	 9,425,796			
Fund balance Restricted	15,000,387	 9,978,575			
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 18,868,892	\$ 19,404,371			

Capital Projects Fund
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance
Years Ended December 31,

		2022		2021
REVENUES State aid	\$	6,569,003	\$	7,285,618
Federal aid	Φ	6,751,048	Φ	6,782,654
Sale of property and compensation for loss		0,731,040		199,688
Miscellaneous		273,835		701,313
Total Revenues		13,593,886		14,969,273
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay		18,688,830		19,635,121
Deficiency of Revenues				
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(5,094,944)		(4,665,848)
		(0,000,000)		(1,000,010)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Financed Purchase Debt Issued		868,086		-
Lease Obligations Issued		163,250		-
General Obligation Bonds Issued Transfers in		- 9,134,992		3,058,000 452,767
Transfers out		(49,572)		452,767
Transfer out		(10,012)		
Total Other Financing Sources		10,116,756		3,510,767
Net Change in Fund Balance		5,021,812		(1,155,081)
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of Year		9,978,575		11,133,656
End of Year	\$	15,000,387	\$	9,978,575



NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

- County Road Fund The County Road Fund is established pursuant to New York State Highway Law and is used to account for the maintenance and repair of County roads and bridges and snow removal costs.
- Road Machinery Fund The Road Machinery Fund is used to account for the purchase, repair and maintenance of highway machinery, tools and equipment and for the purchase, construction and maintenance of buildings for the storage and repair of highway machinery and equipment.
- Transportation Fund The Transportation Fund is used to account for the activities of a County-wide bus system funded under the auspices of the Urban Mass Transportation Administration and the New York State Department of Transportation.
- Special Purpose Fund The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the County in accordance with the terms of a trust agreement.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

 The Debt Service Fund is provided to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for the redemption of principal and interest on long-term debt.

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for 2021)

		County Road		Road lachinery	Tra	ansportation		Special Purpose
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	300	\$	-	\$	_	\$	497,527
Receivables Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other funds	_	18 243,270 2,745,362 2,988,650	_	820,946 820,946		923,077 2,876,582 3,799,659	_	- - -
Prepaid expenditures		70,566		21,946		_		_
Total Assets	\$	3,059,516	\$	842,892	\$	3,799,659	\$	497,527
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenues	\$	229,451 62,427 -	\$	82,228 127 -	\$	204,109 - -	\$	- - -
Total Liabilities		291,878		82,355		204,109		-
Fund balances Nonspendable Restricted Assigned		70,566 - 2,697,072		21,946 - 738,591		- - 3,595,550		- 497,527 -
Total Fund Balances		2,767,638		760,537		3,595,550		497,527
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$	3,059,516	\$	842,892	\$	3,799,659	\$	497,527

See independent auditors' report.

Debt	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds										
Service	 2022		2021								
\$ -	\$ 497,827	\$	521,681								
- - 165,662	 18 1,166,347 6,608,552		111 170,965 5,619,990								
165,662	 7,774,917		5,791,066								
	 92,512	92,512									
\$ 165,662	\$ 8,365,256	\$	6,438,127								
\$ - - -	\$ 515,788 62,554 -	\$	303,561 55,255 493,911								
-	 578,342		852,727								
165,662 	92,512 663,189 7,031,213		125,380 709,300 4,750,720								
165,662	7,786,914		5,585,400								
\$ 165,662	\$ 8,365,256	\$	6,438,127								

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Non-Major Governmental Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2022
(With Comparative Totals for 2021)

DEVENUE		County Road		Road Machinery	Tr	ansportation_		special urpose
REVENUES Real property taxes	\$	4,808,299	\$	1,850,113	\$	1,337,542	\$	_
Departmental income Intergovernmental charges	·	898,920	·	-	·	154,178	·	4,501
Use of money and property		-		-		-		-
Interfund revenues State aid		-		437,416 -		197,348 1,089,593		-
Federal aid Miscellaneous		- 13,304		- 20		1,023,938		-
Total Revenues		5,720,523	_	2,287,549	_	3,802,599	-	4,501
	_	5,720,525	_	2,207,049	_	3,002,399		4,501
EXPENDITURES Current								
Public safety Health		-		-		-		147 28,208
Transportation		4,928,429		2,249,572		2,711,545		-
Debt service Principal								
Serial bonds Energy Performance Contract		-		-		-		-
Installment Purchase	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		
		4,928,429		2,249,572		2,711,545		28,355
Interest Serial bonds		<u>-</u>		-		-		_
Energy Performance Contract		-		-		-		-
Installment Purchase				<u>-</u>			-	
		-	_		_			-
Refunding bond issuance costs								
Total Expenditures		4,928,429		2,249,572		2,711,545		28,355
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		792,094		37,977		1,091,054		(23,854)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Refunding bonds issued Issuance premium Payment to refunded		-		- -		- -		-
bond escrow agent Transfers in		-		- 116,500		- 210,000		-
Transfers out		<u>-</u> _		-		-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		- _		116,500		210,000		
Net Change in Fund Balances		792,094		154,477		1,301,054		(23,854)
FUND BALANCES		4 075 544		000 000		0.004.400		F04 004
Beginning of Year	_	1,975,544	_	606,060	_	2,294,496		521,381
End of Year	\$	2,767,638	\$	760,537	\$	3,595,550	\$ 4	497,527

See independent auditors' report.

Debt		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds				
Service		2022		2021		
\$ 7,085,513 - - 250,634 -	\$	15,081,467 158,679 898,920 250,634 634,764 1,089,593	\$	13,172,470 144,407 817,977 238,805 615,900 1,112,514		
		1,023,938 13,324		1,433,086 24,267		
7,336,147		19,151,319		17,559,426		
- - -		147 28,208 9,889,546		24,006 9,573,302		
5,520,300 186,897 199,912		5,520,300 186,897 199,912		5,365,000 185,923 34,326		
5,907,109		15,825,010		15,182,557		
1,549,382 111,926 2,874	_	1,549,382 111,926 2,874		1,694,410 112,900 5,548		
1,664,182		1,664,182		1,812,858		
				56,580		
7,571,291		17,489,192		17,051,995		
(235,144)		1,662,127		507,431		
-		-		2,485,000 253,453		
212,887 		539,387 -		(2,622,020) 13,200 (58,464)		
212,887		539,387		71,169		
(22,257)		2,201,514		578,600		
187,919		5,585,400		5,006,800		
\$ 165,662	\$	7,786,914	\$	5,585,400		



County Road Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31,

	2022		2021		
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	300	\$	300	
Receivables					
Accounts		18		-	
State and Federal aid Due from other funds		243,270 2,745,362		- 2,440,775	
Due nom other lands		2,140,002		2,440,770	
		2,988,650		2,440,775	
Prepaid expenditures		70,566		96,459	
Total Assets	\$	3,059,516	\$	2,537,534	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	229,451	\$	26,861	
Accrued liabilities Unearned revenues		62,427		41,218	
Official field revenues		<u>-</u> _		493,911	
Total Liabilities		291,878		561,990	
Fund balance					
Nonspendable		70,566		96,459	
Assigned		2,697,072		1,879,085	
Total Fund Balance		2,767,638		1,975,544	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	3,059,516	\$	2,537,534	

County Road Fund
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Years Ended December 31,

	2022							
		Original		Final			Va	ariance with
		Budget		Budget		Actual	F	inal Budget
REVENUES								
Real property taxes	\$	4,808,299	\$	4,808,299	\$	4,808,299	\$	-
Intergovernmental charges		780,000		780,000		898,920		118,920
Miscellaneous		10,000		10,000		13,304		3,304
Total Revenues		5,598,299		5,598,299		5,720,523		122,224
EXPENDITURES Current								
Transportation		5,682,650		5,798,255		4,928,429		869,826
Excess (Deficiency) of								
Revenues Over Expenditures		(84,351)		(199,956)		792,094		992,050
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-		_		-		-
Transfers out				-				
Total Other Financing Uses								
Net Change in Fund Balance		(84,351)		(199,956)		792,094		992,050
FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of Year		84,351		199,956		1,975,544		1,775,588
End of Year	\$	_	\$		\$	2,767,638	\$	2,767,638

	20)21				
Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
\$ 4,370,699 780,000 10,000	\$ 4,370,699 780,000 10,000	\$	4,370,699 817,977 15,070	\$ 37,977 5,070		
5,160,699	5,160,699		5,203,746	43,047		
 5,355,554	 5,504,250		4,869,030	 635,220		
(194,855)	(343,551)		334,716	678,267		
<u>-</u>	13,200 (58,464)		13,200 (58,464)	 <u>-</u>		
 	 (45,264)		(45,264)			
(194,855)	(388,815)		289,452	678,267		
194,855	388,815		1,686,092	1,297,277		
\$ -	\$ 	\$	1,975,544	\$ 1,975,544		



Road Machinery Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31,

ASSETS	 2022	2021
Receivables		
Accounts	\$ -	\$ 111
Due from other funds	 820,946	 650,321
	820,946	650,432
Prepaid expenditures	21,946	 28,255
Total Assets	\$ 842,892	\$ 678,687
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 82,228	\$ 58,590
Accrued liabilities	 127	 14,037
Total Liabilities	82,355	72,627
Fund balance		
Nonspendable	21,946	28,255
Assigned	 738,591	 577,805
Total Fund Balance	 760,537	 606,060
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 842,892	\$ 678,687

Road Machinery Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Years Ended December 31,

	2022						
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget			
REVENUES Real property taxes Interfund revenues Miscellaneous	\$ 1,850,113 446,800 -	\$ 1,850,113 450,800	\$ 1,850,113 437,416 20	\$ - (13,384) 20			
Total Revenues	2,296,913	2,300,913	2,287,549	(13,364)			
EXPENDITURES Current							
Transportation	2,363,323	2,483,823	2,249,572	234,251			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(66,410)	(182,910)	37,977	220,887			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in		116,500	116,500				
Net Change in Fund Balance	(66,410)	(66,410)	154,477	220,887			
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	66,410	66,410	606,060	539,650			
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 760,537	\$ 760,537			

2021								
Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		riance with nal Budget		
\$ 1,747,873 457,850 -	\$	1,747,873 457,850 6,364	\$	1,747,873 520,678 9,197	\$	62,828 2,833		
2,205,723		2,212,087		2,277,748		65,661		
 2,316,135		2,371,209		2,168,124		203,085		
(110,412)		(159,122)		109,624		268,746		
(110,412)		(159,122)		109,624		268,746		
110,412		159,122		496,436		337,314		
\$ 	\$		\$	606,060	\$	606,060		



Transportation Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31,

ASSETS	2022		2021
Receivables State and Federal aid Due from other funds	\$ 923,077 2,876,582	\$	170,965 2,340,975
	3,799,659		2,511,940
Prepaid expenditures	 	_	666
Total Assets	\$ 3,799,659	\$	2,512,606
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 204,109	\$	218,110
Fund balance Nonspendable Assigned	 3,595,550		666 2,293,830
Total Fund Balance	 3,595,550		2,294,496
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 3,799,659	\$	2,512,606

Transportation Fund
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Years Ended December 31,

	2022							
		Original		Final			Va	ariance with
		Budget		Budget		Actual	F	inal Budget
REVENUES								
Real property taxes	\$	1,337,542	\$	1,337,542	\$	1,337,542	\$	-
Departmental income		237,000		237,000		154,178		(82,822)
Interfund revenues		127,320		127,320		197,348		70,028
State aid		884,400		884,400		1,089,593		205,193
Federal aid		323,600		323,600		1,023,938		700,338
Total Revenues		2,909,862		2,909,862		3,802,599		892,737
EXPENDITURES								
Current		0.000.050		0.470.050		0.744.545		407.007
Transportation		2,969,352		3,179,352		2,711,545		467,807
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(59,490)		(269,490)		1,091,054		1,360,544
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in				210 000		210 000		
Transiers in		<u>-</u> _		210,000		210,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(59,490)		(59,490)		1,301,054		1,360,544
FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of Year		59,490		59,490		2,294,496		2,235,006
5 5		,				, - ,		,,
End of Year	\$	-	\$	_	\$	3,595,550	\$	3,595,550

	20)21	
Original	Final		Variance with
Budget	Budget	Actual	Final Budget
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
237,000	237,000	141,175	(95,825)
99,100	99,100	95,222	(3,878)
884,400	884,400	1,112,514	228,114
1,407,845	1,407,845	1,433,086	25,241
2,628,345	2,628,345	2,781,997	153,652
2,838,843	2,838,843	2,536,148	302,695
(210,498)	(210,498)	245,849	456,347
(210,498)	(210,498)	245,849	456,347
210,498	210,498	2,048,647	1,838,149
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,294,496	\$ 2,294,496

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31,

	2022			2021		
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	497,527	\$	521,381		
FUND BALANCE Restricted	\$	497,527	\$	521,381		

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended December 31,

	2022		 2021
REVENUES Departmental income	\$	4,501	\$ 3,232
EXPENDITURES Current			
Public Safety Health		147 28,208	- 24,006
Total Expenditures		28,355	24,006
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(23,854)	(20,774)
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		521,381	 542,155
End of Year	\$	497,527	\$ 521,381



Debt Service Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31,

		2022	2021		
ASSETS Due from other funds	\$	165,662	\$	187,919	
FUND BALANCE Restricted	\$	165,662	\$	187,919	

Debt Service Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Years Ended December 31,

	2022				
	Original	Final		Variance with	
REVENUES	Budget	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	
Real property taxes Use of money and property	\$ 7,085,513 232,465	\$ 7,085,513 232,465	\$ 7,085,513 250,634	\$ - 18,169	
Total Revenues	7,317,978	7,317,978	7,336,147	18,169	
EXPENDITURES Debt service Principal					
Serial bonds	5,520,300	5,520,300	5,520,300	-	
Energy Performance Contract	186,897	186,897	186,897	-	
Installment Purchase	36,598	199,913	199,912	1	
Internet	5,743,795	5,907,110	5,907,109	1	
Interest Serial bonds Energy Performance Contract	1,549,382 111,926	1,549,382 111,926	1,549,382 111,926	-	
Financed Purchase	2,875	2,875	2,874	1	
	1,664,183	1,664,183	1,664,182	1	
Refunding bond issuance costs					
Total Expenditures	7,407,978	7,571,293	7,571,291	2	
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(90,000)	(253,315)	(235,144)	18,171	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Refunding bonds issued	-	_	-	_	
Issuance premium	-	-	-	-	
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Transfers in		212,887	212,887		
Total Other Financing Sources		212,887	212,887		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(90,000)	(40,428)	(22,257)	18,171	
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	90,000	40,428	187,919	147,491	
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 165,662	\$ 165,662	

See independent auditors' report.

		202	21	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
\$	7,053,898 245,219	\$ 7,053,898 238,219	\$ 7,053,898 238,805	\$ - 586
	7,299,117	7,292,117	7,292,703	586_
	5,360,000	5,365,000	5,365,000	_
	185,923	185,923	185,923	_
	34,326	34,326	34,326	-
	5,580,249	5,585,249	5,585,249	
	1,720,420	1,694,411	1,694,410	1
	112,900	112,900	112,900	· -
	5,548	5,548	5,548	_
	1,838,868	1,812,859	1,812,858	1
		64,433	56,580	7,853
	7,419,117	7,462,541	7,454,687	7,854
	(120,000)	(170,424)	(161,984)	8,440
	-	2,485,000 253,453	2,485,000 253,453	-
	-	(2,622,020)	(2,622,020)	-
	<u>-</u>		(2,022,020)	
	<u>-</u>	116,433	116,433	
	(120,000)	(53,991)	(45,551)	8,440
	120,000	53,991	233,470	179,479
\$	_	\$ -	\$ 187,919	\$ 187,919
÷		·		



ENTERPRISE FUND

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private enterprises or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability. Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that provide services to the public. The operations of the Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation, a blended component unit, are recorded as an enterprise fund.

Enterprise Fund -

Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation

Comparative Statement of Net Position

December 31,

		2022		2021		
ASSETS						
Current assets	_		_			
Cash and equivalents	\$	69,348	\$	108,733		
Accounts receivable		1,160,000		1,057,620		
Prepaid expenses		8,173		7,866		
Total Current Assets		1,237,521		1,174,219		
Noncurrent assets						
Restricted cash and equivalents		975		477		
Restricted investments		1,213,438		1,207,939		
Total Noncurrent Assets		1,214,413		1,208,416		
Total Assets		2,451,934		2,382,635		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred loss on refunding bonds		602,372		693,029		
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Accrued liabilities		65,062		67,146		
Current maturities of bonds payable		300,000		355,000		
Total Current Liabilities		365,062		422,146		
Noncurrent liabilities						
Bonds payable, less current maturities		19,531,759		19,557,801		
		-,,		- , ,		
Total Liabilities		19,896,821		19,979,947		
NET POSITION						
Unrestricted	\$	(16,842,515)	\$	(16,904,283)		

Enterprise Fund -

Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended December 31,

	2022			2021	
OPERATING REVENUES	Φ	4 004 075	Ф	4 040 700	
Tobacco settlement revenues	\$	1,294,075	\$	1,219,723	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Professional fees		11,071		16,821	
Insurance		7,866		7,600	
Administrative charges		32,000		32,000	
Total Operating Expenses		50,937		56,421	
Income from Operations		1,243,138		1,163,302	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest income		19,411		69	
Interest expense		(1,200,781)		(1,206,175)	
Total Non-Operating Expenses		(1,181,370)		(1,206,106)	
Change in Net Position		61,768		(42,804)	
NET POSITION					
Beginning of Year		(16,904,283)		(16,861,479)	
End of Year	\$	(16,842,515)	\$	(16,904,283)	

Enterprise Fund -

Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation

Comparative Statement of Cash Flows

Years Ended December 31,

	 2022	 2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from tobacco settlement revenues Cash payments to vendors	\$ 1,191,695 (51,244)	\$ 1,161,909 (56,687)
Net Cash From Operating Activities	 1,140,451	 1,105,222
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income	 13,912	 69
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of bonds Interest paid	 (400,000) (793,250)	 (300,000) (815,125)
Net Cash From Non-Capital Financing Activities	 (1,193,250)	 (1,115,125)
Net Change in Cash and Equivalents	(38,887)	(9,834)
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS Beginning of Year	 109,210	 119,044
End of Year	\$ 70,323	\$ 109,210
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND EQUIVALENTS TO THE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION		
Cash and equivalents Restricted cash and equivalents	\$ 69,348 975	\$ 108,733 477
	\$ 70,323	\$ 109,210
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Income from operations Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash from operating activities Changes in assets and liabilities	\$ 1,243,138	\$ 1,163,302
Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	 (102,380) (307)	 (57,814) (266)
Net Cash From Operating Activities	\$ 1,140,451	\$ 1,105,222
NONCASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES Increase in bonds payable from amortization of original issue discount	\$ 25,564	\$ 25,564
Increase in bonds payable from accreted interest on Series 2005 capital appreciation bonds	293,394	276,391
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources from amortization of loss on refunding bonds	90,657	90,657



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds account for operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The County has established its Workers' Compensation Benefits and Casualty Reserve Benefits funds as internal service funds.

Internal Service Funds
Combining Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2022
(With Comparative Totals for 2021)

	Workers' Compensation		-		Totals			
		Benefits		Benefits		2022		2021
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	3,896,870	\$	1,475,035	\$	5,371,905	\$	4,518,569 24,645
Due from other funds		1,061,872				1,061,872		1,824,950
Total Assets		4,958,742	_	1,475,035		6,433,777		6,368,164
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Current portion of claims payable		431,000		-		431,000		426,000
Noncurrent liabilities Claims payable, less current portion		3,876,437				3,876,437		3,829,094
Total Liabilities		4,307,437				4,307,437		4,255,094
NET POSITION Restricted	\$	651,305	\$	1,475,035	\$	2,126,340	\$	2,113,070



Internal Service Funds
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and
Changes in Net Position
Year Ended December 31, 2022
(With Comparative Totals for 2021)

	Workers' Compensation	,		otals	
	Benefits	Benefits	2022	2021	
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 971,15	<u> </u>	\$ 971,158	\$ 1,829,521	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Administration	325,14	-	325,142	272,742	
Employee benefits	668,36	<u> </u>	668,361	1,561,121	
Total Operating Expenses	993,50	3 -	993,503	1,833,863	
Income (Loss) from Operations	(22,34	5) -	(22,345)	(4,342)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES Interest income	22,34	5 13,270	35,615	7,832	
Change in Net Position		- 13,270	13,270	3,490	
NET POSITION					
Beginning of Year	651,30	5 1,461,765	2,113,070	2,109,580	
End of Year	\$ 651,30	5 \$ 1,475,035	\$ 2,126,340	\$ 2,113,070	

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for 2021)

	Workers' Compensation Benefits		Casualty Reserve Benefits	
Cash received from interfund services provided Cash received from miscellaneous Cash payments to insurance carriers and claimants Cash payments to vendors	\$	1,734,236 24,645 (616,018) (325,142)	\$	- - - -
Net Cash From Operating Activities		817,721		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income Net Change in Cash and Equivalents		22,345 840,066		13,270 13,270
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS		040,000		13,270
Beginning of Year		3,056,804		1,461,765
End of Year	\$	3,896,870	\$	1,475,035
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Income (loss) from operations Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to net cash from operating activities Changes in operating assets and	\$	(22,345)	\$	-
liabilities Accounts receivable Due from other funds Claims payable		24,645 763,078 52,343		- - -
Net Cash From Operating Activities	\$	817,721	\$	

Totals								
	2022		2021					
\$	1,734,236 24,645 (616,018) (325,142)	\$	820,670 63,308 (1,228,319) (272,742)					
	817,721		(617,083)					
	35,615		7,832					
	853,336		(609,251)					
	4,518,569		5,127,820					
\$	5,371,905	\$	4,518,569					
\$	(22,345)	\$	(4,342)					
	24,645 763,078 52,343		63,308 (1,008,851) 332,802					
\$	817,721	\$	(617,083)					

Internal Service Fund - Workers' Compensation Benefits Fund Comparative Statement of Net Position December 31,

	2022	2021
ASSETS		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 3,896,870	\$ 3,056,804
Accounts receivable	-	24,645
Due from other funds	 1,061,872	1,824,950
Total Assets	 4,958,742	 4,906,399
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Current portion of claims payable	431,000	426,000
Noncurrent liabilities		
Claims payable, less current portion	 3,876,437	 3,829,094
Total Liabilities	4,307,437	4,255,094
NET POSITION		
Restricted	\$ 651,305	\$ 651,305

Internal Service Fund - Workers' Compensation Benefits Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Years Ended December 31,

	 2022	 2021
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$ 971,158	\$ 1,829,521
OPERATING EXPENSES Administration Employee benefits	325,142 668,361	272,742 1,561,121
Total Operating Expenses	 993,503	 1,833,863
Loss from Operations	(22,345)	(4,342)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES Interest income	 22,345	 4,342
Change in Net Position	-	-
NET POSITION Beginning of Year	651,305	651,305
End of Year	\$ 651,305	\$ 651,305

Internal Service Fund - Workers' Compensation Benefits Fund Comparative Statement of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31,

	 2022	 2021
Cash FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from interfund services provided Cash received from miscellaneous Cash payments to insurance carriers and claimants Cash payments to vendors	\$ 1,734,236 24,645 (616,018) (325,142)	\$ 820,670 63,308 (1,228,319) (272,742)
Net Cash From Operating Activities	817,721	(617,083)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income	22,345	 4,342
Net Change in Cash and Equivalents	840,066	(612,741)
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS Beginning of Year	3,056,804	 3,669,545
End of Year	\$ 3,896,870	\$ 3,056,804
RECONCILIATION OF LOSS FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Loss from operations Adjustments to reconcile loss from operations to net cash from operating activities Changes in operating assets and liabilities	\$ (22,345)	\$ (4,342)
Accounts receivable Due from other funds Claims payable	24,645 763,078 52,343	63,308 (1,008,851) 332,802
Net Cash From Operating Activities	\$ 817,721	\$ (617,083)

Internal Service Fund - Casualty Reserve Benefits Fund Comparative Statement of Net Position December 31,

ACCETO	2022	2021
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 1,475,035	\$ 1,461,765
NET POSITION		
Restricted	\$ 1,475,035	\$ 1,461,765

Internal Service Fund - Casualty Reserve Benefits Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Years Ended December 31,

	2022		2021	
OPERATING REVENUES	\$	-	\$	-
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Income from Operations		-		-
NON-OPERATING REVENUES Interest income		13,270		3,490
Change in Net Position		13,270		3,490
NET POSITION Beginning of Year		1,461,765		1,458,275
End of Year	\$	1,475,035	\$	1,461,765

Internal Service Fund - Casualty Reserve Benefits Fund Comparative Statement of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31,

	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income	\$ 13,270	\$ 3,490
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS Beginning of Year	 1,461,765	 1,458,275
End of Year	\$ 1,475,035	\$ 1,461,765
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Income from operations	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>



STATISTICAL SECTION

(Unaudited)

This part of the County's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. These schedules include:

Net Position by Component

Changes in Net Position

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Net Position By Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016		
Governmental Activities: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 45,072,13 6,463,64 (47,364,90	2 7,092,530	\$ 43,227,146 3,997,935 (69,542,557)	\$ 43,366,761 4,941,107 (80,343,037)		
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 4,170,87	<u>\$ (11,495,128)</u>	\$ (22,317,476)	\$ (32,035,169)		
Business - Type Activities (1) - Unrestricted	\$ (16,353,57	<u>\$ (16,363,877)</u>	\$ (15,781,169)	\$ (15,712,150)		
Primary Government: Net Invested in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted Total Primary Government	\$ 45,072,13 6,463,64 (63,718,48	2 7,092,530	\$ 43,227,146 3,997,935 (85,323,726)	\$ 43,366,761 4,941,107 (96,055,187)		
Net Position	\$ (12,182,70	<u>\$ (27,859,005)</u>	\$ (38,098,645)	\$ (47,747,319)		

⁽¹⁾ The activities of the Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation have been included as a blended component unit effective with the 2004 fiscal year in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Technical Bulletin 2004-1.

2017 2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		
\$	44,759,518 5,546,032	\$ 46,926,061 4,817,914	\$	52,651,372 5,361,753	\$	57,507,148 5,911,605	\$	69,747,477 6,590,759	\$	87,425,200 4,582,856
\$	(88,289,627)	\$ (138,584,471) (86,840,496)	\$	(136,810,909)	\$	(138,143,085)	\$	(121,934,230) (45,595,994)	\$	(9,484,637)
\$	(16,114,189)	\$ (16,364,851)	\$	(16,747,866)	\$	(16,861,479)	\$	(16,904,283)	\$	(16,842,515)
\$	44,759,518 5,546,032 (104,403,816)	\$ 46,926,061 4,817,914 (154,949,322)	\$	52,651,372 5,361,753 (153,558,775)	\$	57,507,148 5,911,605 (155,004,564)	\$	69,747,477 6,590,759 (138,838,513)	\$	87,425,200 4,582,856 (118,335,208)
\$	(54,098,266)	\$ (103,205,347)	\$	(95,545,650)	\$	(91,585,811)	\$	(62,500,277)	\$	(26,327,152)

Changes In Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2013		2014		2015		2016
Expenses								
Governmental Activities:	φ	20 010 110	æ	22 252 664	Φ	20 000 717	φ	20 652 222
General government support Education	\$	29,010,140 10,201,595	\$	32,353,661 9,378,964	\$	29,090,717 9,406,579	\$	28,652,223 9,617,363
Public safety		39,752,916		39,778,386		40,422,619		40,992,057
Health		13,394,756		13,669,801		13,424,309		15,173,052
Transportation		17,916,455		17,636,756		18,177,587		17,657,346
Economic opportunity		,,		, ,		-, ,		, ,
and development		37,271,454		35,934,835		36,112,568		36,955,938
Culture and recreation		4,275,442		5,085,712		5,622,633		5,619,737
Home and community								
services		4,352,084		2,671,019		2,031,015		1,706,362
Interest		2,703,395		1,963,765		2,152,974		2,074,647
Total Governmental Activities Expenses		158,878,237		158,472,899		156,441,001		158,448,725
Business-type Activities (1) -								
Putnam Tobacco Asset								
Securitization Corporation		1,247,211		1,244,728		1,248,860		1,219,183
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	160,125,448	\$	159,717,627	\$	157,689,861	\$	159,667,908
Program Revenues								
Governmental Activities:								
Charges for Services:								
General government support	\$	6,228,521	\$	5,707,939	\$	4,920,516	\$	5,205,591
Public safety		1,886,017		1,927,751		1,938,396		2,329,177
Health		1,059,363		883,497		981,362		889,807
Transportation		1,160,914		1,471,585		1,606,913		1,053,074
Economic opportunity		4 000 477		0.000.070		4 000 005		4 005 040
and development		1,866,177		2,066,278		1,930,935		1,695,010
Culture and recreation Home and community		1,767,649		2,116,042		2,394,896		2,493,753
services		168,781		192,699		25,442		26,205
Operating Grants and Contributions		25,608,248		25,153,744		25,909,207		27,796,595
Capital Grants and Contributions		3,284,480		3,357,947		5,248,262		5,205,333
·								
Total Governmental Activities								
Program Revenues		43,030,150		42,877,482		44,955,929		46,694,545
Business-type Activities -								
Charges for Services -								
Putnam Tobacco Asset								
Securitization Corporation		1,069,644	_	1,259,418		1,856,566	_	1,309,584
Total Primary Government								
Program Revenues	\$	44,099,794	\$	44,136,900	\$	46,812,495	\$	48,004,129

2017	 2018	 2019	 2020	 2021	 2022
\$ 27,992,898 10,423,919 42,110,925 14,694,859 16,749,862 36,666,894 6,049,103 1,893,965	\$ 27,004,646 11,030,390 40,565,332 13,991,655 17,785,751 35,563,347 7,683,154 1,673,642	\$ 28,623,123 11,792,890 43,324,029 13,165,335 17,033,546 35,231,120 7,788,837 1,741,520	\$ 34,378,393 10,415,221 47,556,214 15,911,465 16,659,571 36,738,696 6,774,939 1,962,064	\$ 30,745,529 11,271,247 46,003,787 15,034,635 16,815,999 32,007,436 7,315,762 2,412,947	\$ 30,954,017 11,990,756 43,918,619 15,563,463 18,469,275 33,289,812 8,078,852 2,120,436
 1,993,587	 1,853,636	 1,774,441	 1,670,510	 1,596,626	 1,479,602
158,576,012	157,151,553	160,474,841	172,067,073	163,203,968	165,864,832
 1,199,494	 1,247,113	 1,255,515	 1,254,725	 1,262,596	 1,251,718
\$ 159,775,506	\$ 158,398,666	\$ 161,730,356	\$ 173,321,798	\$ 164,466,564	\$ 167,116,550
\$ 5,614,047 2,431,110 860,578 1,391,748	\$ 5,533,225 2,540,504 808,316 1,510,055	\$ 5,612,413 2,936,152 797,551 1,463,351	\$ 5,575,030 2,899,064 798,160 824,553	\$ 5,948,188 4,080,578 807,082 960,142	\$ 5,757,977 3,612,088 760,318 1,056,241
1,681,662 2,480,154	1,464,989 2,966,723	1,817,343 3,269,013	2,185,220 2,533,460	1,913,583 3,240,268	1,419,639 3,048,461
 25,232 26,756,792 3,670,446	 25,379 28,459,366 5,357,376	 51,194 27,689,882 7,386,047	 27,750 30,713,513 7,457,186	 48,195 29,971,614 15,008,390	 49,785 33,357,880 13,844,520
44,911,769	48,665,933	51,022,946	53,013,936	61,978,040	62,906,909
 815,054	 969,450	 836,968	 1,128,270	 1,219,723	 1,294,075
\$ 45,726,823	\$ 49,635,383	\$ 51,859,914	\$ 54,142,206	\$ 63,197,763	\$ 64,200,984

(Continued)

Last Ten Fiscal years

	 2013	 2014	2015	 2016
Net Expense/Revenue: Governmental Activities Business-type Activities	\$ (115,848,087) (177,567)	\$ (115,595,417) 14,690	\$ (111,485,072) 607,706	\$ (111,754,180) 90,401
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$ (116,025,654)	\$ (115,580,727)	\$ (110,877,366)	\$ (111,663,779)
General Revenues Governmental Activities: Taxes:				
Real Property Taxes Other Tax Items Non-property Taxes Unrestricted Use of Money and Property Sale of Property and	\$ 35,107,514 4,940,649 53,330,206 69,557	\$ 37,835,861 5,041,598 56,105,827 73,494	\$ 41,083,016 5,035,733 55,080,624 64,357	\$ 35,664,434 5,479,429 60,120,626 103,012
Compensation for Loss Miscellaneous Opioid Settlement Transfers	129,251 315,148 - 25,000	111,315 736,322 - 25,000	55,389 944,903 - 25,000	107,346 536,640 - 25,000
Total Governmental Activities	93,917,325	99,929,417	102,289,022	102,036,487
Business-type Activities: Unrestricted Use of Money and Property Transfers	 161 (25,000)	 10 (25,000)	2 (25,000)	 3,618 (25,000)
Total Business-type Activities	 (24,839)	 (24,990)	 (24,998)	 (21,382)
Total Primary Government General Revenues	\$ 93,892,486	\$ 99,904,427	\$ 102,264,024	\$ 102,015,105
Change in Net Position Governmental Activities Business-type Activities	\$ (21,930,762) (202,406)	\$ (15,666,000) (10,300)	\$ (9,196,050) 582,708	\$ (9,717,693) 69,019
Total Primary Government	\$ (22,133,168)	\$ (15,676,300)	\$ (8,613,342)	\$ (9,648,674)

⁽¹⁾ The activities of the Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation have been included as a blended component unit effective with the 2004 fiscal year in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Technical Bulletin 2004-1.

2017	 2018	 2019		2020	 2021	 2022
\$ (113,664,243) (384,440)	\$ (108,485,620) (277,663)	\$ (109,451,895) (418,547)	\$	(119,053,137) (126,455)	\$ (101,225,928) (42,873)	\$ (102,957,923) 42,357
\$ (114,048,683)	\$ (108,763,283)	\$ (109,870,442)	\$	(119,179,592)	\$ (101,268,801)	\$ (102,915,566)
\$ 41,792,992 4,692,425 60,000,569 215,857	\$ 43,134,059 4,877,949 64,525,488 465,110	\$ 42,793,970 5,464,888 67,710,168 744,452	\$	49,146,545 5,053,180 67,683,950 220,874	\$ 43,848,387 4,849,033 79,874,243 125,615	\$ 45,879,692 5,390,190 83,550,054 1,223,652
57,812 925,680 - 30,000	 111,591 520,599 - -	 119,219 661,910 - -		140,990 881,050 - -	 450,993 1,205,995 - -	 189,595 831,008 2,005,089
107,715,335	 113,634,796	 117,494,607	_	123,126,589	 130,354,266	 139,069,280
 12,401 (30,000)	 27,001	 35,532 		12,842 	 69 -	 19,411 <u>-</u>
 (17,599)	 27,001	 35,532	_	12,842	 69	 19,411
\$ 107,697,736	\$ 113,661,797	\$ 117,530,139	\$	123,139,431	\$ 130,354,335	\$ 139,088,691
\$ (5,948,908) (402,039)	\$ 5,149,176 (250,662)	\$ 8,042,712 (383,015)	\$	4,073,452 (113,613)	\$ 29,128,338 (42,804)	\$ 36,111,357 61,768
\$ (6,350,947)	\$ 4,898,514	\$ 7,659,697	\$	3,959,839	\$ 29,085,534	\$ 36,173,125

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

0 15 1		2013	 2014	 2015	 2016
General Fund Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	\$	2,415,521 3,919,221 - 11,365,343 18,825,288	\$ 2,003,733 3,781,919 - 8,963,563 20,129,757	\$ 4,386,166 3,916,163 5,719,436 8,857,851 12,476,739	\$ 3,848,189 1,870,489 - 18,057,991 13,869,403
Total General Fund	\$	36,525,373	\$ 34,878,972	\$ 35,356,355	\$ 37,646,072
All Other Governmental Funds Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	\$	- 6,376,769 2,275,430 -	\$ - 5,942,998 2,083,484 -	\$ 141,323 3,847,638 1,990,264	\$ 127,105 5,412,111 2,580,944
Total All Other Governmental Funds	<u>\$</u>	8,652,199	\$ 8,026,482	\$ 5,979,225	\$ 8,120,160
Total Governmental Funds	\$	45,177,572	\$ 42,905,454	\$ 41,335,580	\$ 45,766,232

^{(1) -} The County implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010.

	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
\$	3,986,893 1,847,169	\$	3,929,419 1,903,800	\$	3,881,182 2,375,913	\$	5,895,830 3,026,400	\$	6,409,653 3,768,389	\$	6,127,791 1,793,327
	18,101,617 15,845,855		15,715,837 21,977,572		14,510,528 29,864,516		15,612,466 43,267,359		14,733,372 65,679,390		33,122,859 71,425,850
\$	39,781,534	\$	43,526,628	\$	50,632,139	\$	67,802,055	\$	90,590,804	\$	112,469,827
\$	109,101	\$	95,281	\$	93,783	\$	98,045	\$	125,380	\$	92,512
Ψ	5,505,991 2,583,857	Ψ	6,857,500 2,250,627	Ψ	8,274,205 2,478,311	Ψ	11,909,281 4,133,130	Ψ	10,687,875 4,750,720	Ψ	15,663,576 7,031,213
	-		-		-		-		-		-
\$	8,198,949	\$	9,203,408	\$	10,846,299	\$	16,140,456	\$	15,563,975	\$	22,787,301
\$	47,980,483	\$	52,730,036	\$	61,478,438	\$	83,942,511	\$	106,154,779	\$	135,257,128

East Tell I Iscal Teals								
		2013		2014		2015		2016
_					-			_
Revenues	•	00 007 000	•	00 100 507	•	00 774 700	•	00 004 000
Real property taxes	\$	38,627,329	\$	38,400,507	\$	38,771,702	\$	39,304,229
Other tax items		4,940,649		5,041,598		5,035,733		5,479,429
Non-property taxes		53,330,206		56,105,827		55,080,624		60,120,626
Departmental income		11,762,688		11,715,452		10,963,865		11,111,171
Intergovernmental charges		816,455		1,174,922		1,308,496		753,928
Use of money and property		624,530		625,687		584,850		638,292
Licenses and permits		845,309		741,059		775,203		861,486
Fines and forfeitures		218,880		195,607		224,407		249,508
Sale of property and compensation								
for loss		129,251		111,528		55,389		107,346
Interfund revenues		306,735		411,117		428,071		372,217
State aid		16,441,729		16,474,187		18,175,724		19,323,125
Federal aid		9,576,958		9,962,601		10,525,090		12,418,266
Miscellaneous		3,127,022		2,788,748		3,400,237		1,970,646
		-, ,-		,,		-,, -		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Total Revenues		140,747,741		143,748,840		145,329,391	_	152,710,269
Expenditures								
Current								
General government support		22,480,066		27,219,313		24,043,863		24,070,985
Education		10,196,769		9,379,106		9,408,513		9,618,908
Public safety		32,804,565		34,541,586		35,198,063		36,303,280
Health		10,538,785		11,464,578		11,522,277		12,945,287
Transportation		10,471,149		11,457,884		11,808,058		10,642,584
Economic opportunity and development		32,665,550		32,481,284		32,420,370		34,241,746
Culture and recreation		3,140,717		3,429,702		3,601,424		4,686,558
Home and community services		1,753,532		1,768,927		1,721,015		1,640,432
Employee benefits		3,855,901		4,045,623		4,202,823		4,578,254
Debt Service:		0,000,001		1,010,020		1,202,020		1,070,201
Principal Principal		2,910,181		3,396,535		3,848,000		4,063,274
Interest		2,462,757		2,456,043		2,320,914		2,203,331
Refunding bond issuance costs		145,747		2,430,043		108,412		2,203,331
Capital Outlay		7,266,229		6,883,651		6,828,945		7,524,553
Capital Outlay		1,200,229		0,000,001		0,020,943		7,024,000
Total Expenditures		140,691,948		148,524,232		147,032,677	_	152,519,192
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		55,793		(4,775,392)		(1,703,286)		191,077
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Bonds issued		3,113,000		3,478,274		_		4,214,575
Refunding bonds issued		19,965,000		-		11,060,000		-
Issuance premium		1,419,607		_		1,544,523		_
Energy performance contract issued		-, ,		_		-,01.,020		_
Financed purchase debt issued		_		_		_		_
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		(21,191,322)		_		(12,496,111)		_
Leases Issued		(21,131,022)		_		(12,430,111)		_
Transfers in		487,280		924,161		935,756		936,561
Transfers out		(462,280)		(1,899,161)		(910,756)		(911,561)
Total Other Financing Sources		3,331,285		2,503,274		133,412	_	4,239,575
·		_	_				_	_
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	3,387,078	\$	(2,272,118)	\$	(1,569,874)	\$	4,430,652
Debt Service as a Percentage of Non-Capital Expenditures		4.0%		4.1%		4.4%		4.3%

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 41,793,023 4,692,425 60,000,569 11,348,444 1,124,919 872,168 805,881	\$ 40,231,841 4,877,949 64,525,488 11,421,718 1,275,182 1,026,855 924,395	\$ 41,177,572 5,464,888 67,710,168 12,560,243 1,230,723 1,248,370 879,168	\$ 47,543,092 2,335,370 67,683,950 11,933,405 717,182 716,562 961,520	\$ 43,470,407 4,628,143 79,874,243 13,882,209 817,977 759,126 951,118	\$ 45,701,801 5,390,190 83,550,054 12,256,866 898,920 2,030,866 999,600
201,658 57,812	218,697 111,591	312,323 119,219	222,760 140,990	173,583 450,993	125,420 189,595
385,281 19,738,249 9,937,788 2,004,772	595,917 21,935,041 11,195,803 1,618,224	569,536 23,021,242 11,428,019 1,594,518	457,236 24,485,166 12,921,128 2,228,230	430,993 615,900 24,319,540 17,107,225 2,861,847	634,764 27,880,240 18,121,917 2,182,145
152,962,989	159,958,701	167,315,989	172,346,591	189,912,311	199,962,378
23,754,954 10,423,919 36,767,396 13,026,106 10,890,372 33,639,289	23,863,181 11,030,625 36,368,645 12,878,133 11,670,153 33,492,969	24,869,527 11,793,506 37,283,576 11,791,534 11,446,902 32,905,063	24,904,477 10,508,173 36,339,893 12,623,328 9,550,576 31,943,130	26,294,133 11,214,715 38,530,921 13,276,228 10,970,715 29,800,621	26,549,089 11,891,287 36,971,966 13,933,738 11,432,589 30,521,966
4,983,259 1,742,315	5,916,734 1,593,484	6,329,687 1,636,429	5,077,068 1,743,828	6,081,277 2,290,104	6,475,356 1,847,333
4,750,314	5,053,139	5,178,712	5,395,673	5,325,954	6,007,920
4,210,000 2,134,655	4,609,575 2,058,557	4,973,350 1,952,089 63,045	5,228,125 1,793,359 54,589	5,585,249 1,812,858 56,580	5,907,109 1,664,182
8,628,997	8,732,562	8,407,212	14,988,031	19,635,121	18,688,830
154,951,576	157,267,757	158,630,632	160,150,250	170,874,476	171,891,365
(1,988,587)	2,690,944	8,685,357	12,196,341	19,037,835	28,071,013
4,133,350 - 39,488	2,033,125 - 25,484	3,315,000 239,641	5,845,300 2,865,000 408,135 4,184,693	3,058,000 2,485,000 253,453	- - - -
- -	-	(3,491,596)	183,150 (3,218,546)	(2,622,020)	868,086
- 2,151,816	- 3,148,201	- 3,145,001	- 2,362,778	- 524,431	163,250 9,674,379
(2,121,816)	(3,148,201)	(3,145,001)	(2,362,778)	(524,431)	(9,674,379)
4,202,838	2,058,609	63,045	10,267,732	3,174,433	1,031,336
\$ 2,214,251	\$ 4,749,553	\$ 8,748,402	\$ 22,464,073	\$ 22,212,268	\$ 29,102,349
4.4%	4.5%	4.6%	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%



Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax. These schedules include:

Sales Tax Rates

Taxable Sales by Industry

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation

Principal Taxpayers

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Sales Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016
New York State *	4.000 %	4.000 %	4.000 %	4.000 %
MTA (1) **	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375
County ***	4.000	4.000	4.000	4.000
Total	8.375 %	8.375 %	8.375 %	8.375 %

(1) Metropolitan Transit Authority

- * Effective June 1, 2003 May 31, 2005 the NYS rate increased from 4% to 4 1/2% Effective June 1, 2005 the NYS rate decreased from 4 1/2% to 4%.
- ** Effective June 1, 2005 the MTA rate increased from 1/4% to 3/8%
- *** Effective September 1, 2005 the County rate increased from 3% to 3.5% Effective September 1, 2007 the County rate increased from 3.5% to 4%.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
4.000 %	4.000 %	4.000 %	4.000 %	4.000 %	4.000 %
0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375
4.000	4.000	4.000	4.000	4.000	4.000
8.375 %	8.375 %	8.375 %	8.375 %	8.375 %	8.375 %

Taxable Sales By Industry Ten Years Stated

Industry		arch 2013 to bruary 2014		arch 2014 to bruary 2015		arch 2015 to bruary 2016		arch 2016 to bruary 2017
Utilities (excluding residential energy)	\$	30,784	\$	28,496	\$	24,298	\$	24,815
Construction		25,570		28,290		29,108		34,852
Manufacturing		35,798		35,585		41,628		65,696
Wholesale Trade		82,481		81,939		81,830		90,728
Retail Trade:								
Motor Vehicles and Parts		190,250		208,174		226,475		228,186
Furniture and Home Furnishings		17,545		18,364		19,851		23,857
Electronics and Appliances		11,209		11,191		12,084		12,703
Building Materials and Garden Equipment		90,845		91,508		98,053		100,704
Food and Beverage		87,256		89,562		89,625		87,001
Health and Personal Care		16,826		16,115		16,646		17,097
Gasoline Stations		170,905		157,072		122,539		118,981
Clothing		22,176		25,869		27,384		29,570
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book and Music Stores		9,455		14,268		16,118		15,878
General Merchandise		38,215		38,609		39,383		37,506
Miscellaneous Retail		46,035		44,409		40,740		44,646
Nonstore Retail		49,966		52,268		54,252		59,051
Information		72,960		74,899		76,778		74,351
Professional, Scientific, and Technical		10,752		11,540		11,934		14,045
Administrative/Support Services		32,244		34,574		37,402		40,776
Health Care		1,804		1,194		1,468		2,231
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation		15,448		17,718		18,834		18,337
Accommodation and Food Services:								
Accommodation		1,729		1,691		1,923		1,753
Food Services		97,678		101,091		110,632		115,983
Other Services:								
Repair and Maintenance		44,991		46,604		49,562		52,362
Personal and Laundry Services		5,602		5,985		6,577		6,097
All Other Services		705		578		615		646
Ag., Mining, Trans., Fire, Educ., Govt.		42,496		42,836		52,024		128,661
Unclassified by Industry		5,302	_	3,812	_	287	_	500
Grand Total	\$	1,257,027	\$	1,284,241	\$	1,308,050	\$	1,447,013

	March 2017 to March 2018 to February 2018 February 2019					March 2020 to February 2021		March 2021 to February 2022**		March 2022 to February 2023*	
\$	28,617	\$	34,821	\$	39,119	\$	37,175	\$	39,169	\$	42,626
*	37,287	*	41,167	•	39,991	•	36,604	*	44,337	*	48,642
	48,896		57,512		62,888		73,216		84,454		93,564
	92,545		109,290		106,242		107,158		134,400		152,171
	235,809		250,563		247,632		230,784		266,302		276,676
	25,652		25,100		26,766		27,795		35,160		32,273
	12,253		13,106		12,845		15,443		17,563		18,049
	105,540		112,374		112,179		132,902		145,830		154,022
	92,896		106,514		120,105		122,532		127,405		120,954
	17,472		17,903		18,057		18,607		18,982		19,164
	123,321		121,930		119,384		88,956		125,746		106,412
	32,474		35,323		41,241		41,320		50,901		51,554
	15,374		15,623		17,565		24,043		22,690		20,870
	37,648		36,791		30,257		26,821		32,317		30,910
	43,767		44,700		44,229		52,727		61,740		66,840
	68,017		77,091		114,975		197,015		219,876		226,068
	71,183		69,986		78,956		85,206		87,088		83,784
	13,493		15,902		19,941		19,006		31,574		27,376
	41,005		47,483		59,576		48,045		51,484		52,873
	2,293		3,746		3,574		4,446		4,040		2,798
	19,175		20,627		21,316		14,170		19,994		21,016
	1,590		1,940		1,878		1,885		3,300		3,603
	118,604		119,966		123,957		102,058		142,420		157,732
	53,804		56,782		56,629		50,255		63,095		69,202
	7,842		7,886		7,959		5,656		8,188		11,055
	618		580		569		229		382		435
	125,771		132,192		139,176		144,349		160,164		167,163
-	354	_	526	_	513	_	1,147		1,473	_	2,093
\$	1,473,300	\$	1,577,424	\$	1,667,519	\$	1,709,550	\$	2,000,074	\$	2,059,925



Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Commercial Property (3)	Residential Property (3)	Total Net Taxable Assessed Value (1)	State Special Equalization Rate (2)	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2013	\$ 2,104,054,697	\$ 8,591,649,861	10,695,704,558	79.11 % \$	13,520,041,155	\$ 3.75
2014	2,024,797,218	8,451,494,698	10,476,291,916	79.56	13,167,787,728	3.91
2015	2,088,710,755	8,256,117,153	10,344,827,908	78.61	13,159,684,401	3.88
2016	1,824,882,385	8,577,549,147	10,402,431,532	77.89	13,355,285,058	3.08
2017	1,904,362,639	8,500,005,949	10,404,368,588	77.55	13,416,336,026	3.09
2018	2,297,915,761	10,214,081,096	12,511,996,857	91.48	13,677,303,079	3.10
2019	2,318,696,605	10,822,488,745	13,141,185,350	91.67	14,335,317,279	3.10
2020	2,388,805,649	11,147,809,447	13,536,615,096	91.39	14,811,921,541	3.10
2021	2,361,825,418	11,608,162,852	13,969,988,270	89.19	15,663,177,789	3.10
2022	2,390,706,247	11,581,545,064	13,972,251,311	90.57	15,427,019,224	3.02

⁽¹⁾ Assessed valuations are established by the Town governments comprising the County.

Note: Estimated actual taxable value is calculated by dividing taxable assessed value by the state special equalization rate. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

⁽²⁾ The equalization rate is the average of the equalization rates for each of the six towns within the County.

The Town's equalization rates are established by the New York State Board of Equalization and Assessment.

⁽³⁾ Real Property Department

N/A Breakout of total taxable assessed value between commercial and residential is not readily available

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, Per \$1,000 Of Assessed Valuation Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
County Direct Rates	\$ 3.62	\$ 3.75	\$ 3.91	\$ 3.88	\$ 3.08	
Town Rates	1.32-7.41	1.34 - 7.83	1.41-8.03	1.42 - 8.20	1.42 - 8.34	
Village Rates	4.37-10.37	4.60 - 10.68	4.73-10.81	4.69 - 10.97	4.76 - 11.03	
School Districts	9.54-54.58	9.16 - 58.47	9.46-52.29	9.45 - 57.31	9.64 - 67.50	

Source: State of New York, Office of the State Comptroller.

_	2018	2019	 2020		2021	2022		
	\$ 3.09	\$ 3.10	\$ 3.10	\$	3.10	\$	3.02	
	1.46 - 8.08	1.95-7.52	1.37-7.52		1.36-7.49		1.31-7.46	
	4.76 - 12.04	4.65-11.36	4.54-11.51		4.38-11.51		4.45-11.71	
	9.85 - 53.95	9.96-52.22	9.93-52.45		9.75-52.52		9.46-56.15	

Principal Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2022			
Rank	Тахрауег	Type of Business	 Taxable Assessed Valuation	Percent of Taxable Assessed Valuation	
1	City of New York	Government	\$ 742,295,871	5.31 %	
2	State of New York	Government	206,688,359	1.48	
3	NYS Electric & Gas Corporation	Public Utility	184,475,523	1.32	
4	Algonquin Gas Transmission Company	Public Utility	92,445,232	0.66	
5	Verizon New York, Inc.	Public Utility	36,089,926	0.26	
6	Central Hudson	Public Utility	35,707,519	0.26	
7	Consolidated Edison	Public Utility	25,115,470	0.18	
8	UB Brewster LLC	Private Corp.	23,286,328	0.17	
9	Highlands Center	Private Corp.	22,562,260	0.16	
10	Putnam Hospital Center	Health Care	 19,816,710	0.14	
	Total		\$ 1,388,483,198	9.94 %	
		2013	 _		
Rank	Тахрауег	Type of Business	 Taxable Assessed Valuation	Percent of Taxable Assessed Valuation	
1	City of New York	Government	\$ 550,721,056	5.15 %	
2	State of New York	Government	158,024,303	1.48	
3	NYS Electric & Gas Corporation	Public Utility	97,439,302	0.91	
4	Algonquin Gas	Public Utility	73,704,281	0.69	
5	Verizon	Public Utility	49,548,739	0.46	
6	Consolidated Edison	Public Utility	31,969,250	0.30	
7	Highland Center, LLC	Private Corp.	25,538,000	0.24	
8	Plaza, LLC (Lakeview Plaza)	Private Corp.	21,670,200	0.20	
9	Central Hudson	Public Utility	21,469,616	0.20	
10	Putnam Ridge Estate	Private Corp.	 20,000,000	0.19	
	Total		\$ 1,050,084,747	9.82	

Source: Putnam County Real Property

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	County Taxes Levied	Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy		Collections	Total Collections to Date		
Year	for the Fiscal Year (1)	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2013	\$ 134,431,543	\$ 128,261,135	95.41 %	\$ 5,956,812	\$	134,217,947	99.84 %
2014	137,606,543	131,015,190	95.21	5,322,859		136,338,049	99.08
2015	141,461,972	134,459,604	95.05	5,510,423		139,970,027	98.95
2016	141,120,725	134,230,717	95.12	4,425,710		138,656,427	98.25
2017	142,130,612	135,232,547	95.15	4,389,770		139,622,317	98.24
2018	145,037,281	138,975,993	95.82	4,627,716		143,603,709	99.01
2019	149,166,923	142,212,778	95.34	4,085,664		146,298,442	98.08
2020	151,924,021	144,400,715	95.05	3,324,840		147,725,555	97.24
2021	155,662,727	148,991,961	95.71	2,250,913		151,242,874	97.16
2022	158,772,926	151,954,200	95.71	*		151,954,200	95.71

⁽¹⁾ The total tax levy includes County taxes, as well as relevied school taxes and that portion of current school tax returned to the County for collection and enforcement in November of the previous year.

Source: Putnam County Finance Department

^{*} Data not available



Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County 's ability to issue additional debt in the future. These schedules include:

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Direct and Underlying Governmental Activities Debt

Legal Debt Margin Information

Ratios of Outstanding Debt By Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	_	Gov	ernmental Activitie	es	5	Business- type
Fiso Ye		General Obligation Bonds	Less Debt Service Funds Available	Net	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Activities Tobacco Securitization Bonds (2)
201	13 \$	66,790,833	\$ 430,823	\$ 66,360,010	0.49 %	\$ 20,016,893
20	14	66,715,014	522,020	66,192,994	0.51	19,993,540
20	15	63,629,516	437,144	63,192,372	0.48	20,141,437
20	16	63,525,194	226,176	63,299,018	0.48	19,246,192
20	17	63,231,512	167,987	63,063,525	0.47	19,433,722
20	18	60,420,802	158,467	60,262,335	0.44	19,559,794
20	19	55,240,764	325,566	54,915,198	0.39	22,520,423
202	20	55,636,295	233,470	55,402,825	0.38	22,320,423
202	21	53,182,147	187,919	52,994,228	0.34	22,020,423
202	22	47,330,926	165,662	47,165,264	0.31	21,620,424

- (1) Population and personal income data can be found in the schedule of demographic and economic statistics
- (2) The financial statements of the Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation have been reflected as a blended component unit of the County beginning in 2004 in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Technical Bulletin 2004-1.
- (3) Personal income and population divided by gross general obligations and tobacco securitization bonds.

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^{*}Data not available

		Gross								
_		Percentage of	Gross		I	Percentage of		Gross		
10	otal Primary	Personal		Per		Personal		Per		
Go۱	vernment, Net	Income (1)(3)	Capita (1)(3)		Income (1)(3)			Capita (1)(3)		
				· · · · · ·	_					
\$	86,376,903	1.59 %	\$	871.60		1.58 %	\$	867.27	,	
	86,186,534	1.53		873.62		1.52		868.36	;	
	83,333,809	1.44		843.91		1.43		839.51		
	82,545,210	1.40		836.92		1.40		834.63	,	
	82,497,247	1.31		832.29		1.31		830.60)	
	79,822,129	1.23		809.41		1.23		807.80)	
	77,435,621	1.14		790.90		1.14		787.59)	
	77,723,248	1.08		791.18		1.08		788.81		
	•									
	75,014,651	0.98		767.87		0.97		765.96	;	
	68,785,688	*		704.04		*		*		



Direct and Underlying Governmental Activities Debt As of December 31, 2022

UNDERLYING DEBT	Gross		Amount		
Municipality or	Long-Term		Applicable		
School District	Debt (1)	Exclusions (2)	To County (3)		
Towns: (as of December 31, 2022)					
Carmel	\$ 35,993,000	\$ 18,207,331	\$ 17,785,669		
Kent	*	*	ψ 11,100,000 -		
Patterson	*	*	_		
Philipstown	5,512,745	_	5,512,745		
Putnam Valley	1,675,000	_	1,675,000		
Southeast	9,710,000	2,463,174	7,246,826		
	, ,	, ,	, ,		
Villages: (as of May 31, 2022)					
Brewster	*	-	-		
Cold Spring	*	-	-		
Nelsonville	*	-	-		
Schools: (as of June 30, 2022)					
Brewster	40,850,000	4,894,618	35,955,382		
Carmel	35,889,900	3,028,488	32,861,412		
Garrison	11,275,054	942,255	10,332,799		
Haldane	7,102,598	481,624	6,620,974		
Mahopac	36,542,086	3,076,299	33,465,787		
Putnam Valley	3,884,911	-	3,884,911		
·					
Total Underlying Debt			155,341,505		
Direct Bonded Debt of the County			54,129,645		
Direct and Underlying Debt			\$ 209,471,150		

⁽¹⁾ Excludes proprietary funds.

⁽²⁾ Exclusions reflect the amount available for repayment in the Debt Service Fund. For School Districts, the State School building aid has also been excluded.

⁽³⁾ County percentage is 100% since all of the above municipalities and School Districts fall within the boundaries of the County.

^{*} Not Available at time of Audit

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013		2014		2015		2016	
Debt Limit	\$	1,027,867,561	\$	985,907,962	\$	954,312,902	\$	941,949,445
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit		59,902,458		59,542,148		54,911,767		55,063,068
Legal Debt Margin	\$	967,965,103	\$	926,365,814	\$	899,401,135	\$	886,886,377
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit		5.83%		6.04%		5.75%		5.85%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2022

Assessment Roll		State						
Year	Budget Year	Assessed Valuation	Special Equalization Ratio		Full Valuation			
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022	2018 2019 2020 2021 2022	\$ 12,511,996,857 12,869,725,712 13,141,185,350 13,577,806,988 13,972,251,311	91.48 9 91.67 91.39 89.19 90.57	% \$ 	13,677,303,079 14,039,190,261 14,379,237,717 15,223,463,379 15,427,019,224			
Total Five Year Full Valuation				\$	72,746,213,660			
Five Year Average Full Valuation of Taxa	ble Real Property			\$	14,549,242,732			
Debt Limit - 7% of Five Year Average Ful	l Valuation				1,018,446,991			
Outstanding County Debt: Serial Bonds Lease Purchase			45,158,000 6,798,719		51,956,719			
Less: Exclusion for Water and Sewer Districts Appropriations in 2022 Budget, Exclusiv of Water and Sewer Districts			7,054,304		7,054,304			
Net Indebtedness Subject to Debt Limit					44,902,415			
Net Debt Contracting Margin				\$	973,544,576			

⁽¹⁾ Full valuations are furnished by the State Comptroller based on finalized town assessment rolls at the time of determination. Full valuations presented differ from values in other tables due to timing differences for establishing final rolls in the County's six component towns.

(2) Excludes enterprise fund bonds.

2017	2018	2019	 2020	 2021	 2022
\$ 935,047,662	\$ 934,869,548	\$ 947,069,184	\$ 974,346,282	\$ 1,006,656,780	\$ 1,018,446,991
 54,537,478	 51,656,421	 46,207,778	 50,394,245	 48,078,679	 44,902,415
\$ 880,510,184	\$ 883,213,127	\$ 900,861,406	\$ 923,952,037	\$ 958,578,101	\$ 973,544,576
5.83%	5.53%	4.88%	5.17%	4.78%	4.41%



Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place. These schedules include:

Demographic Statistics

Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Population (1)	Personal Income (1)	Per Capita Income (1)	Annual Ave Unemployment Rate (2)
2013	99,596	5,467,134,000	54,893	6.1 %
2014	99,252	5,655,367,000	56,980	4.9 %
2015	99,265	5,822,347,000	58,655	4.3 %
2016	98,900	5,903,623,000	59,693	4.0 %
2017	99,323	6,303,935,000	63,469	4.2 %
2018	98,814	6,510,366,000	65,833	3.7 %
2019	98,320	6,819,961,000	69,365	3.5 %
2020	98,532	7,207,862,000	73,152	7.6 %
2021	97,936	7,712,854,000	78,754	5.3 %
2022	97,936 **	*	*	2.4 %

Sources:

- (1) U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis
- (2) New York State Department of Labor

^{*}Data not available

^{**} Estimate



Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs. These schedules include:

Construction Permit Data

Principal Employers

Full-Time Equivalent Town Government Employees by Function

Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Capital Asset Statistics by Function

Construction Permit Data Last Ten Fiscal Years

<u>Year</u>	Value of Residential Construction (1)	Number of Building Permits (1)
2013	\$ 14,419,500	52
2014	13,233,825	58
2015	11,562,070	50
2016	12,369,758	41
2017	12,859,223	36
2018	11,725,068	45
2019	14,263,050	36
2020	8,593,947	21
2021	17,376,576	52
2022	14,136,353	43

Sources:

(1) U.S Census Bureau



Principal Employers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2022		
		PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL	
<u>EMPLOYER</u>	EMPLOYEES	EMPLOYMENT	
Carmel Central School District	864	2.07 %	
Putnam County	851	2.04	
Mahopac Central School District	832	2.00	
Brewster Central School District	800	1.92	
Putnam Hospital Center	650	1.56	
Green Chimneys	525	1.26	
Ace Endico	502	1.20	
Putnam Precision Products, Inc.	377	0.90	
The ARC of Mid-Hudson	375	0.90	
Putnam Valley Central School District	343	0.82	
	6,119	14.68 %	
	2013		
<u>EMPLOYER</u>	EMPLOYEES	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	
Putnam Hospital Center	1,041	2.62 %	
Mahopac Central School District	773	1.95	
Carmel Central School District	712	1.79	
Putnam County	700	1.76	
Brewster Central School District	520	1.31	
Green Chimneys	502	1.26	
Putnam Associated Resource Center	375	0.94	
Putnam Valley Central School District	290	0.73	
Cerebral Palsy Assoc of Putnam & Southern Dutchess	264	0.66	
A&P	260	0.65	
	5,437	13.69 %	

Source: Putnam County Planning Department

Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Full-time Equivalent Employees as of December 31,				
Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	
General Government	155	156	141	153	
Education	1	1	1	1	
Public Safety	198	200	195	196	
Health	56	52	54	54	
Transportation	33	35	34	38	
Economic Opportunity and Development	158	156	143	157	
Culture and Recreation	20	21	11	14	
Home and Community Services	7	8	7	7	
Total	628	629	586	620	

Source: Putnam County Finance Department

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
144	152	165	155	153	152
1	1	1	1	1	1
203	206	215	207	204	203
49	50	48	47	49	50
36	37	38	35	39	38
153	156	168	159	161	163
13	17	20	22	20	21
7	8	8	9	8	6
606	627	663	635	635	634

Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Function:				
General Government:				
Motor Vehicles Number of drivers' licenses issued	10,660	11,458	11,521	11,861
County Clerk	0.505	0.004	0.004	0.000
Number of mortgages recorded Number of foreclosures initiated	3,595 551	2,391 477	2,601 410	2,808 303
Finance				
Number of certificates of residence issued	2,106	1,666	1,488	1,786
Highway: Number of permits issued	25	26	24	16
Public Safety: Emergency Services				
Number of calls at 911 center	42,795	33,060	34,625	35,173
Corrections Total Inmate admissions	746	720	662	680
Probation				
Average Monthly # Criminal Court Supervision Cases	600	600	575	517
Health:	5 G57	5 041	4 500	4 275
Number of Vaccines (Immunization & flu) Number of Vaccines (COVID-19)	5,657	5,041	4,522	4,375
Culture and Recreation: Number of rounds of golf played	30,088	30,221	32,428	32,917
Home and Community Services: Transportation				
Ridership on public buses	160,464	144,151	134,381	143,681
Economic Assistance and Opportunity OSR				
Meals Homebound	30,247	32,240	33,928	33,298
Senior Centers	59,440	52,787	52,943	53,078

^{*}For 2020 - the Senior Centers were closed most of the year . This figure includes Grab & Go and Congregate meals.

Source: Various County Departments

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
21,250	30,190	35,000	23,874	21,089	17,992
2,655 276	2,414 244	2,946 233	3,425 75	4,780 43	3,084 111
1,816	1,720	1,604	1,335	1,149	1,062
22	13	13	25	25	15
36,688	36,599	35,781	33,942	32,116	31,199
628	608	435	226	330	320
453	431	406	373	314	335
4,153	4,635	4,063	2,460	2,656 24,624	2,614 2,225
30,515	26,815	26,297	35,752	35,188	32,141
132,931	120,711	121,212	58,246	80,515	88,246
34,608 56,747	36,589 52,034	31,843 49,174	55,099 * 23,432	53,415 22,371	38,376 26,973

Capital Asset Statistics By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2013	2014	2015	2016
Function				
General Government - Buildings	8	8	8	9
Public Safety - Buildings	3	4	4	4
Health - Buildings	3	3	3	3
Transportation - Buildings	5	5	5	5
Culture and Recreation -				
Parks acreage	2,698	2,698	2,698	2,698
Buildings	8	8	8	8
Economic Opportunity - Buildings	5	5	5	6
Home & Community Services - Buildings	1	1	1	1

Source - Various County departments

2017	7 20	18 20	119 20	0202	021 2	2022
		5. 1			_	
9		9	9	9	8	8
5		5	6	6	6	6
3		3	3	3	3	3
5		5	5	5	5	5
2	2,698	2,698	2,698	2,698	2,698	2,698
8		8	8	8	8	8
6		6	6	6	6	6
1		1	1	1	1	1



FEDERAL AWARDS



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Legislature of the County of Putnam, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Putnam, New York ("County") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 9, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the management of the County in a separate letter.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York August 9, 2023



Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Legislature of the County of Putnam, New York

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Putnam, New York's ("County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States ("Government Auditing Standards"); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error; as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Non-compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on
 a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York August 9, 2023



	Federal Assistance	Pass-Through Entity	Provided	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ <u>Program or Cluster Title</u>	Listing	Identifying	to Sub-	Program
U.S. Department of Agriculture SNAP Cluster:	Number	Number	Recipients	Expenditure
Indirect Program - Passed Through NYS Department of Temporary and Disability Assistance State Admin Matching Grants for Supplemental Nutrition				
Assistance Program	10.561		\$ -	\$ 641,133
State Admin Matching Grants for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561ARPA	ARPA	_	25,000
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture/SNAP Cluster	70.00 77 11 11 71	,,		
U.S. Department of Justice				
Indirect Programs - Passed through NYS Office of Victim Services		OVS01-VOCA-2019- 00035(2) C11044GG-		
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	1080200	-	303,593
Violence Against Women Formula Grants Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.588 16.607	2021BUBX21028307	-	28,937 15,391
Improving the Investigation and Prosecution of Child Abuse and the Regional and Local Children's Advocacy Centers	16.758			8,034
Total U.S. Department of Justice				355,955
U.S. Department of Labor Indirect Programs - Passed through Westchester County WIOA Cluster				
WIOA Adult Programs WIOA Dislocated Worker	17.258 17.278			124,843 99,529
Subtotal WIOA Cluster				224,372
Total U.S. Department of Labor				224,372
U.S. Department of Transportation Direct Programs Transit Services Programs Cluster:				
New Freedom Program	20.521	PIN 8823.44 NY-57- X030	-	17,672
Indirect Programs - Passed through NYS Department of Transportation				
Enhanced Mobility of Senior and Individuals with Disabilities	20.513	C035796 / C003982		50,854
Subtotal Federal Transit Services Programs Cluster				68,526
Direct Programs				
Federal Transit Cluster				
		PIN 8TRM.61: NY-2022- 035-02 / PIN 8762.43: NY-2020-085-06, NY- 2020-085-04 / PIN 8756.84: NY-2019-059- 02 SCOPE 129, NY- 2020-085-03 SCOPE 129 / PIN 8759.05: NY- 90-X636 / PIN 8759.06: NY-2021-035-01 SCOPE 129 / PIN 8761.05: NY-2019-059- 02 SCOPE 129, NY-		
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	2019-059-02, NY-2020- 085-03 SCOPE 119; NY- 57-X030 / PIN 8TRMO.66:NY-2017- 036 SCOPE 111	-	1,137,127
		NY-90-X918 CARES NY- 2020-047-01-00,		
COVID-19 Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	CARES SECTION 5307		814,158
Subtotal Federal Transit Cluster				1,951,285

Federal Grantor Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Sub- Recipients	Federal Program Expenditure
U.S. Department of Transportation (Continued)	Number	Number	Recipients	Experiulture
Indirect Programs - Passed through Department of Motor Vehicles Highway Safety Cluster				
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	PTS-2022 PCSO-00105- (040) / HS1-2022 PC YTH BUREAU-00150- (040)/HS1-2023-PC YTH BUREAU-00232- (40)	\$ -	\$ 58,602
		(13)	Ť	* 33,332
Indirect Programs - Passed through NYS Stop DWI Foundation Inc.		HS1-2022-NYS STOP DWI FOUND-00156- (088)/HS1-2023-NYS STOP DWI FOUND- 00203-(088)/CPS-2022-		
National Priority Safety Program	20.616	PCSO-00180-40	12,913	23,504
Subtotal Highway Safety Cluster			12,913	82,106
Indirect Programs - Passed through Governor's Traffic Safety Committee Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants	20.601			6,532
Indirect Programs - Passed through NYS Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Cluster:				
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster Total	20.205	PIN 8824.13.421 C040392; PIN 8757.48.221 AND 8757.48.321 D035017; PIN 8780.53.322 AND 8780.53.321 D036370; PIN 8761.97.221 AND 8761.97.121 D035941; PIN 8765.121 AND 875765.221 D036499; PIN 8762.13.121 AND 8762.13.221 D040008; PIN 8766.04.321 D040391; PIN 8756.9.221 D035980		5,003,246
righway Flaming and Constitution Cluster Total	20.203	PIN 8797.38.404 FED		5,005,240
Formula Grants for Rural Areas	20.509	GR #NY-18-X036	-	96,000
Metropolitan Transportation Planning	20.505	NYMTC UPWP C033470 / C040367		836,685
Indirect Program - Passed through NYS Department of Homeland Security				5,935,931
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			12,913	8,044,380
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Indirect Program - Passed through NYS Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Management				
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance - (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	4567 PA#079-9979-00 PW 484; 4615 DRNY 000AMD #409 PW405vo; 4020 DRNY PW#8797 v2,v3		565,477 (Continued)

Federal Grantor Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Sub- Recipients	Federal Program Expenditure
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Number	Number	Recipients	Experiulture
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
COVID 10 Discrete Creat Dublic Assistance Describentially Declared Discretes	07.026	PA-02-NY-4480-PW- 00912; PA-02-NY-4480-	r.	ф 160.777
COVID-19 Disaster Grant - Public Assistance - Presidentially Declared Disasters	97.036	PW-01439(1461)	\$ -	\$ 169,777
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	WM21836315 T836305		41,401
		WM19836398 T836398 / WM20972700 C972700 / WM18972780 C972780 /WM19972790 C972790/WM21836310		
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	C836310		278,495
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				1,055,150
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Indirect Program - Passed through the NYS Department of Health	04.404	0.0040000		50 500
Special Education - Grants for Infants & Families	84.181	C-36426GG		56,523
Indirect Programs - Passed through NYS Office of Aging Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part D-Disease Prevention & Health Promotion Services	93.043		_	3,175
Aging Cluster Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part B-Grants for Supportive				
Services & Senior Centers Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part C - Nutrition Services	93.044 93.045		-	73,947 162,074
Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.053			58,305
Subtotal Aging Cluster				294,326
National Family Caregiver Support, Title III, Part E	93.052			41,008
Elders Abuse Prevention Interventions Program-ARPA Elders Abuse Prevention Interventions Program-COVID	93.747A 93.747C			1,729 8,088
Evidence-Based Falls Prevention Programs Financed Solely by Prevention		90FPSG 41-01-00 -		9,817
and Public Health Funds (PPHF)	93.761	ACL 7620-10166		49,170
Medicare Enrollment Assistance Program	93.071			16,097
			-	413,593
Indirect Programs - Passed through NYS Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance				
Guardianship Assistance Guardianship Assistance Guardianship Assistance-CARES	93.090 93.090C			5,627 644
				6,271
Promoting Safe and Stable Families Promoting Safe and Stable Families-CARES	93.556 93.556C			66,757 15,280
				82,037
Child Support Enforcement	93.563			439,947
Low Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568			39,811
Low Income Home Energy Assistance-ARPA HEAP Benefits issued through OSC	93.568A 93.568			66,499 1,078,475
Subtotal HEAP				1,184,785
			-	-

(Continued)

Federal Grantor Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Sub- Recipients	Federal Program Expenditure
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (Continued)				
477 Cluster Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	21-OCFS-LCM24 / 22- LCM-08(OTDA)	\$ 93,292	\$ 1,621,696
Child Care and Development Block Grant Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds of the Child Care & Development Fund	93.575 93.596	MOU #2303 Cnty Contract 2022073	76,003	324,711 133,244
Subtotal 477 Cluster			169,295	2,079,651
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services	93.645			24,616
Foster Care Title IV E	93.658			360,419
Adoption Assistance-CARES Adoption Assistance	93.659C 93.659			7,625 77,004
				84,629
Social Services Block Grant - Title XX	93.667			429,365
John H. Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674			2,335
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration Indirect Programs - Passed through NYS Office of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse:			169,295	4,694,055
Indirect Programs - Passed through NYS Department of Health				
Public Health Emergency Preparedness Immunization Cooperative Agreements COVID-19 Immunization Cooperative Agreements Child Health Plus Medical Assistance Program	93.069 93.268 93.268C 93.767 93.778	HRI C# 1592-16 / HRI C# 1592-17 C-32536GG C36951GG	- - -	168,575 12,201 9,540 78,336 1,217,617
Block Grants for Community Mental Health Services (COVID) Maternal and Child Health Services BG to the States	93.958 93.994	Proj ID#21B1NYCMHSC5 C37008GG		23,710 12,935
COVID-19 Public Health Emergency Response: Cooperative Agreement for Emergency Response: Public Health Crisis Response (CARES ACT)	93.354	HRI ACCT 15-2000-07, HRI ACCT 15-2020-01	-	200,741
COVID-19 Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC)		HRI GRANT #15- 1043.06 PC CONTRACT #HRI-C- 6440-01 / HRI 15-2001- 07 PC CONTR# HRI		
(CARES ACT)	93.323	6915-01		552,487
				2,276,142
Indirect Programs - Passed through NYS Office of the Secretary of Health and Human Services				
Medical Reserve Corp Small Grant Program	93.008	MRC 14-0222		4,977
Indirect Programs - Passed through NYS Office for Aging Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) Research, Demonstrations and Evaluations	93.779			33,637
Total U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Services			169,295	7,422,404
U.S. Department of the Treasury		PIN 8757.48; PIN 8756.04; PIN 8756.09; PO 22002352; Hwy Infrastructure; Hwy Equipment; Tyler		
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Licensing		1,706,613
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 182,208	\$ 19,531,530

See independent auditors' report and Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards ("Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the County of Putnam, New York ("County") under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the County.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3 - Indirect Cost Rate

The County has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimus indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended December 31, 2022

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditors issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP	Unmodified
 Internal control over financial reporting Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? 	YesX_No YesX_None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Federal Awards	
 Internal control over major federal programs Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? 	YesX_No YesX_None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	YesXNo
Identification of major federal programs	

Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
21.027	Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds
20.205	Highway Planning and Construction Cluster – Metropolitan Transportation Planning
97.036	Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)
93.558	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families
10.561	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2022

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

\$ 750,000 Yes X No

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended December 31, 2022

None